

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 67.837, 146.129)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(91, 67.837, 146.129)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(91, 67.627, 146.162)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80FF9A
RGB	128, 255, 154
RGB Percent	50%, 100%, 60%
CMY	0.4978, 0.0000, 0.3959
CMYK	0.50, 0.00, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	132°, 100%, 75%
HSV	132°, 50%, 100%
XYZ	50.5249, 78.4833, 43.0794
YIQ	205.5130, -43.2710, -58.3350

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

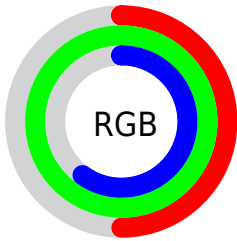
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">128, 233, 255</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">8454042</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.00, -56.17, 37.66</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">91, 67.627, 146.162</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">78.4833, 0.2936, 0.4561</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4286644122</a> ( <a href="#">0xFF80FF9A</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">205.5130, -25.3959, -67.9789</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">88.5908, -53.2322, 33.1824</a>

# Details

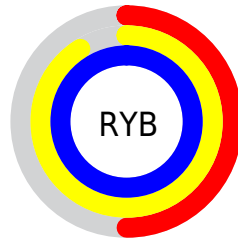
The CIELCh color **91, 67.627, 146.162** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF99**. A complement of this color would be **71, 67.449, 334.076**, and the grayscale version is **83, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 33.734, 153.087**, and **71, 67.213, 146.276** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 79.642, 144.803**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 54.670, 147.363**.

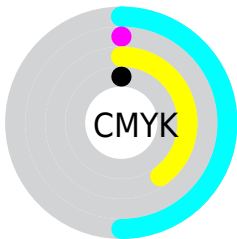
# Distribution



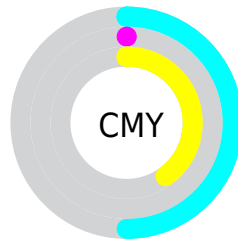
- Red (50%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (40%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 67.627, 146.162 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 67.627, 146.162 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 91, 67.627,  
146.162


 91, 67.627,  
146.162


 100, 67.627,  
146.162


 81, 67.627,  
146.162


 71, 67.627,  
146.162

 61, 67.627,  
146.162


 51, 67.627,  
146.162

 41, 67.627,  
146.162


 31, 67.627,  
146.162


 21, 67.627,


146.162


 11, 67.627,  
146.162


 1, 67.627, 146.162

 91, 67.627,  
146.162


 91, 67.627,  
146.162

 90, 79.642,  
144.803


 92, 54.670,  
147.363


 89, 90.492,  
143.279

 94, 41.167,  
148.400

 88, 99.846,  
141.635

 96, 27.359,  
149.296

 88, 107.446,  
139.946

 98, 13.474,  
150.076

■ 88, 113.156,  
138.367

100, 0.012,  
296.813

■ 88, 113.263,  
138.337

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 67.627, 146.162



71, 67.449, 334.076

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 67.627, 146.162



91, 67.627, 196.162



91, 67.627, 326.162



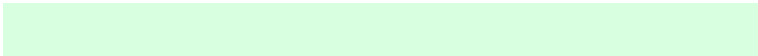
91, 67.627, 16.162

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 67.596, 146.167



97, 20.718, 149.681



96, 63.072, 114.651



51, 14.145, 149.514



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 67.596, 146.167



90, 79.893, 144.771



92, 44.826, 170.507



52, 7.831, 150.096



68, 90.604, 138.625



23, 39.331, 141.106



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 67.449, 334.076



67, 78.851, 334.858



69, 52.109, 2.749



50, 7.856, 331.266



43, 79.398, 338.479

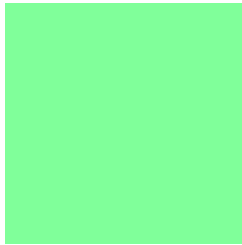


11, 37.206, 336.997



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 67.627, 146.162 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

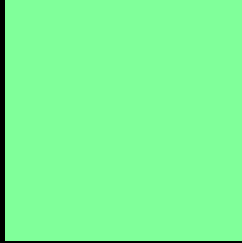
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 67.627, 146.162 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

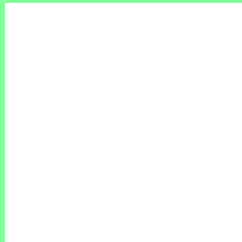
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 91, 67.627, 146.162

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 67.627, 146.162.

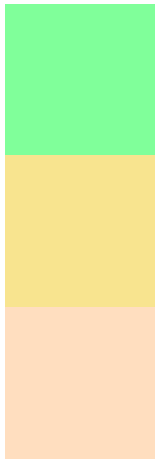


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 67.627, 146.162.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 67.627, 146.162

**Protanopia**  
91, 44.113, 95.955

**Deuteranopia**  
90, 20.577, 70.618



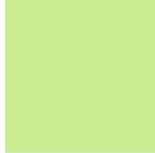


**Tritanopia**  
91, 22.373, 220.123

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 67.627, 146.162



**Protanomaly**  
90, 47.972, 122.529



**Deuteranomaly**  
90, 30.331, 126.023

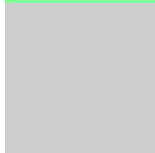


**Tritanomaly**  
91, 32.899, 172.003

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 67.627, 146.162



**Achromatopsia**  
83, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
85, 25.742, 148.934

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 67.627, 146.162 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 255, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 255, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 255, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 255, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 67.627, 146.162 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 255, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 255, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 255, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 255, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 255, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 255,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 67.627, 146.162 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 255, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
255, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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