

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 5.159, 314.789)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 5.159, 314.789) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 5.159, 314.789)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | E9E3EC |
| RGB | 233, 227, 236 |
| RGB Percent | 91%, 89%, 93% |
| CMY | 0.0854, 0.1089, 0.0737 |
| CMYK | 0.01, 0.04, 0.00, 0.07 |
| HSL | 280°, 19%, 91% |
| HSV | 280°, 4%, 93% |
| XYZ | 76.3735, 78.4833, 90.6446 |
| YIQ | 229.8200, 0.6870, 4.0710 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

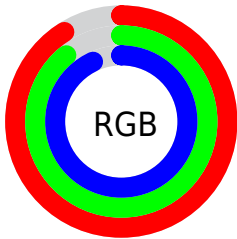
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 233, 227, 236 |
| Decimal | 15328236 |
| CIE Lab | 91.00, 3.63, -3.66 |
| CIE LCh | 91, 5.159, 314.789 |
| Yxy | 78.4833, 0.3111, 0.3197 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4293518316 (0xFFE9E3EC) |
| YUV | 229.8200, 3.0467, 2.7889 |
| Hunter-Lab | 88.5908, -1.1503, 1.3490 |

Details

The CIELCh color **91, 5.159, 314.789** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 5.121, 134.545**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 4.775, 313.461** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 18.890, 315.237**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98, 8.242, 134.445**.

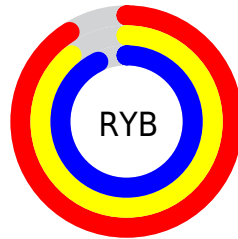
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (89%)

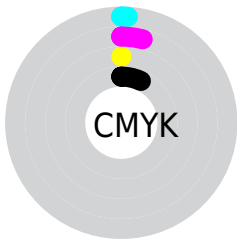
Blue (93%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (93%)

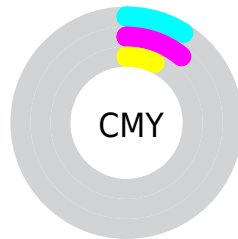


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 5.159, 314.789 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 5.159, 314.789 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

91, 5.159, 314.789

91, 5.159, 314.789

100, 5.159,
314.789

81, 5.159, 314.789

71, 5.159, 314.789

61, 5.159, 314.789

51, 5.159, 314.789

41, 5.159, 314.789

31, 5.159, 314.789

21, 5.159, 314.789

11, 5.159, 314.789

1, 5.159, 314.789

91, 5.159, 314.789

91, 5.159, 314.789

85, 18.890,
315.237

98, 8.242, 134.445

78, 32.885,
315.684

99, 9.778, 122.188

72, 47.004,
316.128

100, 9.508,
109.457

66, 61.019,
316.549

60, 74.571,
316.911

55, 87.135,
317.165

51, 98.017,
317.247

47, 106.445,
317.082

■ 44, 111.813,
316.601

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 5.159, 314.789



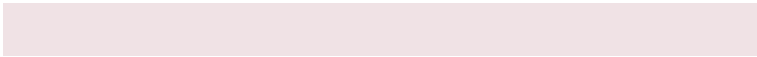
93, 5.121, 134.545

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 5.159, 314.789



91, 5.159, 4.789



91, 5.159, 134.789



91, 5.159, 184.789

Sweetspot

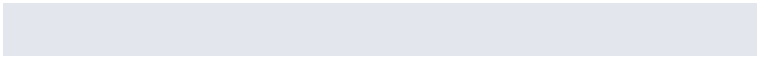
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 5.157, 314.784



99, 1.443, 314.565



91, 3.215, 270.340



53, 0.821, 314.555



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 5.157, 314.784



97, 7.209, 314.844



91, 5.125, 329.005



47, 4.596, 314.875



33, 93.179, 316.343



6, 38.398, 317.232

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 3.592, 353.886



97, 5.027, 354.035



93, 5.104, 148.677



47, 3.207, 354.111



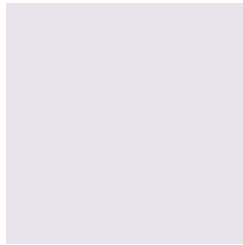
38, 66.803, 17.941



7, 27.812, 7.345

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 5.159, 314.789 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

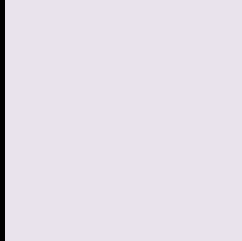
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 5.159, 314.789 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

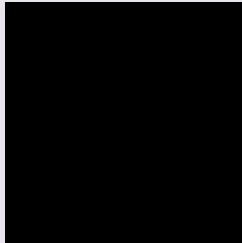
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

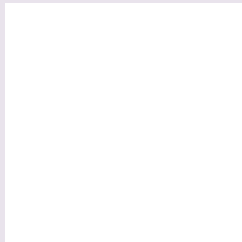
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 5.159, 314.789

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 5.159, 314.789.



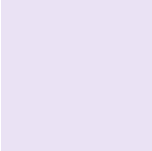
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 5.159, 314.789.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

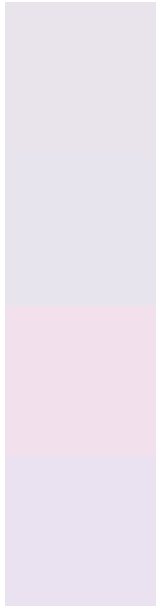
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 9.792, 307.443

Trichromacy



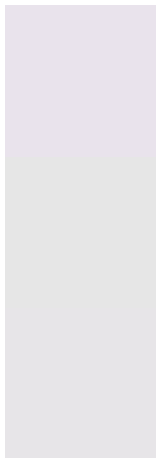
Original Color
91, 5.159, 314.789

Protanomaly
91, 4.900, 307.258

Deuteranomaly
91, 9.586, 335.434

Tritanomaly
91, 8.315, 310.475

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 5.159, 314.789

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 1.726, 314.612

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 5.159, 314.789 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 227, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 227, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 227, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 227, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 5.159, 314.789 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 227, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 227, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 227, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 227, 236); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 227, 236); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 227, 236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 5.159, 314.789 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 227, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
227, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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