

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(91, 4.523, 206.376)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(91, 4.523, 206.376) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(91, 4.571, 205.754)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DBE8E9
RGB	219, 232, 233
RGB Percent	86%, 91%, 91%
CMY	0.1420, 0.0911, 0.0871
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	184°, 24%, 89%
HSV	184°, 6%, 91%
XYZ	72.6162, 78.4833, 88.2448
YIQ	228.2270, -8.0690, -2.4450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

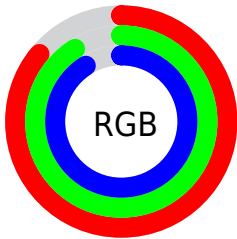
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	219, 226, 233
Decimal	14412009
CIE Lab	91.00, -4.12, -1.99
CIE LCh	91, 4.571, 205.754
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3034, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292602089 (0xFFDBE8E9)
YUV	228.2270, 2.3531, -8.0921
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -8.7209, 2.9551

# Details

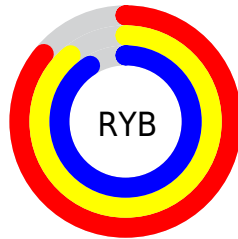
The CIELCh color  $91, 4.571, 205.754$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $89, 4.751, 25.862$ , and the grayscale version is  $91, 0.011, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $71, 4.432, 206.243$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $89, 11.845, 205.398$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $93, 3.099, 25.704$ .

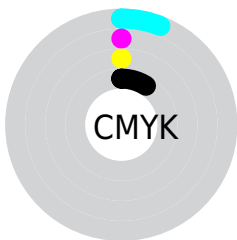
# Distribution



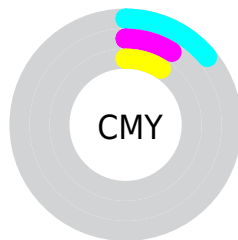
- Red (86%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 4.571, 205.754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 4.571, 205.754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91, 4.571, 205.754

91, 4.571, 205.754

100, 4.571,  
205.754

81, 4.571, 205.754

71, 4.571, 205.754

61, 4.571, 205.754

51, 4.571, 205.754

41, 4.571, 205.754

31, 4.571, 205.754

21, 4.571, 205.754

11, 4.571, 205.754

1, 4.571, 205.754

91, 4.571, 205.754

91, 4.571, 205.754

89, 11.845,  
205.398

93, 3.099, 25.704

87, 18.603,  
205.215

95, 7.283, 29.160

86, 24.721,  
205.147

95, 6.890, 36.876

84, 30.072,  
205.209

96, 6.540, 54.263

83, 34.541,  
205.423

96, 6.604, 63.218

82, 38.041,  
205.815

97, 6.825, 71.782

81, 40.527,  
206.410

97, 7.189, 79.634

80, 42.019,  
207.234

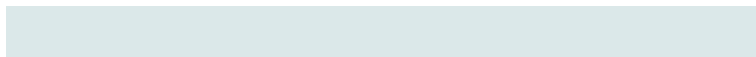
97, 7.673, 86.601

■ 79, 42.612,  
208.300

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 4.571, 205.754



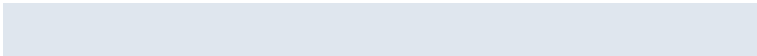
89, 4.751, 25.862

# Rectangle

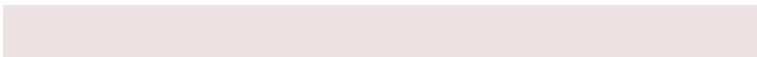
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



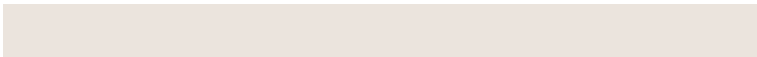
91, 4.571, 205.754



91, 4.571, 255.754



91, 4.571, 25.754



91, 4.571, 75.754

# Sweetspot

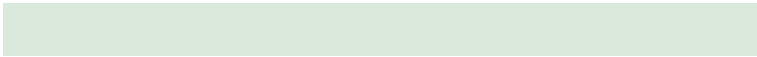
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 4.572, 205.729



100, 1.653, 206.115



91, 8.463, 145.967



53, 0.940, 206.139



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

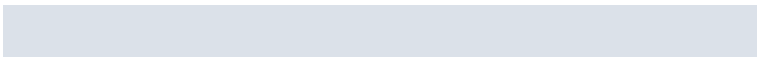
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 4.572, 205.729



98, 5.716, 205.681



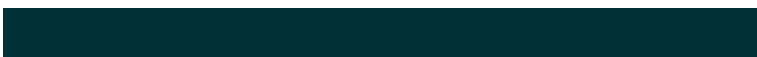
89, 4.614, 263.138



48, 3.463, 205.658



63, 35.421, 208.551



18, 15.337, 206.618



# Inverse Universe

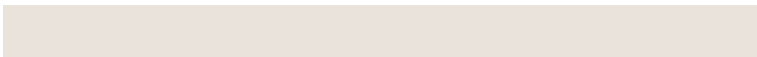
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 8.457, 326.721



96, 10.606, 326.785



90, 4.639, 81.443



47, 6.438, 326.818



42, 84.518, 331.279

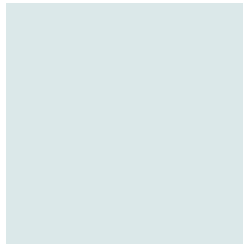


9, 36.489, 330.803



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 4.571, 205.754 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

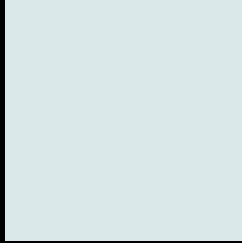
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 4.571, 205.754 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

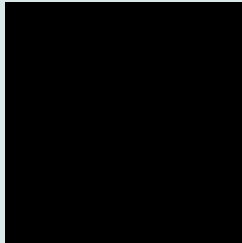
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

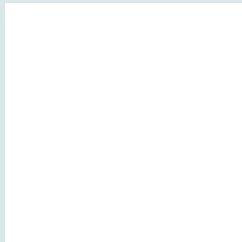
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 91, 4.571, 205.754**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 4.571, 205.754.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 4.571, 205.754.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

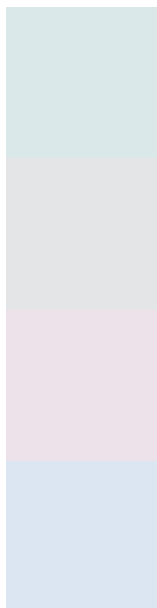






**Tritanopia**  
91, 10.173, 275.419

# Trichromacy



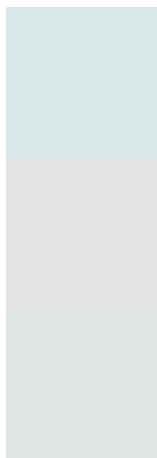
**Original Color**  
91, 4.571, 205.754

**Protanomaly**  
91, 1.254, 255.956

**Deuteranomaly**  
91, 5.737, 333.449

**Tritanomaly**  
91, 7.054, 261.446

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 4.571, 205.754

**Achromatopsia**  
91, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
91, 1.503, 219.928

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 4.571, 205.754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 232, 233)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 232, 233)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 232, 233) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 232, 233) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 4.571, 205.754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 232, 233) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 232, 233) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 232, 233)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 232, 233); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 232, 233); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 232, 233) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 4.571, 205.754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 232, 233) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
232, 233) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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