

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 8.248, 56.204)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 8.248, 56.204) contains.

CIELCh(91, 8.396, 57.574)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(91, 8.396, 57.574)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4E2D8
RGB	244, 226, 216
RGB Percent	96%, 89%, 85%
CMY	0.0437, 0.1142, 0.1534
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.11, 0.04
HSL	21°, 56%, 90%
HSV	21°, 11%, 96%
XYZ	76.8019, 78.4833, 75.9802
YIQ	230.2420, 13.9380, 0.7060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

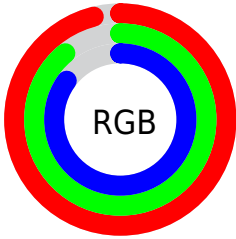
Format	Color
R_{YB}	244, 232, 216
Decimal	16048856
CIE Lab	91.00, 4.50, 7.09
CIE LCh	91, 8.396, 57.574
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3321, 0.3394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294238936 (0xFFF4E2D8)
YUV	230.2420, -7.0213, 12.0658
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -0.2872, 11.1633

Details

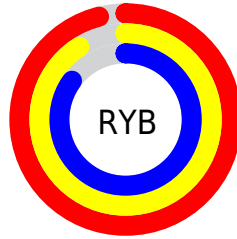
The CIELCh color **91, 8.396, 57.574** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **92, 7.951, 239.894**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 8.592, 58.922** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 16.271, 56.777**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 1.041, 58.012**.

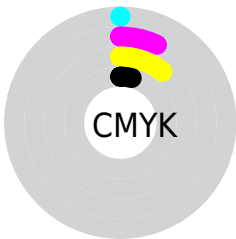
Distribution



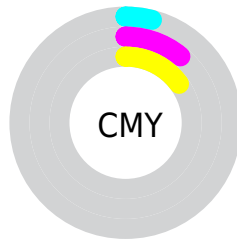
- Red (96%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (4%)

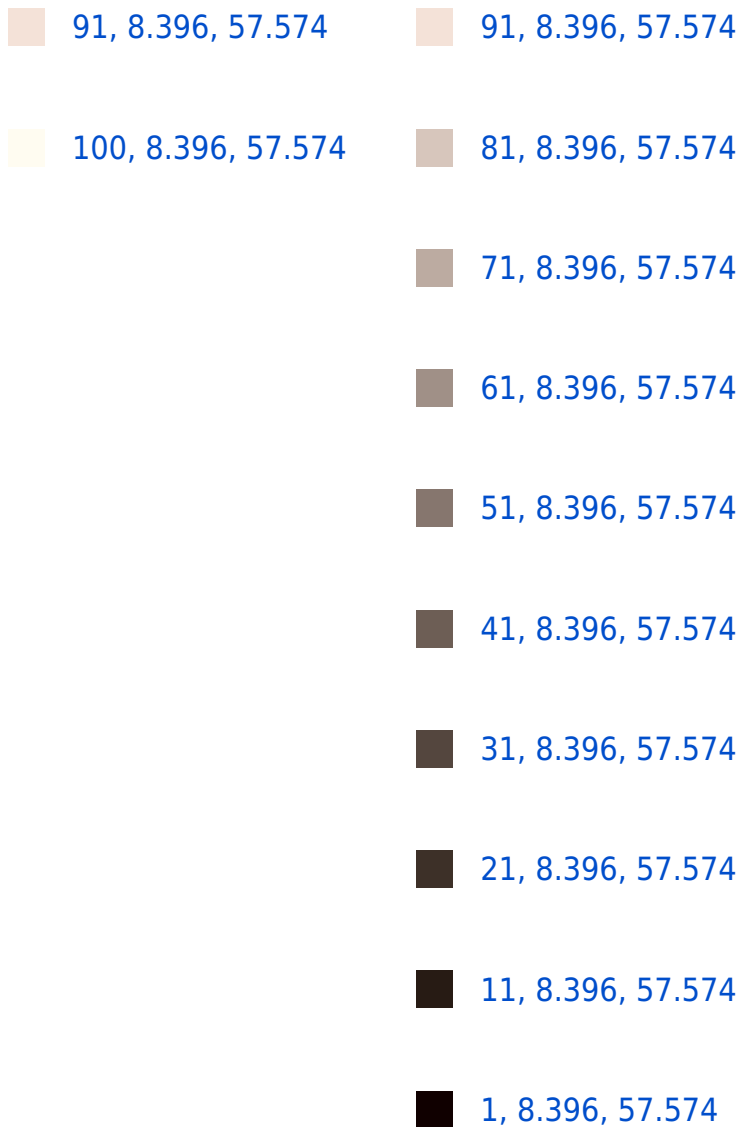


- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 8.396, 57.574 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 8.396, 57.574 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



91, 8.396, 57.574

91, 8.396, 57.574

87, 16.271, 56.777

95, 1.041, 58.012

82, 24.715, 55.989

99, 3.844, 199.334

78, 33.764, 55.262

74, 43.416, 54.606

70, 53.599, 54.015

67, 64.094, 53.435

63, 74.370, 52.708

60, 83.334, 51.474

58, 89.133, 49.835

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



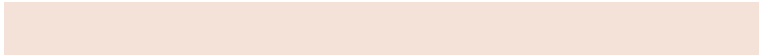
91, 8.396, 57.574



92, 7.951, 239.894

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 8.396, 57.574



91, 8.396, 107.574



91, 8.396, 237.574



91, 8.396, 287.574

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 8.396, 57.593



99, 2.207, 58.146



89, 13.816, 337.187



52, 1.678, 58.130



0, 0.000, 0.000



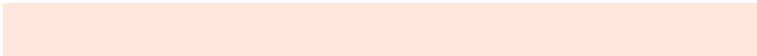
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 8.396, 57.593



94, 10.711, 57.385



94, 12.269, 101.978



49, 4.141, 57.752



45, 72.344, 50.457



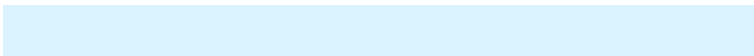
12, 25.419, 47.560

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 7.951, 239.894



94, 10.008, 240.180



88, 12.484, 284.613



49, 3.962, 239.686



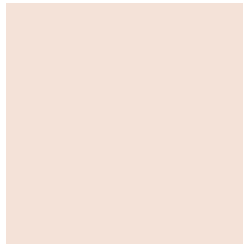
48, 42.776, 266.046



14, 17.474, 258.003

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 8.396, 57.574 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

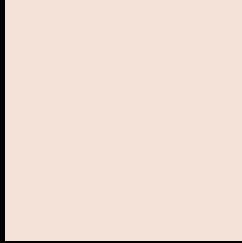
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 8.396, 57.574 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

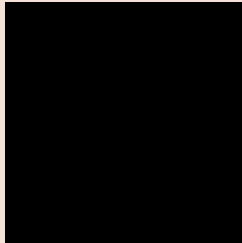
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

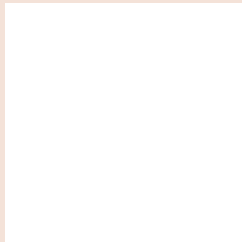
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 8.396, 57.574

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 8.396, 57.574.

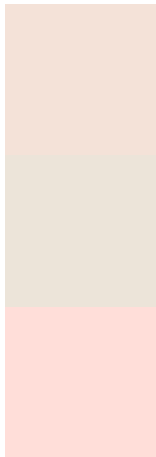


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 8.396, 57.574.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

91, 8.396, 57.574

Protanopia

91, 6.372, 82.382

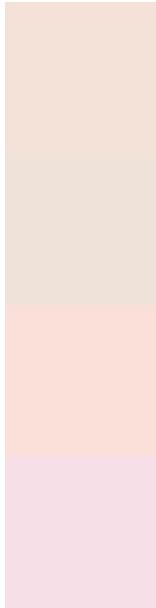
Deuteranopia

91, 12.503, 32.059



Tritanopia
91, 12.923, 334.145

Trichromacy



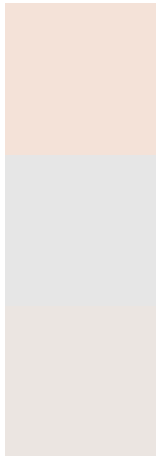
Original Color
91, 8.396, 57.574

Protanomaly
91, 6.766, 69.211

Deuteranomaly
91, 10.805, 36.648

Tritanomaly
91, 9.278, 353.557

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 8.396, 57.574

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 2.972, 63.294

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 8.396, 57.574 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 226, 216)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(244, 226, 216)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 226, 216) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 226, 216) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 8.396, 57.574 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 226, 216) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 226, 216) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 226, 216)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 226, 216); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 226, 216);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 226,  
216) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 8.396, 57.574 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 226, 216) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
226, 216) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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