

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 5.636, 328.268)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 5.636, 328.268) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 5.901, 327.463)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECE2EB
RGB	236, 226, 235
RGB Percent	93%, 89%, 92%
CMY	0.0732, 0.1124, 0.0771
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	306°, 21%, 91%
HSV	306°, 4%, 93%
XYZ	77.0361, 78.4833, 89.9418
YIQ	230.0160, 3.0710, 4.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

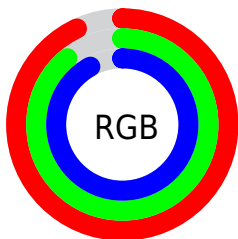
Format	Color
R_{YB}	236, 226, 235
Decimal	15524587
CIE Lab	91.00, 4.97, -3.17
CIE LCh	91, 5.901, 327.463
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3138, 0.3197
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293714667 (0xFFECE2EB)
YUV	230.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, 0.1846, 1.8194

Details

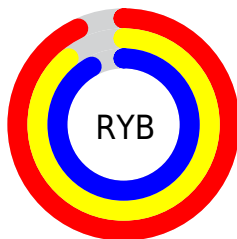
The CIELCh color `91, 5.901, 327.463` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `93, 5.878, 147.078`, and the grayscale version is `91, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `71, 5.546, 327.850` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `85, 19.952, 328.086`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `97, 7.941, 146.989`.

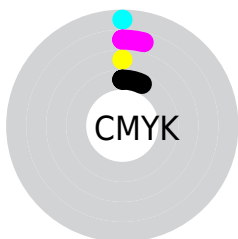
Distribution



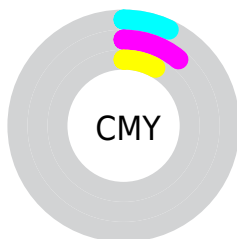
- Red (93%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 5.901, 327.463 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 5.901, 327.463 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

91, 5.901, 327.463

91, 5.901, 327.463

100, 5.901,
327.463

81, 5.901, 327.463

71, 5.901, 327.463

61, 5.901, 327.463

51, 5.901, 327.463

41, 5.901, 327.463

31, 5.901, 327.463

21, 5.901, 327.463

11, 5.901, 327.463

1, 5.901, 327.463

91, 5.901, 327.463

91, 5.901, 327.463

85, 19.952,
328.086

97, 7.941, 146.989

80, 34.043,
328.685

98, 10.100,
150.085

74, 47.906,
329.280

98, 9.205, 154.898

69, 61.161,
329.864

98, 8.386, 160.682

65, 73.314,
330.430

99, 7.076, 175.827

61, 83.784,
330.971

99, 6.652, 185.287

58, 91.988,
331.485

99, 6.426, 195.708

56, 97.486,
331.976

99, 6.400, 199.104

■ 55,100.160,
332.460

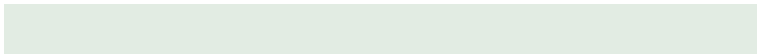
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 5.901, 327.463



93, 5.878, 147.078

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



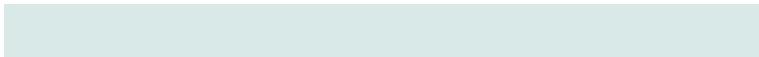
91, 5.901, 327.463



91, 5.901, 17.463



91, 5.901, 147.463



91, 5.901, 197.463

Sweetspot

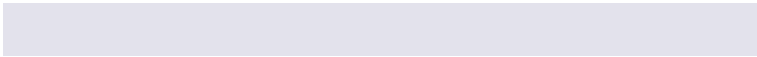
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 5.898, 327.464



99, 1.486, 327.105



90, 5.217, 294.464



53, 0.845, 327.090



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 5.898, 327.464



97, 7.417, 327.518



91, 4.156, 349.671



47, 4.727, 327.562



42, 82.628, 332.656



9, 35.790, 331.948

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 5.898, 327.464



97, 7.417, 327.518



93, 4.111, 169.163



47, 4.727, 327.562



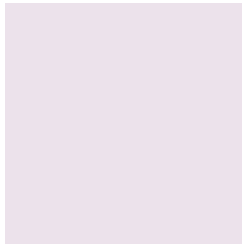
42, 82.628, 332.656



9, 35.790, 331.948

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 5.901, 327.463 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

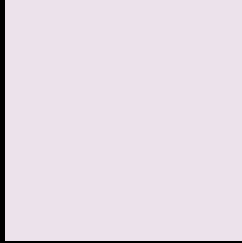
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 5.901, 327.463 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

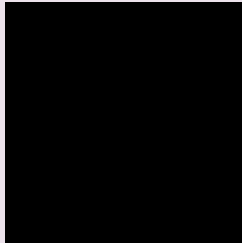
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

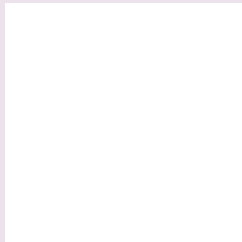
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 5.901, 327.463

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 5.901, 327.463.

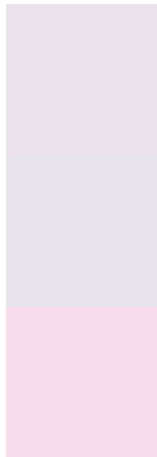


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 5.901, 327.463.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 5.901, 327.463

Protanopia

91, 4.303, 304.741

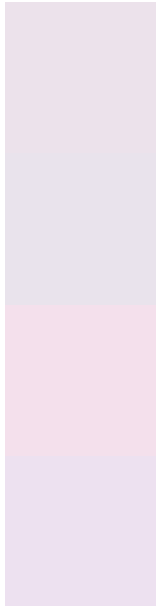
Deuteranopia

91, 11.823, 342.453



Tritanopia
91, 10.296, 314.958

Trichromacy



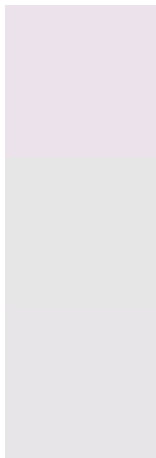
Original Color
91, 5.901, 327.463

Protanomaly
91, 5.159, 314.789

Deuteranomaly
91, 9.499, 339.209

Tritanomaly
91, 8.906, 319.061

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 5.901, 327.463

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 1.904, 324.362

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 5.901, 327.463 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 226, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 226, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 226, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 226, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 5.901, 327.463 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 226, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 226, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 226, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 226, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 226, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 226,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 5.901, 327.463 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 226, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
226, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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