

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 60.347, 159.022)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 60.347, 159.022)
contains.

CIELCh(91, 59.811, 159.296)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(91, 59.811, 159.296)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68FFBB
RGB	104, 255, 187
RGB Percent	41%, 100%, 73%
CMY	0.5930, 0.0000, 0.2680
CMYK	0.59, 0.00, 0.27, 0.00
HSL	153°, 100%, 70%
HSV	153°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	50.6087, 78.4833, 59.3096
YIQ	202.0990, -68.1680, -53.1600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

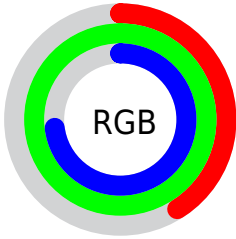
Format	Color
RYB	104, 201, 255
Decimal	6881211
CIELab	91.00, -55.95, 21.15
CIELCh	91, 59.811, 159.296
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2686, 0.4166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285071291 (0xFF68FFBB)
YUV	202.0990, -7.4438, -86.0328
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -53.0634, 22.3202

Details

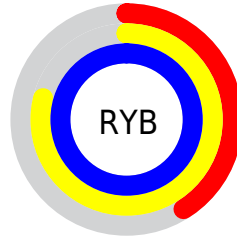
The CIELCh color **91, 59.811, 159.296** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **65, 64.199, 353.892**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 29.340, 185.348**, and **71, 59.026, 159.803** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 67.327, 157.745**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 50.655, 160.976**.

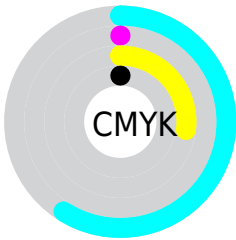
Distribution



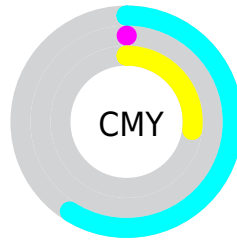
- Red (41%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 59.811, 159.296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 59.811, 159.296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 59.811,
159.296

■ 91, 59.811,
159.296

■ 100, 59.811,
159.296

■ 81, 59.811,
159.296

■ 71, 59.811,
159.296

■ 61, 59.811,
159.296


■ 51, 59.811,
159.296

■ 41, 59.811,
159.296


■ 31, 59.811,
159.296


■ 21, 59.811,


159.296


 11, 59.811,
159.296


 1, 59.811, 159.296


 91, 59.811,
159.296

 91, 59.811,
159.296


 90, 67.327,
157.745


 92, 50.655,
160.976


 89, 74.220,
155.813

 93, 41.134,
162.317

 89, 80.098,
153.666

 95, 31.058,
163.510

 89, 85.094,
151.358

 96, 20.608,
164.581

■ 89, 85.432,
151.199

■ 98, 9.954, 165.565

100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 59.811, 159.296



65, 64.199, 353.892

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 59.811, 159.296



91, 59.811, 209.296



91, 59.811, 339.296



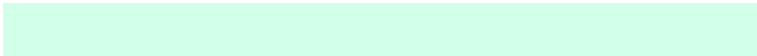
91, 59.811, 29.296

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 59.439, 159.460



96, 19.236, 164.712



92, 79.541, 127.590



51, 13.347, 164.415



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 59.439, 159.460



90, 68.575, 157.431



91, 39.954, 200.765



52, 6.088, 165.544



68, 68.222, 151.635



23, 29.509, 154.869

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65, 64.199, 353.892



60, 73.646, 356.635



64, 63.453, 29.298



50, 6.185, 347.117



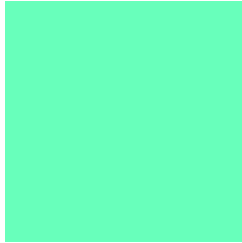
41, 67.998, 6.753



10, 31.499, 0.427

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 59.811, 159.296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

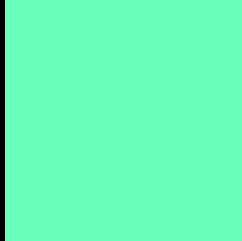
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 59.811, 159.296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

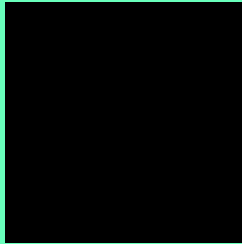
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 59.811, 159.296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 59.811, 159.296.

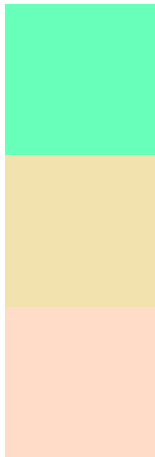


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 59.811, 159.296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
91, 59.287, 159.560

Protanopia
90, 28.039, 94.974

Deuteranopia
90, 16.951, 57.495



Tritanopia
90, 24.817, 216.427

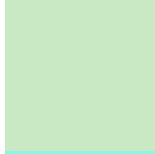
Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 59.287, 159.560



Protanomaly
89, 34.769, 136.454



Deuteranomaly
89, 23.187, 139.968

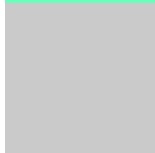


Tritanomaly
90, 33.821, 183.817

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 59.287, 159.560



Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
84, 23.635, 163.868

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 59.811, 159.296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 255, 187)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 255, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 255, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 255, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 59.811, 159.296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 255, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 255, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 255, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 255, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 255, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 255,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 59.811, 159.296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 255, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
255, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor