

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 47.442, 148.031)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 47.442, 148.031)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 47.405, 148.224)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIElCh(91, 47.405, 148.224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1F9B4
RGB	161, 249, 180
RGB Percent	63%, 98%, 71%
CMY	0.3693, 0.0242, 0.2948
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.28, 0.02
HSL	133°, 88%, 80%
HSV	133°, 35%, 98%
XYZ	56.7006, 78.4833, 55.2471
YIQ	214.8220, -30.2990, -40.1150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

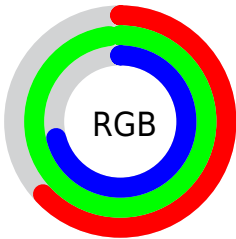
Format	Color
RYB	161, 233, 249
Decimal	10615220
CIELab	91.00, -40.30, 24.96
CIElCh	91, 47.405, 148.224
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2977, 0.4121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288805300 (0xFFA1F9B4)
YUV	214.8220, -17.1672, -47.2019
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -40.7889, 25.0390

Details

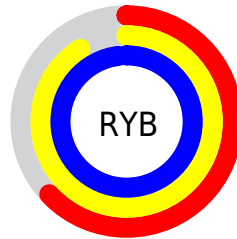
The CIELCh color **91, 47.405, 148.224** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **77, 47.628, 333.456**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 16.243, 161.715**, and **71, 47.260, 148.217** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 60.258, 147.096**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 34.119, 149.199**.

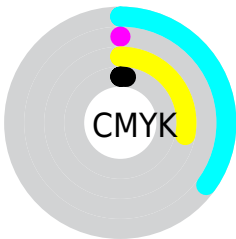
Distribution



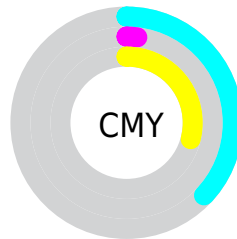
- Red (63%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (2%)




- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 47.405, 148.224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 47.405, 148.224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 47.405,
148.224


 91, 47.405,
148.224


 100, 47.405,
148.224


 81, 47.405,
148.224

 71, 47.405,
148.224

 61, 47.405,
148.224


 51, 47.405,
148.224

 41, 47.405,
148.224


 31, 47.405,
148.224

 21, 47.405,


148.224


 11, 47.405,
148.224


 1, 47.405, 148.224


 91, 47.405,
148.224


 91, 47.405,
148.224

 90, 60.258,
147.096


 93, 34.119,
149.199

 88, 72.394,
145.801

 95, 20.638,
150.043

 87, 83.516,
144.338

 97, 7.164, 150.798

 87, 93.333,
142.725

 98, 3.848, 324.495

■ 86, 101.585,
141.017

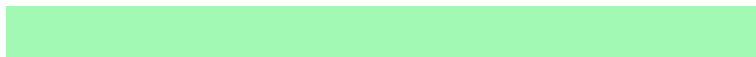
■ 86, 108.070,
139.312

■ 86, 110.496,
138.595

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



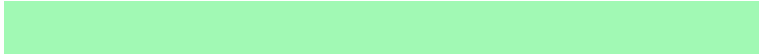
91, 47.405, 148.224



77, 47.628, 333.456

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 47.405, 148.224



91, 47.405, 198.224



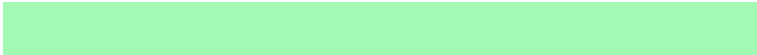
91, 47.405, 328.224



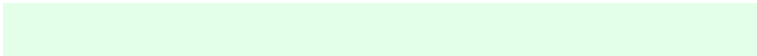
91, 47.405, 18.224

Sweetspot

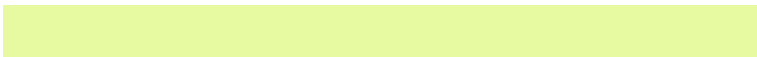
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 47.407, 148.224



98, 15.041, 150.377



95, 44.741, 115.556



52, 10.114, 150.275



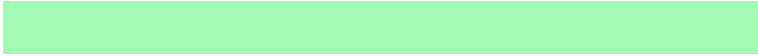
0, 0.000, 0.000



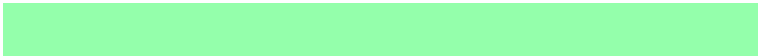
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 47.407, 148.224



92, 57.120, 147.488



92, 32.417, 172.350



51, 7.639, 150.491



67, 89.145, 138.888



22, 37.887, 141.573

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77, 47.628, 333.456



75, 57.288, 333.945



76, 36.063, 0.116



49, 7.666, 331.668



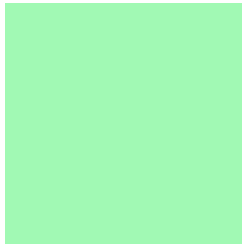
43, 77.974, 339.165



11, 35.997, 337.497

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 47.405, 148.224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 47.405, 148.224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

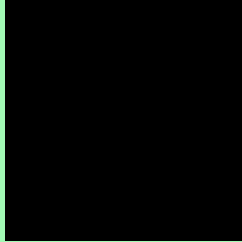
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 47.405, 148.224

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 47.405, 148.224.

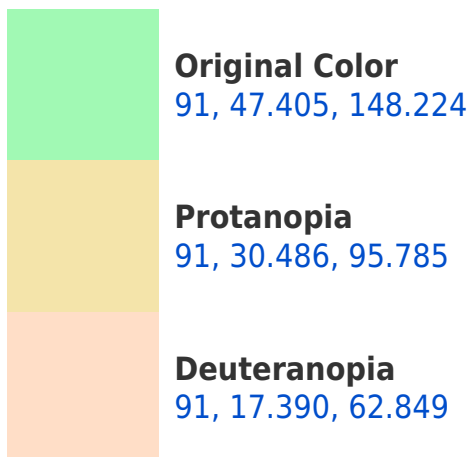


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 47.405, 148.224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



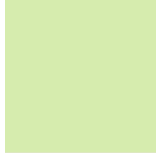


Tritanopia
91, 19.417, 225.587

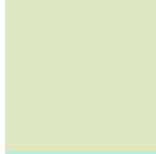
Trichromacy



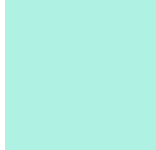
Original Color
91, 47.405, 148.224



Protanomaly
90, 32.853, 122.432

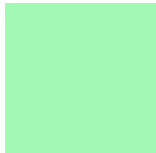


Deuteranomaly
90, 21.032, 119.822

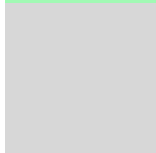


Tritanomaly
91, 23.738, 179.975

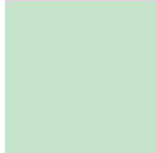
Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 47.405, 148.224



Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
87, 17.531, 150.246

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 47.405, 148.224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 249, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 249, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 249, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 249, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 47.405, 148.224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 249, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 249, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 249, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 249, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 249, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 249,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 47.405, 148.224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 249, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
249, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor