

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 66.246, 148.622)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(91, 66.246, 148.622)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(91, 66.164, 148.517)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7BFFA0
RGB	123, 255, 160
RGB Percent	48%, 100%, 63%
CMY	0.5165, 0.0000, 0.3715
CMYK	0.52, 0.00, 0.37, 0.00
HSL	137°, 100%, 74%
HSV	137°, 52%, 100%
XYZ	50.4306, 78.4833, 45.8697
YIQ	204.7020, -48.1770, -57.5290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

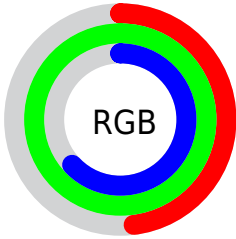
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	123, 226, 255
Decimal	8126368
CIELab	91.00, -56.42, 34.55
CIElCh	91, 66.164, 148.517
Yxy	78.4833, 0.2885, 0.4490
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286316448 (0xFF7BFFA0)
YUV	204.7020, -22.0381, -71.6527
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -53.4223, 31.3149

# Details

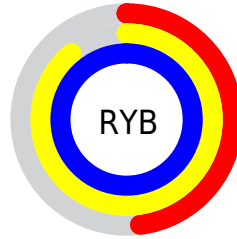
The CIELCh color **91, 66.164, 148.517** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **70, 66.251, 337.500**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 32.495, 158.244**, and **71, 66.146, 148.401** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 77.222, 147.093**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 53.944, 149.819**.

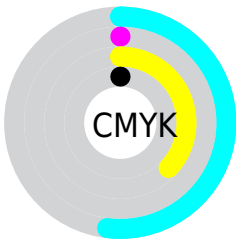
# Distribution



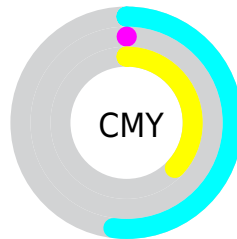
- Red (48%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 66.164, 148.517 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 66.164, 148.517 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 91, 66.164,  
148.517


 91, 66.164,  
148.517


 100, 66.164,  
148.517


 81, 66.164,  
148.517


 71, 66.164,  
148.517

 61, 66.164,  
148.517


 51, 66.164,  
148.517

 41, 66.164,  
148.517


 31, 66.164,  
148.517


 21, 66.164,


148.517


 11, 66.164,  
148.517

 1, 66.164, 148.517


 91, 66.164,  
148.517


 91, 66.164,  
148.517


 90, 77.222,  
147.093


 92, 53.944,  
149.819


 89, 87.333,  
145.454

 94, 41.295,  
150.922

 89, 96.127,  
143.651

 95, 28.306,  
151.879

 88, 103.456,  
141.742

 97, 15.193,  
152.717

■ 88, 108.458,  
140.176

■ 100, 2.129,  
153.596

100, 0.012,  
296.813

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 66.164, 148.517



70, 66.251, 337.500

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 66.164, 148.517



91, 66.164, 198.517



91, 66.164, 328.517



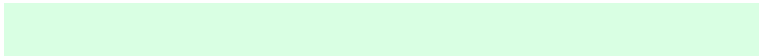
91, 66.164, 18.517

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 66.008, 148.548



97, 19.590, 152.447



95, 65.922, 117.474



51, 13.373, 152.272



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 66.008, 148.548



90, 77.597, 147.038



92, 43.736, 175.285



52, 7.407, 152.885



68, 86.649, 140.526



23, 37.379, 143.343



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 66.251, 337.500



65, 76.931, 338.512



68, 53.528, 8.172



50, 7.442, 334.129



43, 75.255, 343.533

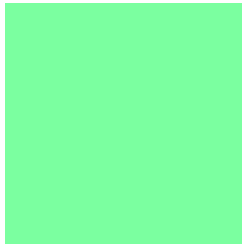


11, 35.430, 341.195



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 66.164, 148.517 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

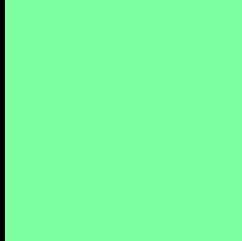
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 66.164, 148.517 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 91, 66.164, 148.517**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 66.164, 148.517.

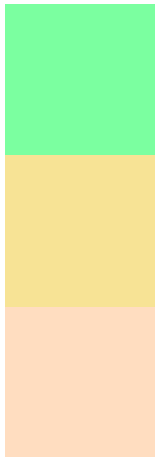


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 66.164, 148.517.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy




**Original Color**  
91, 66.164, 148.517

**Protanopia**  
90, 40.739, 95.409

**Deuteranopia**  
90, 20.027, 68.071





**Tritanopia**  
91, 22.888, 219.576

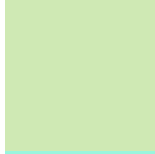
# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 66.164, 148.517



**Protanomaly**  
90, 44.843, 124.329



**Deuteranomaly**  
89, 29.038, 127.685

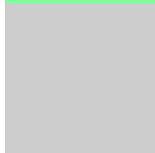


**Tritanomaly**  
90, 32.865, 174.922

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 66.164, 148.517



**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
85, 25.036, 152.326

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 66.164, 148.517 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(123, 255, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(123, 255, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(123, 255, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(123, 255, 160) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 66.164, 148.517 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(123, 255, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(123, 255, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(123, 255, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(123, 255, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 255, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(123, 255,  
160) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 66.164, 148.517 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(123, 255, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(123,  
255, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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