

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 48.125, 196.481)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 48.125, 196.481)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 48.173, 196.489)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 48.173, 196.489)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2EFEFE
RGB	46, 254, 254
RGB Percent	18%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.8212, 0.0046, 0.0046
CMYK	0.82, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 99%, 59%
HSV	180°, 82%, 100%
XYZ	54.3526, 78.4833, 105.8986
YIQ	191.8080, -123.9680, -44.0960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

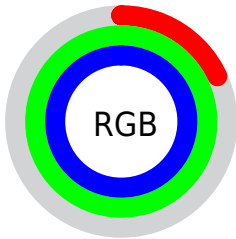
Format	Color
R_{YB}	46, 150, 254
Decimal	3079934
CIE _{Lab}	91.00, -46.19, -13.67
CIE _{LCh}	91, 48.173, 196.489
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2277, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281270014 (0xFF2EFEFE)
YUV	191.8080, 30.6607, -127.8736
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -45.5200, -8.8598

Details

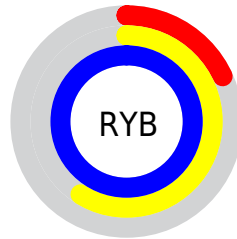
The CIELCh color **91, 48.173, 196.489** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **55, 91.045, 35.005**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 36.016, 197.208**, and **72, 41.267, 196.386** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 49.469, 196.413**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 45.851, 196.622**.

Distribution



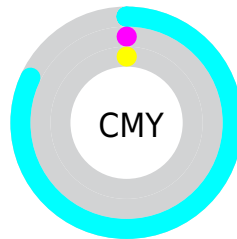
- Red (18%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 48.173, 196.489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 48.173, 196.489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 48.173,
196.489


 91, 48.173,
196.489

 100, 48.173,
196.489


 81, 48.173,
196.489

 71, 48.173,
196.489

 61, 48.173,
196.489

 51, 48.173,
196.489

 41, 48.173,
196.489

 31, 48.173,
196.489

 21, 48.173,

196.489

■ 11, 48.173,
196.489

■ 1, 48.173, 196.489

■ 91, 48.173,
196.489

■ 91, 48.173,
196.489

■ 91, 49.469,
196.413

■ 91, 45.851,
196.622

■ 91, 49.939,
196.386

■ 92, 42.425,
196.822

■ 93, 37.887,
197.089

■ 94, 32.296,
197.424

95, 25.754,
197.824

96, 18.392,
198.285

97, 10.357,
198.813

99, 1.792, 199.660

100, 0.414, 17.836

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 48.173, 196.489



55, 91.045, 35.005

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 48.173, 196.489



91, 48.173, 246.489



91, 48.173, 16.489



91, 48.173, 66.489

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 48.172, 196.488



96, 20.731, 198.141



88, 112.579, 136.870



51, 13.959, 197.979



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 48.172, 196.488



91, 50.013, 196.392



61, 60.305, 276.837



52, 4.945, 198.963



70, 40.365, 196.386



24, 18.570, 196.386

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62, 109.504, 328.064



60, 115.235, 328.223



72, 74.138, 64.354



50, 9.057, 324.947



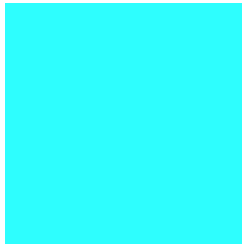
45, 93.083, 328.233



12, 42.823, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 48.173, 196.489 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

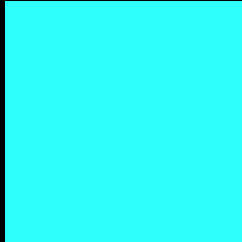
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 48.173, 196.489 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

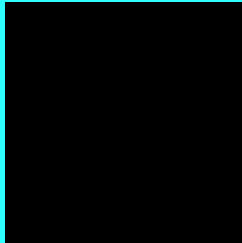
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 48.173, 196.489

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 48.173, 196.489.

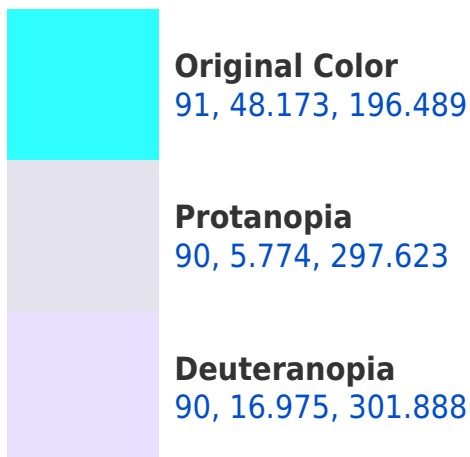


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 48.173, 196.489.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 27.173, 212.309

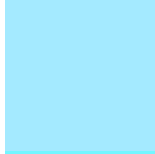
Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 48.173, 196.489



Protanomaly
89, 23.636, 206.877



Deuteranomaly
89, 23.905, 225.624

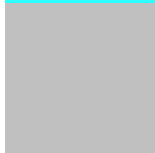


Tritanomaly
90, 36.884, 204.527

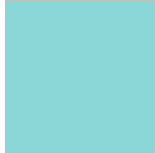
Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 48.173, 196.489



Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 24.257, 197.711

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 48.173, 196.489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(46, 254, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(46, 254, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 254, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(46, 254, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 48.173, 196.489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(46, 254, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(46, 254, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(46, 254, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(46, 254, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 254, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(46, 254,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 48.173, 196.489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(46, 254, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(46, 254,  
254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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