

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 8.672, 36.266)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(91, 8.672, 36.266) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(91, 8.680, 33.642)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7E0DC
RGB	247, 224, 220
RGB Percent	97%, 88%, 86%
CMY	0.0302, 0.1204, 0.1361
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.11, 0.03
HSL	9°, 64%, 92%
HSV	9°, 11%, 97%
XYZ	78.1576, 78.4833, 78.9452
YIQ	230.4210, 14.9920, 3.6320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

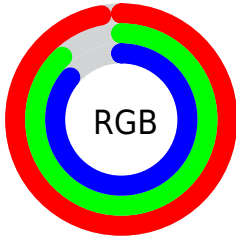
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	247, 225, 220
Decimal	16244956
CIE Lab	91.00, 7.23, 4.81
CIE LCh	91, 8.680, 33.642
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3318, 0.3331
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294435036 (0xFF7E0DC)
YUV	230.4210, -5.1376, 14.5398
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, 2.4444, 9.1789

# Details

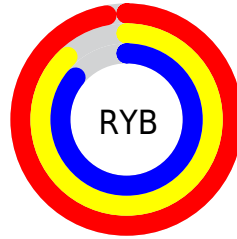
The CIELCh color  $91, 8.680, 33.642$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $94, 8.082, 213.800$ , and the grayscale version is  $92, 0.011, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100, 0.012, 296.813$ , and  $71, 8.827, 34.276$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $85, 17.342, 33.887$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $97, 0.701, 32.745$ .

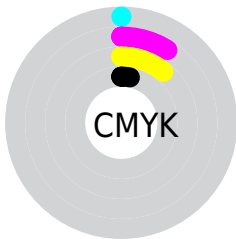
# Distribution



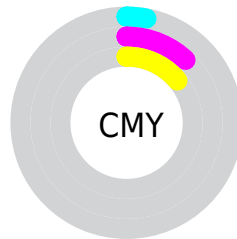
- Red (97%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (3%)















- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (14%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 8.680, 33.642 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 8.680, 33.642 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 91, 8.680, 33.642	 91, 8.680, 33.642
 100, 8.680, 33.642	 81, 8.680, 33.642
	 71, 8.680, 33.642
	 61, 8.680, 33.642
	 51, 8.680, 33.642
	 41, 8.680, 33.642
	 31, 8.680, 33.642
	 21, 8.680, 33.642
	 11, 8.680, 33.642
	 1, 8.680, 33.642

91, 8.680, 33.642

91, 8.680, 33.642

85, 17.342, 33.887

97, 0.701, 32.745

80, 26.738, 34.258

99, 2.666, 199.485

74, 36.885, 34.838

69, 47.751, 35.682

65, 59.219, 36.836

61, 71.030, 38.298

57, 82.634, 39.931

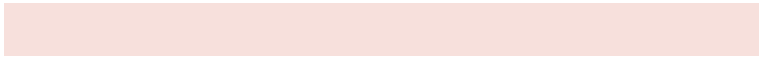
55, 92.815, 41.279

53, 99.364, 41.782

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 8.680, 33.642



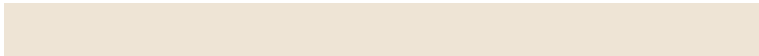
94, 8.082, 213.800

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



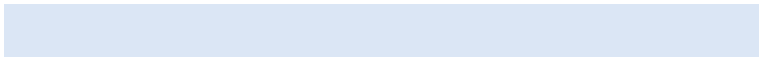
91, 8.680, 33.642



91, 8.680, 83.642



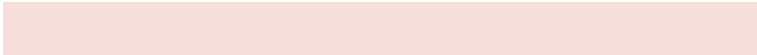
91, 8.680, 213.642



91, 8.680, 263.642

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 8.679, 33.659



98, 2.364, 33.394



91, 15.493, 328.935



52, 1.799, 33.457



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

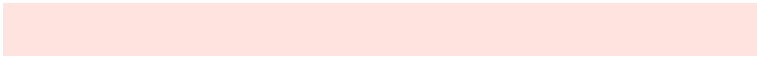


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 8.679, 33.659



92, 10.685, 33.700



94, 9.473, 86.948



48, 4.453, 33.631



40, 79.894, 42.108



10, 28.232, 32.953





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



94, 8.082, 213.800



96, 9.805, 213.814



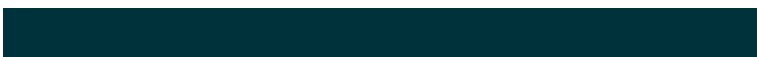
91, 9.422, 269.876



50, 4.188, 213.797



60, 34.417, 224.314

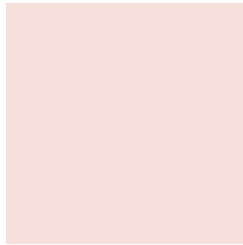


18, 15.397, 220.129



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 8.680, 33.642 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

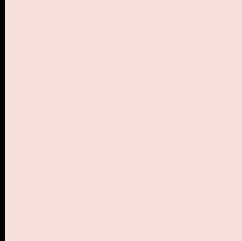
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 8.680, 33.642 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

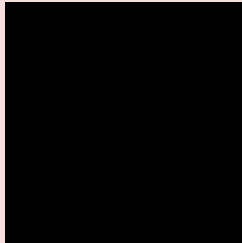
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

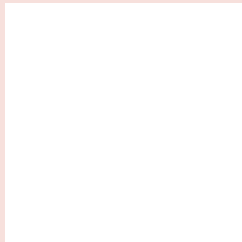
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 91, 8.680, 33.642

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 8.680, 33.642.

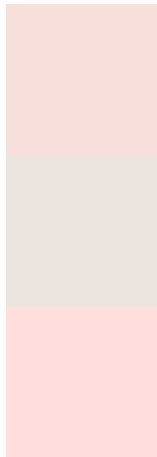


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 8.680, 33.642.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91, 8.680, 33.642

### Protanopia

91, 3.597, 65.220

### Deuteranopia

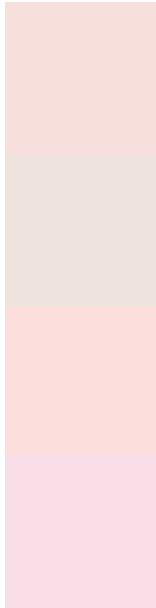
91, 12.156, 22.641



**Tritanopia**  
91, 13.955, 338.523



# Trichromacy



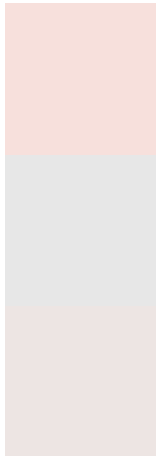
**Original Color**  
91, 8.680, 33.642

**Protanomaly**  
91, 5.052, 50.265

**Deuteranomaly**  
91, 10.703, 25.611

**Tritanomaly**  
91, 11.033, 352.246

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 8.680, 33.642

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 3.046, 39.188

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 8.680, 33.642 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 224, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 224, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 224, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 224, 220) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 8.680, 33.642 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 224, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 224, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 224, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 224, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 224, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 224,  
220) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 8.680, 33.642 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 224, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
224, 220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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