

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 33.697, 167.374)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 33.697, 167.374)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 33.573, 167.601)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0F6D6
RGB	160, 246, 214
RGB Percent	63%, 96%, 84%
CMY	0.3713, 0.0340, 0.1596
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.13, 0.03
HSL	158°, 83%, 80%
HSV	158°, 35%, 97%
XYZ	59.7900, 78.4833, 75.8238
YIQ	216.6380, -40.9840, -28.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

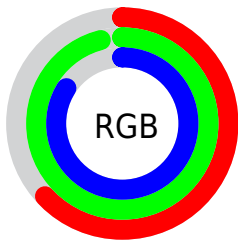
Format	Color
RYB	160, 213, 246
Decimal	10548950
CIELab	91.00, -32.79, 7.21
CIELCh	91, 33.573, 167.601
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2793, 0.3666
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288739030 (0xFFA0F6D6)
YUV	216.6380, -1.3005, -49.6715
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -34.5642, 11.2680

Details

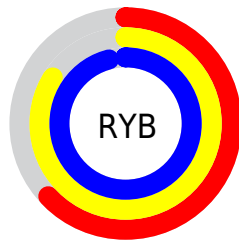
The CIELCh color **91, 33.573, 167.601** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **75, 36.317, 355.046**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 12.771, 198.653**, and **71, 33.457, 167.450** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 42.344, 166.328**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 24.295, 168.747**.

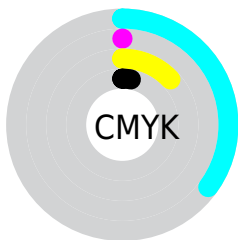
Distribution



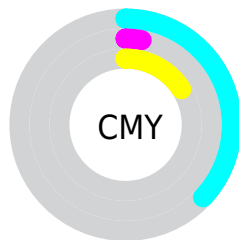
- Red (63%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (3%)





- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (16%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 33.573, 167.601 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 33.573, 167.601 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 91, 33.573,
167.601


 91, 33.573,
167.601


 100, 33.573,
167.601


 81, 33.573,
167.601

 71, 33.573,
167.601

 61, 33.573,
167.601

 51, 33.573,
167.601

 41, 33.573,
167.601

 31, 33.573,
167.601

 21, 33.573,

167.601

■ 11, 33.573,
167.601

■ 1, 33.573, 167.601

■ 91, 33.573,
167.601

■ 91, 33.573,
167.601

■ 90, 42.344,
166.328

■ 92, 24.295,
168.747

■ 89, 50.436,
164.908

■ 94, 14.672,
169.799

■ 88, 57.699,
163.313

■ 96, 4.854, 170.823

■ 87, 64.025,
161.518

■ 98, 3.891, 341.856

■ 98, 5.401, 324.573

■ 87, 69.372,
159.510

■ 86, 73.795,
157.296

■ 86, 75.802,
156.138

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



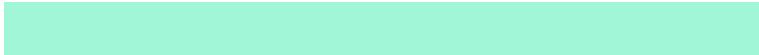
91, 33.573, 167.601



75, 36.317, 355.046

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 33.573, 167.601



91, 33.573, 217.601



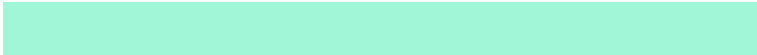
91, 33.573, 347.601



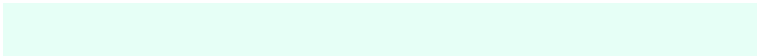
91, 33.573, 37.601

Sweetspot

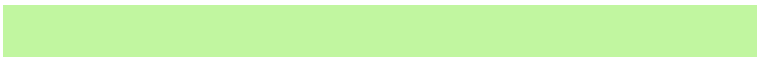
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 33.574, 167.600



98, 10.140, 170.292



92, 48.054, 131.400



52, 6.914, 170.151



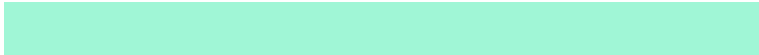
0, 0.000, 0.000



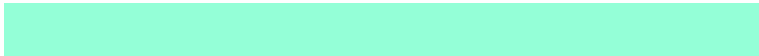
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 33.574, 167.600



93, 40.974, 166.704



89, 24.241, 210.483



50, 5.576, 170.346



67, 60.954, 156.569



21, 25.521, 160.065

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 36.317, 355.046



74, 45.019, 356.150



77, 31.337, 31.668



48, 5.696, 351.986



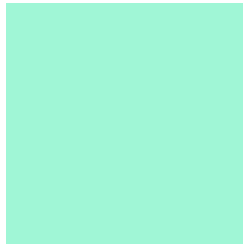
39, 67.367, 14.388



9, 29.621, 6.170

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 33.573, 167.601 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

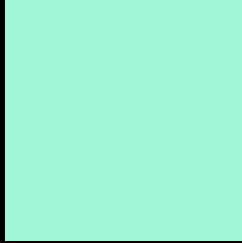
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 33.573, 167.601 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

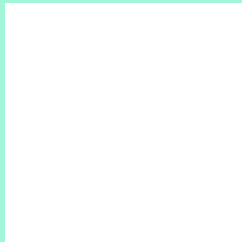
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 33.573, 167.601

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 33.573, 167.601.

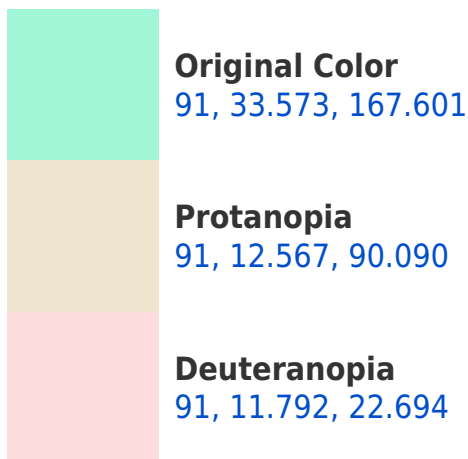


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 33.573, 167.601.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



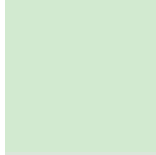


Tritanopia
91, 20.196, 224.419

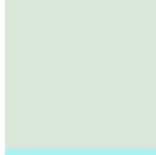
Trichromacy



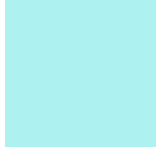
Original Color
91, 33.573, 167.601



Protanomaly
90, 16.092, 141.774



Deuteranomaly
90, 7.403, 141.949



Tritanomaly
91, 22.160, 196.636

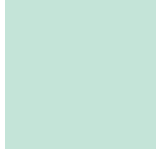
Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 33.573, 167.601



Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
88, 12.996, 169.717

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 33.573, 167.601 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 246, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 246, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 246, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 246, 214) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 33.573, 167.601 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 246, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 246, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 246, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 246, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 246, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 246,  
214) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 33.573, 167.601 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 246, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
246, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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