

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 58.110, 161.367)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 58.110, 161.367)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 57.682, 161.561)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	67FFC0
RGB	103, 255, 192
RGB Percent	40%, 100%, 75%
CMY	0.5945, 0.0000, 0.2457
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	155°, 100%, 70%
HSV	155°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	51.0700, 78.4833, 62.5263
YIQ	202.3700, -70.3690, -51.8170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

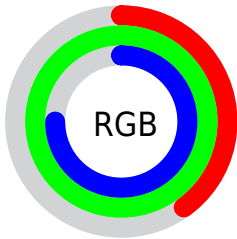
Format	Color
RYB	103, 199, 255
Decimal	6815680
CIELab	91.00, -54.72, 18.24
CIELCh	91, 57.682, 161.561
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2659, 0.4086
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285005760 (0xFF67FFC0)
YUV	202.3700, -5.1124, -87.1475
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -52.1339, 20.1674

Details

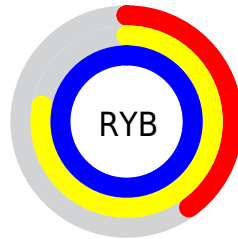
The CIELCh color **91, 57.682, 161.561** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **65, 63.422, 356.628**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 28.430, 191.363**, and **71, 57.700, 161.497** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 64.960, 159.946**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 49.122, 163.171**.

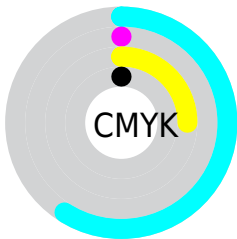
Distribution



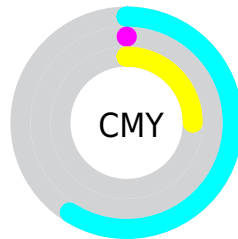
- Red (40%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 57.682, 161.561 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 57.682, 161.561 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 91, 57.682,
161.561


 91, 57.682,
161.561


 100, 57.682,
161.561


 81, 57.682,
161.561


 71, 57.682,
161.561

 61, 57.682,
161.561

 51, 57.682,
161.561

 41, 57.682,
161.561

 31, 57.682,
161.561

 21, 57.682,

161.561

■ 11, 57.682,
161.561

■ 1, 57.682, 161.561

■ 91, 57.682,
161.561

■ 91, 57.682,
161.561

■ 90, 64.960,
159.946

■ 92, 49.122,
163.171

■ 89, 71.435,
158.023

■ 93, 39.998,
164.517

■ 89, 76.908,
155.884

■ 95, 30.294,
165.719

■ 89, 81.527,
153.580

■ 96, 20.189,
166.805

■ 89, 81.772,
153.456

■ 98, 9.849, 167.809
100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 57.682, 161.561



65, 63.422, 356.628

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 57.682, 161.561



91, 57.682, 211.561



91, 57.682, 341.561



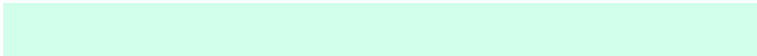
91, 57.682, 31.561

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 57.492, 161.656



96, 18.704, 166.954



92, 80.880, 129.235



51, 12.972, 166.652



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 57.492, 161.656



90, 66.032, 159.662



89, 38.106, 207.167



52, 5.927, 167.803



68, 65.323, 153.891



23, 28.342, 157.103

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 63.422, 356.628



60, 72.849, 359.566



66, 61.525, 32.308



50, 6.037, 349.416



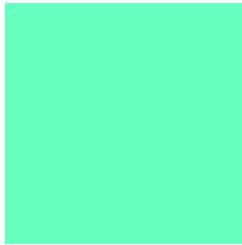
41, 68.182, 10.514



10, 31.331, 3.661

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 57.682, 161.561 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

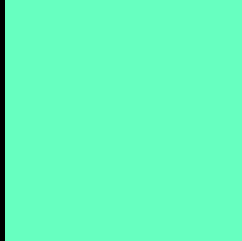
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 57.682, 161.561 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 57.682, 161.561

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 57.682, 161.561.

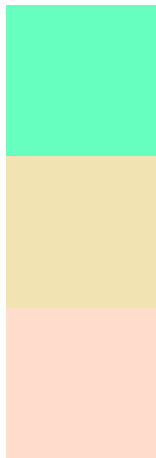


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 57.682, 161.561.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
91, 57.682, 161.561

Protanopia
90, 25.427, 94.866

Deuteranopia
90, 15.676, 51.846



Tritanopia
91, 24.564, 216.637

Trichromacy



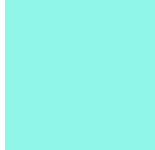
Original Color
91, 57.682, 161.561



Protanomaly
90, 32.084, 139.061



Deuteranomaly
89, 20.995, 143.582

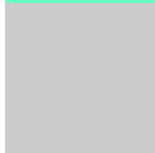


Tritanomaly
90, 33.192, 185.450

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 57.682, 161.561



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 22.976, 165.971

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 57.682, 161.561 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(103, 255, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(103, 255, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(103, 255, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(103, 255, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 57.682, 161.561 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(103, 255, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(103, 255, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(103, 255, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(103, 255, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 255, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(103, 255,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 57.682, 161.561 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(103, 255, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(103,  
255, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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