

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 64.623, 96.449)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 64.623, 96.449) contains.

CIELCh(91, 64.516, 96.295)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(91, 64.516, 96.295)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDE665
RGB	253, 230, 101
RGB Percent	99%, 90%, 40%
CMY	0.0075, 0.0977, 0.6036
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.60, 0.01
HSL	51°, 98%, 69%
HSV	51°, 60%, 99%
XYZ	71.2159, 78.4833, 23.7285
YIQ	222.1710, 55.1170, -35.2430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

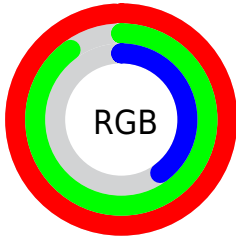
Format	Color
RYB	128, 253, 101
Decimal	16639589
CIELab	91.00, -7.07, 64.13
CIELCh	91, 64.516, 96.295
Yxy	78.4833, 0.4106, 0.4525
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294829669 (0xFFFFDE665)
YUV	222.1710, -59.7373, 27.0370
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -11.5422, 46.1331

Details

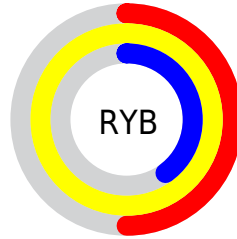
The CIELCh color **91, 64.516, 96.295** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF66**. A complement of this color would be **56, 73.302, 293.878**, and the grayscale version is **89, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 49.271, 106.409**, and **71, 64.494, 96.514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 73.388, 95.157**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 54.559, 97.456**.

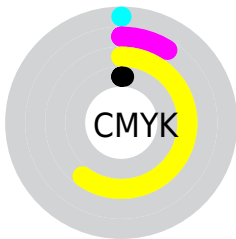
Distribution



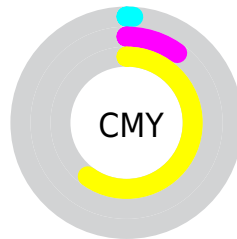
- Red (99%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (60%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 64.516, 96.295 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 64.516, 96.295 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 91, 64.516, 96.295

 91, 64.516, 96.295

 100, 64.516,
96.295

 81, 64.516, 96.295

 71, 64.516, 96.295

 61, 64.516, 96.295

 51, 64.516, 96.295

 41, 64.516, 96.295

 31, 64.516, 96.295

 21, 64.516, 96.295

 11, 64.516, 96.295

 1, 64.516, 96.295

91, 64.516, 96.295

91, 64.516, 96.295

90, 73.388, 95.157

92, 54.559, 97.456

89, 80.493, 94.031

94, 43.990, 98.623

88, 85.069, 92.901

95, 33.110, 99.787

87, 86.934, 91.736

96, 22.099,
100.938

98, 11.060,
102.060

99, 0.054, 100.273

100, 0.663,
200.363

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 64.516, 96.295



56, 73.302, 293.878

Rectangle

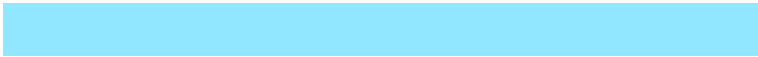
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 64.516, 96.295



91, 64.516, 146.295



91, 64.516, 276.295



91, 64.516, 326.295

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 64.517, 96.298



97, 19.946, 101.171



63, 62.095, 15.493



51, 13.865, 100.840



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 64.517, 96.298



90, 75.379, 94.934



93, 75.886, 119.992



53, 6.288, 102.121



67, 70.521, 91.946



23, 31.579, 93.543

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 73.302, 293.878



49, 90.230, 297.156



55, 86.736, 307.468



49, 6.382, 284.299



26, 99.030, 303.900



5, 39.312, 298.861

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 64.516, 96.295 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

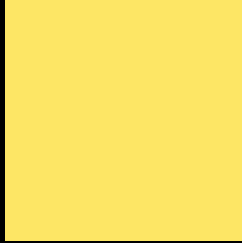
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 64.516, 96.295 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 64.516, 96.295

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 64.516, 96.295.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 64.516, 96.295.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 64.516, 96.295

Protanopia

91, 64.668, 95.556

Deuteranopia

91, 22.677, 76.572



Tritanopia
91, 14.095, 354.359

Trichromacy



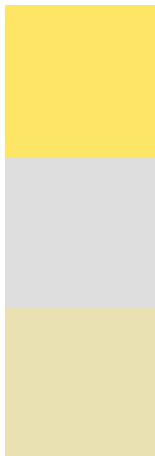
Original Color
91, 64.516, 96.295

Protanomaly
91, 64.590, 95.925

Deuteranomaly
91, 37.743, 89.802

Tritanomaly
91, 23.828, 79.113

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 64.516, 96.295

Achromatopsia
88, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
89, 24.464, 100.873

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 64.516, 96.295 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 230, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 230, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 230, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 230, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 64.516, 96.295 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 230, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 230, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 230, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 230, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 230, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 230,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 64.516, 96.295 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 230, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
230, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor