

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 54.324, 178.692)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 54.324, 178.692)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 53.880, 179.180)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37FFE2
RGB	55, 255, 226
RGB Percent	22%, 100%, 89%
CMY	0.7845, 0.0000, 0.1137
CMYK	0.78, 0.00, 0.11, 0.00
HSL	171°, 100%, 61%
HSV	171°, 78%, 100%
XYZ	51.3896, 78.4833, 84.3879
YIQ	191.8940, -109.8910, -51.4190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

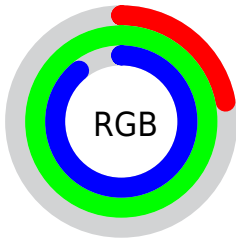
Format	Color
R_{YB}	55, 163, 255
Decimal	3669986
CIE _{Lab}	91.00, -53.87, 0.77
CIE _{LCh}	91, 53.880, 179.180
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2398, 0.3663
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281860066 (0xFF37FFE2)
YUV	191.8940, 16.8143, -120.0560
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -51.4899, 5.5364

Details

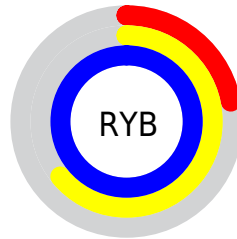
The CIELCh color **91, 53.880, 179.180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **57, 80.915, 23.899**, and the grayscale version is **78, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 35.582, 197.234**, and **71, 47.076, 178.256** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 56.174, 178.246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91, 49.671, 180.914**.

Distribution



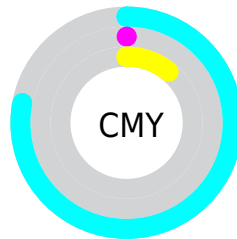
- Red (22%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 53.880, 179.180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 53.880, 179.180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 53.880,
179.180

■ 91, 53.880,
179.180

■ 100, 53.880,
179.180

■ 81, 53.880,
179.180

■ 71, 53.880,
179.180

■ 61, 53.880,
179.180

■ 51, 53.880,
179.180

■ 41, 53.880,
179.180

■ 31, 53.880,
179.180

■ 21, 53.880,

179.180

■ 11, 53.880,
179.180

■ 1, 53.880, 179.180

■ 91, 53.880,
179.180

■ 91, 53.880,
179.180

■ 90, 56.174,
178.246

■ 91, 49.671,
180.914

■ 90, 57.992,
176.711

■ 92, 44.813,
182.070

■ 90, 58.238,
176.471

■ 93, 38.926,
183.137

■ 94, 32.117,
184.135

■ 95, 24.524,
185.081

■ 97, 16.304,
185.994

■ 98, 7.610, 186.904

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



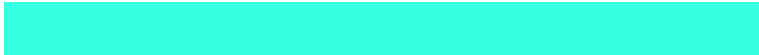
91, 53.880, 179.180



57, 80.915, 23.899

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 53.880, 179.180



91, 53.880, 229.180



91, 53.880, 359.180



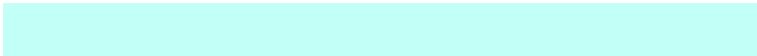
91, 53.880, 49.180

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 53.450, 179.646



96, 20.931, 185.491



89, 107.594, 135.243



51, 14.246, 185.164



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 53.450, 179.646



90, 57.272, 177.409



71, 45.853, 255.350



52, 5.109, 186.805



69, 46.763, 176.762



23, 21.065, 178.819

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 80.915, 23.899



54, 93.404, 31.427



67, 74.201, 52.380



50, 5.340, 8.324



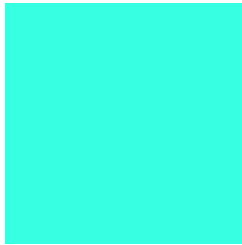
40, 77.735, 33.397



10, 32.310, 21.231

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 53.880, 179.180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

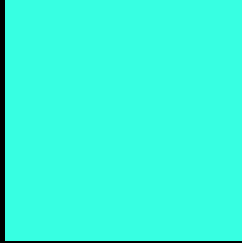
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 53.880, 179.180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

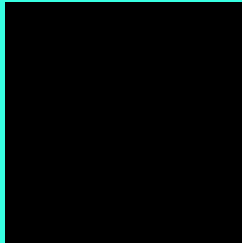
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 53.880, 179.180

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 53.880, 179.180.

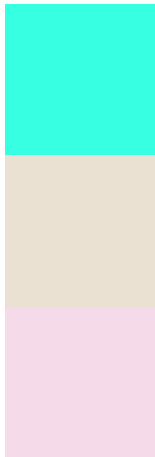


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 53.880, 179.180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 53.444, 179.647

Protanopia

90, 8.432, 86.313

Deuteranopia

90, 12.170, 340.524

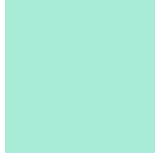


Tritanopia
90, 27.473, 213.283

Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 53.444, 179.647



Protanomaly
89, 25.243, 173.266



Deuteranomaly
88, 18.666, 196.568

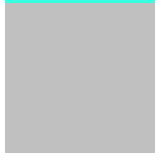


Tritanomaly
90, 37.380, 195.446

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 53.444, 179.647



Achromatopsia
78, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 25.170, 184.112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 53.880, 179.180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 255, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 255, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 255, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 255, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 53.880, 179.180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 255, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 255, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 255, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 255, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 255, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 255,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 53.880, 179.180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 255, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 255,  
226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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