

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 54.419, 163.860)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 54.419, 163.860)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 54.755, 163.495)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6CFFC6
RGB	108, 255, 198
RGB Percent	42%, 100%, 78%
CMY	0.5782, 0.0016, 0.2250
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	157°, 99%, 71%
HSV	157°, 58%, 100%
XYZ	51.9120, 78.4833, 65.6095
YIQ	204.5490, -69.3150, -48.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

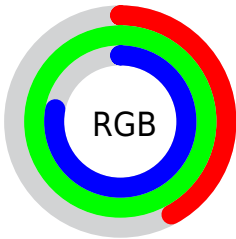
Format	Color
RYB	108, 199, 255
Decimal	7143366
CIELab	91.00, -52.50, 15.56
CIELCh	91, 54.755, 163.495
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2649, 0.4004
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285333446 (0xFF6CFFC6)
YUV	204.5490, -3.2287, -84.6735
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -50.4373, 18.1040

Details

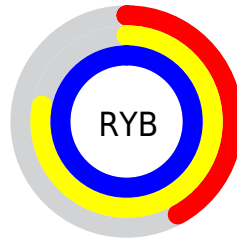
The CIELCh color **91, 54.755, 163.495** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **65, 61.251, 358.099**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 26.754, 197.768**, and **71, 54.625, 163.562** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 62.104, 161.830**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 46.522, 164.972**.

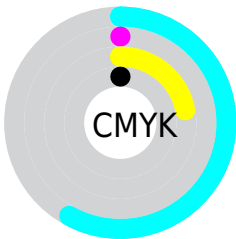
Distribution



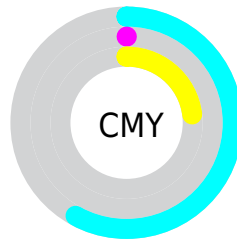
- Red (42%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 54.755, 163.495 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 54.755, 163.495 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 54.755,
163.495

■ 91, 54.755,
163.495

■ 100, 54.755,
163.495

■ 81, 54.755,
163.495

■ 71, 54.755,
163.495

■ 61, 54.755,
163.495


■ 51, 54.755,
163.495

■ 41, 54.755,
163.495

■ 31, 54.755,
163.495


■ 21, 54.755,


163.495

 11, 54.755,
163.495


 1, 54.755, 163.495


 91, 54.755,
163.495


 91, 54.755,
163.495

 90, 62.104,
161.830


 92, 46.522,
164.972


 90, 68.468,
159.959

 93, 37.550,
166.289

 89, 73.830,
157.871

 95, 28.015,
167.472

 89, 78.289,
155.592

 96, 18.089,
168.547

■ 89, 79.231,
155.081

■ 98, 7.933, 169.556
100, 0.258,
323.249

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 54.755, 163.495



65, 61.251, 358.099

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 54.755, 163.495



91, 54.755, 213.495



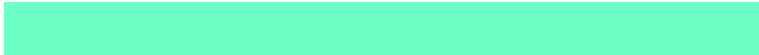
91, 54.755, 343.495



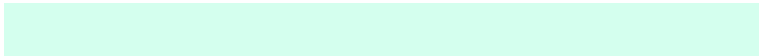
91, 54.755, 33.495

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 54.756, 163.494



97, 17.355, 168.624



92, 79.130, 129.818



51, 11.592, 168.417



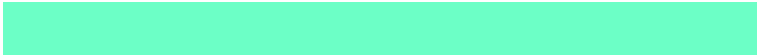
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 54.756, 163.494



90, 63.033, 161.607



88, 36.862, 209.343



52, 5.825, 169.380



69, 63.390, 155.512



23, 27.570, 158.697

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 61.251, 358.099



61, 70.958, 0.973



67, 58.717, 33.081



50, 5.944, 351.016



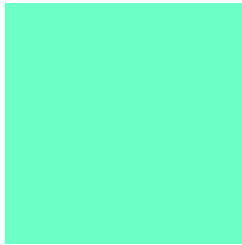
41, 68.498, 13.021



10, 31.285, 5.854

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 54.755, 163.495 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

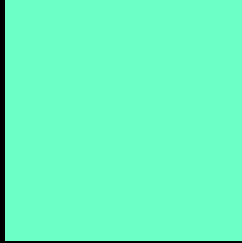
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 54.755, 163.495 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 54.755, 163.495

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 54.755, 163.495.

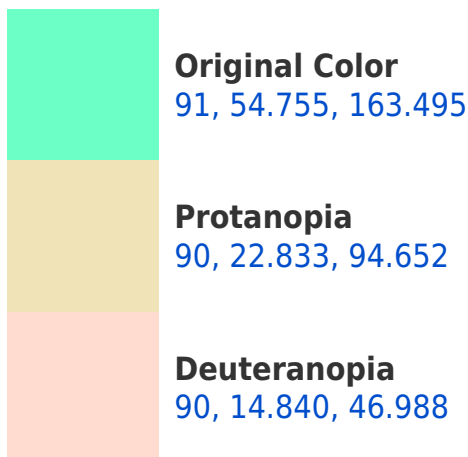


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 54.755, 163.495.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

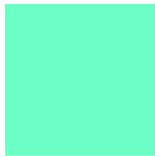
Dichromacy



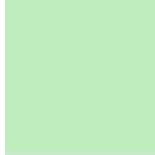


Tritanopia
91, 24.054, 217.074

Trichromacy



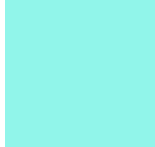
Original Color
91, 54.755, 163.495



Protanomaly
90, 29.885, 141.560



Deuteranomaly
89, 19.080, 146.227



Tritanomaly
90, 32.092, 187.018

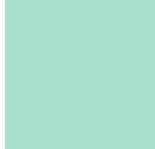
Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 54.755, 163.495



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 21.502, 168.552

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 54.755, 163.495 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 255, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 255, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 255, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 255, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 54.755, 163.495 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

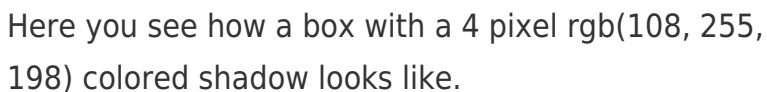
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 255, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 255, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 255, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 255, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 255, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 255, 198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 54.755, 163.495 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 255, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
255, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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