

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 37.301, 120.566)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 37.301, 120.566)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 37.180, 120.455)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 37.180, 120.455)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8EEA7
RGB	216, 238, 167
RGB Percent	85%, 93%, 65%
CMY	0.1532, 0.0669, 0.3454
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.30, 0.07
HSL	79°, 68%, 79%
HSV	79°, 30%, 93%
XYZ	65.8205, 78.4833, 48.2063
YIQ	223.3280, 9.6790, -26.7450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

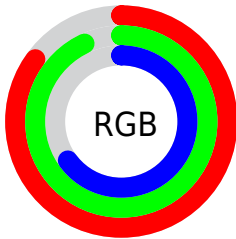
Format	Color
RYB	167, 238, 189
Decimal	14216871
CIELab	91.00, -18.85, 32.05
CIElCh	91, 37.180, 120.455
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3419, 0.4077
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292406951 (0xFFD8EEA7)
YUV	223.3280, -27.7697, -6.4267
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -22.4134, 29.7512

Details

The CIELCh color **91, 37.180, 120.455** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **73, 39.462, 304.180**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 16.187, 108.954**, and **71, 37.357, 120.616** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 49.257, 119.896**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 24.826, 121.041**.

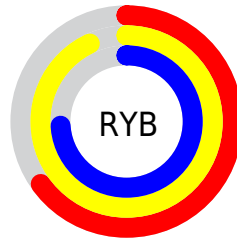
Distribution



Red (85%)

Green (93%)

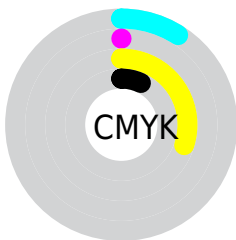
Blue (65%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (74%)

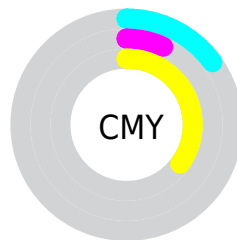


Cyan (9%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (15%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 37.180, 120.455 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 37.180, 120.455 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 37.180,
120.455

■ 91, 37.180,
120.455

■ 100, 37.180,
120.455

■ 81, 37.180,
120.455

■ 71, 37.180,
120.455

■ 61, 37.180,
120.455

■ 51, 37.180,
120.455

■ 41, 37.180,
120.455

■ 31, 37.180,
120.455

■ 21, 37.180,

120.455

■ 11, 37.180,
120.455

■ 1, 37.180, 120.455

■ 91, 37.180,
120.455

■ 91, 37.180,
120.455

■ 90, 49.257,
119.896

■ 92, 24.826,
121.041

■ 89, 60.841,
119.398

■ 93, 12.329,
121.625

■ 89, 71.621,
119.020

■ 94, 0.212, 301.903

■ 88, 81.152,
118.849

■ 95, 9.188, 307.218

■ 96, 10.230,
321.186

■ 87, 88.878,
118.994

■ 96, 10.643,
324.783

■ 87, 94.280,
119.567

■ 87, 97.394,
120.574

■ 87, 97.438,
120.591

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 37.180, 120.455



73, 39.462, 304.180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 37.180, 120.455



91, 37.180, 170.455



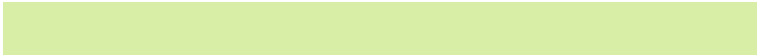
91, 37.180, 300.455



91, 37.180, 350.455

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 37.182, 120.457



99, 11.928, 121.672



80, 23.030, 49.771



53, 8.289, 121.587



0, 0.000, 0.000



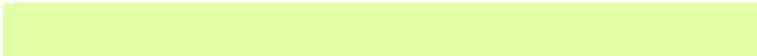
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

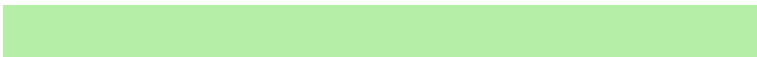
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 37.182, 120.457



96, 47.240, 120.099



89, 42.274, 137.226



50, 7.162, 121.646



68, 80.103, 120.349



21, 33.291, 119.377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 39.462, 304.180



73, 50.879, 304.697



76, 42.853, 320.140



46, 7.297, 302.727



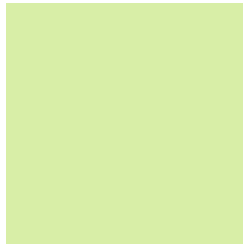
25, 101.283, 308.462



4, 38.824, 306.273

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 37.180, 120.455 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

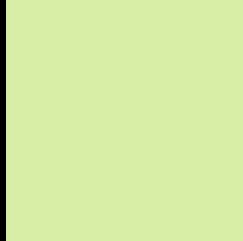
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 37.180, 120.455 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

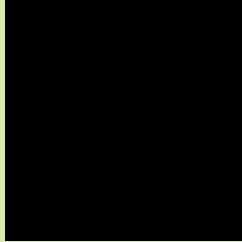
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

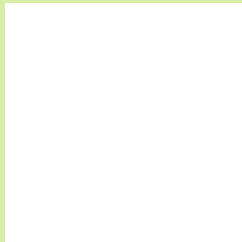
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 37.180, 120.455

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 37.180, 120.455.

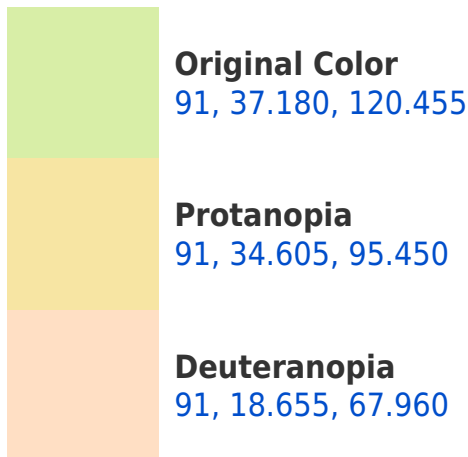



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 37.180, 120.455.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

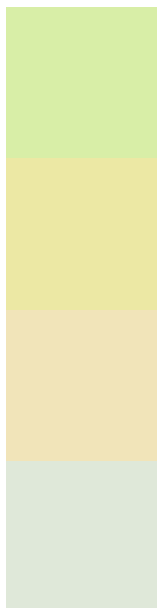
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 9.342, 288.820

Trichromacy



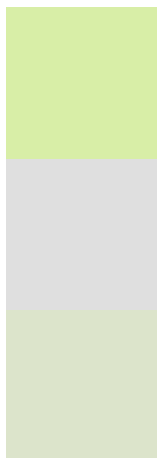
Original Color
91, 37.180, 120.455

Protanomaly
91, 34.787, 104.736

Deuteranomaly
91, 22.724, 95.615

Tritanomaly
91, 8.432, 132.233

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 37.180, 120.455

Achromatopsia
89, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 13.293, 121.948

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 37.180, 120.455 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 238, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 238, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 238, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 238, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 37.180, 120.455 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 238, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 238, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 238, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 238, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 238, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 238,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 37.180, 120.455 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 238, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
238, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor