

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 43.329, 196.760)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 43.329, 196.760)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 43.341, 196.754)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	58FCFC
RGB	88, 252, 252
RGB Percent	35%, 99%, 99%
CMY	0.6565, 0.0130, 0.0130
CMYK	0.65, 0.00, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	180°, 96%, 67%
HSV	180°, 65%, 99%
XYZ	56.2164, 78.4833, 104.0190
YIQ	202.9640, -97.7440, -34.7680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

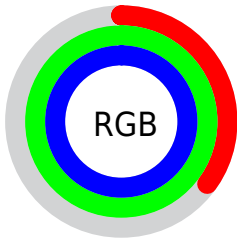
Format	Color
RYB	88, 170, 252
Decimal	5831932
CIELab	91.00, -41.50, -12.49
CIELCh	91, 43.341, 196.754
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2355, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284022012 (0xFF58FCFC)
YUV	202.9640, 24.1747, -100.8234
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -41.7646, -7.6018

Details

The CIELCh color **91, 43.341, 196.754** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **60, 71.346, 29.169**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 30.407, 197.545**, and **72, 40.954, 196.386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 46.396, 196.574**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 39.177, 196.999**.

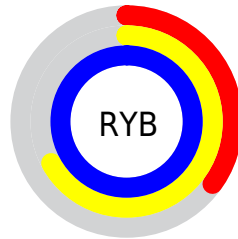
Distribution



Red (35%)

Green (99%)

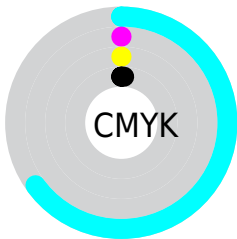
Blue (99%)



Red (35%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (99%)

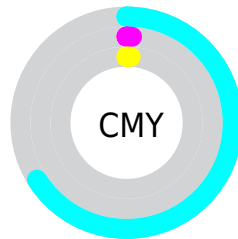


Cyan (65%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (66%)


Magenta (1%)


Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 43.341, 196.754 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 43.341, 196.754 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 91, 43.341,
196.754


 91, 43.341,
196.754


 100, 43.341,
196.754


 81, 43.341,
196.754

 71, 43.341,
196.754

 61, 43.341,
196.754

 51, 43.341,
196.754

 41, 43.341,
196.754

 31, 43.341,
196.754

 21, 43.341,

196.754

■ 11, 43.341,
196.754

■ 1, 43.341, 196.754

■ 91, 43.341,
196.754

■ 91, 43.341,
196.754

■ 91, 46.396,
196.574

■ 92, 39.177,
196.999

■ 90, 48.371,
196.459

■ 92, 33.944,
197.313

■ 90, 49.371,
196.402

■ 94, 27.730,
197.692

■ 90, 49.620,
196.387

■ 95, 20.660,
198.134

96, 12.875,
198.638

98, 4.519, 199.262

99, 1.164, 18.919

99, 1.164, 18.923

99, 1.164, 18.927

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 43.341, 196.754



60, 71.346, 29.169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 43.341, 196.754



91, 43.341, 246.754



91, 43.341, 16.754



91, 43.341, 66.754

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 43.341, 196.753



97, 16.872, 198.387



88, 96.624, 138.560



51, 11.403, 198.247



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 43.341, 196.753



91, 47.537, 196.535



68, 48.134, 270.010



51, 4.864, 198.965



69, 39.963, 196.387



23, 18.081, 196.387

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 95.212, 327.646



63, 107.381, 327.988



76, 58.119, 67.055



49, 8.908, 324.946



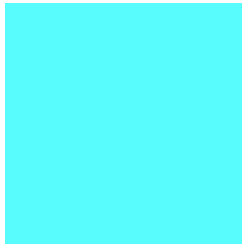
45, 92.156, 328.233



12, 41.695, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 43.341, 196.754 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

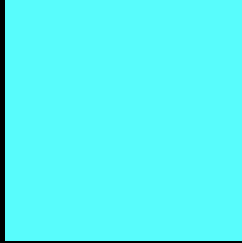
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 43.341, 196.754 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 43.341, 196.754

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 43.341, 196.754.

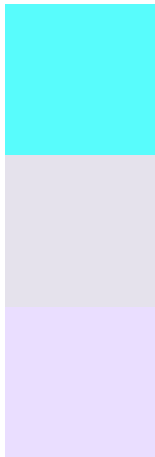


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 43.341, 196.754.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 43.341, 196.754

Protanopia

90, 5.322, 302.036

Deuteranopia

90, 17.715, 304.880



Tritanopia
91, 25.741, 214.448

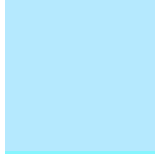
Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 43.341, 196.754



Protanomaly
90, 18.844, 209.465



Deuteranomaly
90, 19.552, 232.705

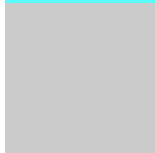


Tritanomaly
91, 32.764, 205.694

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 43.341, 196.754



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 19.904, 198.051

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 43.341, 196.754 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(88, 252, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(88, 252, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(88, 252, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(88, 252, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 43.341, 196.754 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(88, 252, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(88, 252, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(88, 252, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(88, 252, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 252, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(88, 252,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 43.341, 196.754 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(88, 252, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(88, 252,  
252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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