

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 61.277, 147.599)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(91, 61.277, 147.599)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(91, 60.917, 147.603)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	89FDA4
RGB	137, 253, 164
RGB Percent	54%, 99%, 64%
CMY	0.4615, 0.0066, 0.3557
CMYK	0.46, 0.00, 0.35, 0.01
HSL	134°, 97%, 77%
HSV	134°, 46%, 99%
XYZ	52.3182, 78.4833, 47.6505
YIQ	208.1700, -40.5670, -52.2710

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

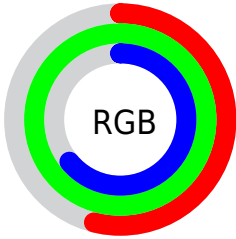
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">137, 231, 253</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9043364</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.00, -51.44, 32.64</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">91, 60.917, 147.603</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">78.4833, 0.2932, 0.4398</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287233444 (0xFF89FDA4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">208.1700, -21.7758, -62.4161</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.5908, -49.6189, 30.1232</a>

# Details

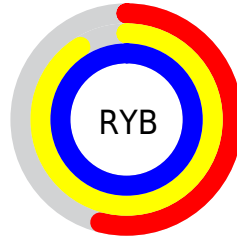
The CIELCh color **91, 60.917, 147.603** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **73, 61.073, 334.905**, and the grayscale version is **84, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 27.728, 157.419**, and **71, 61.287, 147.418** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 73.042, 146.288**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 48.069, 148.748**.

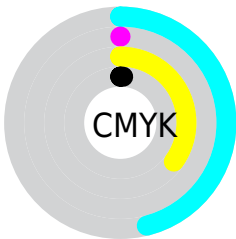
# Distribution



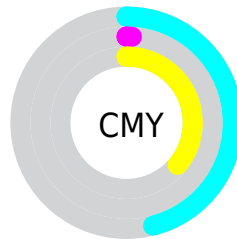
- Red (54%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (36%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 60.917, 147.603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 60.917, 147.603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 91, 60.917,  
147.603


 91, 60.917,  
147.603


 100, 60.917,  
147.603


 81, 60.917,  
147.603

 71, 60.917,  
147.603

 61, 60.917,  
147.603


 51, 60.917,  
147.603


 41, 60.917,  
147.603


 31, 60.917,  
147.603


 21, 60.917,


147.603

 11, 60.917,  
147.603


 1, 60.917, 147.603


 91, 60.917,  
147.603


 91, 60.917,  
147.603


 90, 73.042,  
146.288


 92, 48.069,  
148.748

 89, 84.148,  
144.799


 94, 34.771,  
149.739

 88, 93.958,  
143.152

 96, 21.268,  
150.597

 88, 102.230,  
141.399

 98, 7.759, 151.363

 100, 1.053,

■ 87,108.788,  
139.633

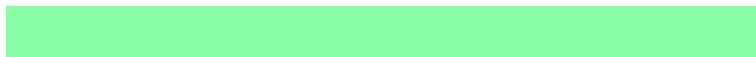
324.185

■ 87,111.063,  
138.952

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 60.917, 147.603



73, 61.073, 334.905

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 60.917, 147.603



91, 60.917, 197.603



91, 60.917, 327.603



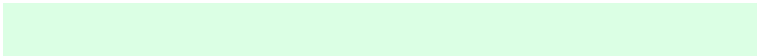
91, 60.917, 17.603

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 60.918, 147.603



97, 18.939, 150.739



95, 58.213, 115.615



51, 13.085, 150.567



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 60.918, 147.603



90, 72.496, 146.396



92, 40.949, 172.242



52, 7.674, 151.083



68, 89.256, 139.259



23, 38.641, 141.877



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73, 61.073, 334.905



69, 72.158, 335.649



71, 47.498, 3.162



50, 7.702, 332.278



43, 77.804, 340.244

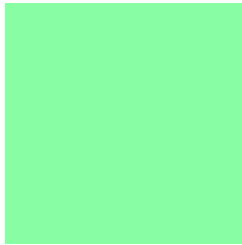


11, 36.531, 338.470



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 60.917, 147.603 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

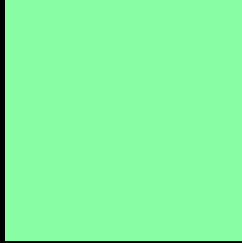
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 60.917, 147.603 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

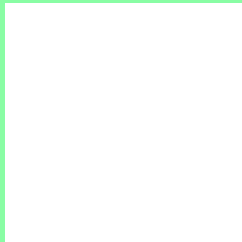
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 91, 60.917, 147.603

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 60.917, 147.603.

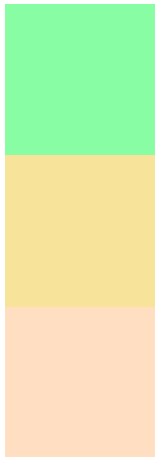


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 60.917, 147.603.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 60.917, 147.603

**Protanopia**  
91, 38.663, 95.647

**Deuteranopia**  
91, 19.339, 68.021





**Tritanopia**  
91, 21.595, 220.997

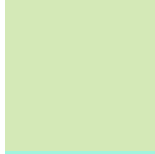
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 60.917, 147.603



**Protanomaly**  
90, 41.887, 123.020



**Deuteranomaly**  
90, 26.958, 125.170

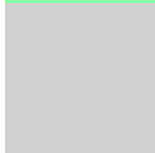


**Tritanomaly**  
91, 30.016, 175.023

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 60.917, 147.603



**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
86, 22.774, 150.564

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 60.917, 147.603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 253, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 253, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 253, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 253, 164) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 60.917, 147.603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 253, 164) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 253, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 253, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 253, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 253, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 253,  
164) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 60.917, 147.603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 253, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
253, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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