

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 8.076, 288.728)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 8.076, 288.728) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 8.306, 288.466)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E4F4
RGB	227, 228, 244
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 96%
CMY	0.1091, 0.1052, 0.0424
CMYK	0.07, 0.07, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	236°, 44%, 92%
HSV	236°, 7%, 96%
XYZ	75.8799, 78.4833, 96.8773
YIQ	229.5250, -5.7320, 4.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

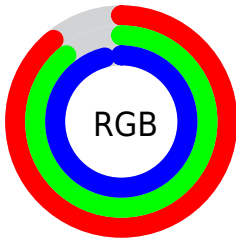
Format	Color
R_{YB}	227, 228, 244
Decimal	14935284
CIE Lab	91.00, 2.63, -7.88
CIE LCh	91, 8.306, 288.466
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3020, 0.3124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293125364 (0xFFE3E4F4)
YUV	229.5250, 7.1362, -2.2144
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -2.1449, -2.8222

Details

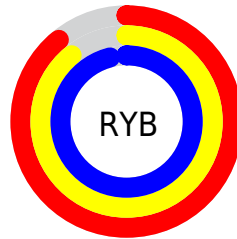
The CIELCh color `91, 8.306, 288.466` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `96, 8.176, 106.991`, and the grayscale version is `91, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `71, 8.197, 288.462` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `83, 20.606, 289.668`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `99, 3.539, 107.381`.

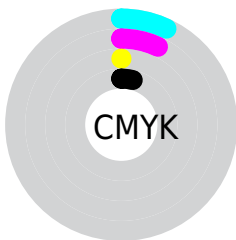
Distribution



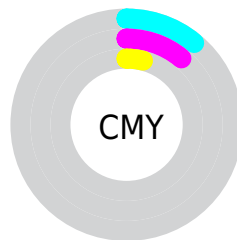
- Red (89%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 8.306, 288.466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 8.306, 288.466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

91, 8.306, 288.466

91, 8.306, 288.466

100, 8.306,
288.466

81, 8.306, 288.466

71, 8.306, 288.466

61, 8.306, 288.466

51, 8.306, 288.466

41, 8.306, 288.466

31, 8.306, 288.466

21, 8.306, 288.466

11, 8.306, 288.466

1, 8.306, 288.466

91, 8.306, 288.466

91, 8.306, 288.466

83, 20.606,
289.668

99, 3.539, 107.381

76, 33.405,
291.100

100, 5.477,
109.754

68, 46.741,
292.782

61, 60.633,
294.736

53, 75.036,
296.951

47, 89.711,
299.358

40, 103.993,
301.783

35, 116.513,
303.936

■ 32,125.331,
305.479

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 8.306, 288.466



96, 8.176, 106.991

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



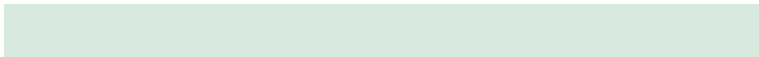
91, 8.306, 288.466



91, 8.306, 338.466



91, 8.306, 108.466



91, 8.306, 158.466

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 8.304, 288.457



98, 2.456, 287.954



95, 5.935, 193.486



53, 1.396, 287.946



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 8.304, 288.457



94, 9.900, 288.575



91, 9.223, 307.028



47, 6.822, 288.743



23, 102.977, 305.585



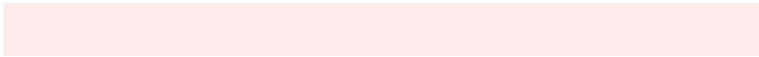
3, 38.266, 298.787

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 6.165, 14.931



95, 7.364, 15.030



95, 9.109, 126.390



48, 5.088, 15.167



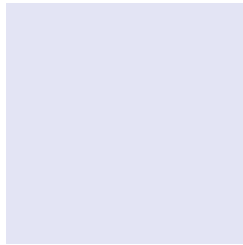
39, 80.077, 37.708



8, 30.660, 22.638

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 8.306, 288.466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

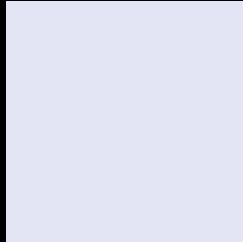
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 8.306, 288.466 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

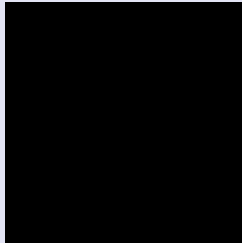
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

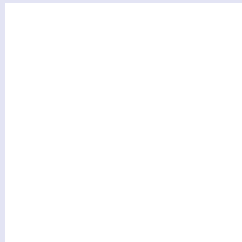
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 8.306, 288.466

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 8.306, 288.466.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 8.306, 288.466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

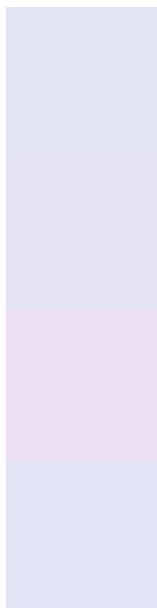
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
91, 9.342, 288.820

Trichromacy



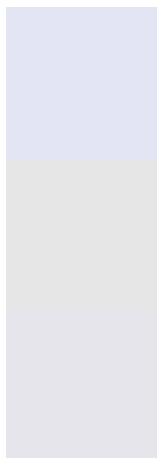
Original Color
91, 8.306, 288.466

Protanomaly
91, 8.304, 290.851

Deuteranomaly
91, 11.385, 314.453

Tritanomaly
91, 8.824, 288.651

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 8.306, 288.466

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 3.118, 290.450

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 8.306, 288.466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 228, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 228, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 228, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 228, 244) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 8.306, 288.466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 228, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 228, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 228, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 228, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 228, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 228,  
244) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 8.306, 288.466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 228, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
228, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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