

Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 9.525, 291.246)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(91, 9.525, 291.246) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(91, 9.341, 290.932)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E4F6
RGB	228, 228, 246
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 96%
CMY	0.1066, 0.1066, 0.0361
CMYK	0.07, 0.07, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	240°, 49%, 93%
HSV	240°, 7%, 96%
XYZ	76.2271, 78.4833, 98.1614
YIQ	230.0520, -5.7780, 5.5980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

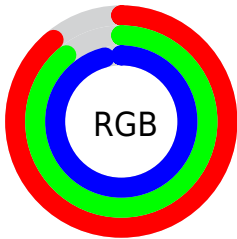
Format	Color
R_{YB}	228, 228, 246
Decimal	15000822
CIE _{Lab}	91.00, 3.34, -8.72
CIE _{LCh}	91, 9.341, 290.932
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3014, 0.3104
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293190902 (0xFFE4E4F6)
YUV	230.0520, 7.8624, -1.7996
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -1.4454, -3.6816

Details

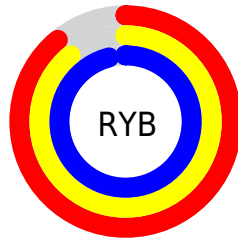
The CIELCh color **91, 9.341, 290.932** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **96, 9.172, 109.455**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **71, 9.286, 291.094** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 22.538, 292.100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 3.333, 109.896**.

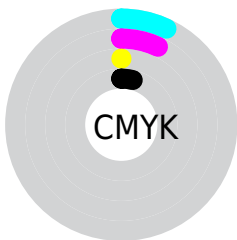
Distribution



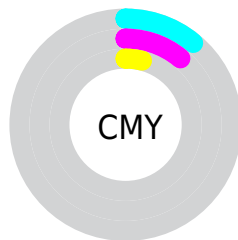
- Red (89%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 9.341, 290.932 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 9.341, 290.932 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 91, 9.341, 290.932

■ 91, 9.341, 290.932

■ 100, 9.341,
290.932

■ 81, 9.341, 290.932

■ 71, 9.341, 290.932

■ 61, 9.341, 290.932

■ 51, 9.341, 290.932

■ 41, 9.341, 290.932

■ 31, 9.341, 290.932

■ 21, 9.341, 290.932

■ 11, 9.341, 290.932

■ 1, 9.341, 290.932

91, 9.341, 290.932

91, 9.341, 290.932

83, 22.538,
292.100

99, 3.333, 109.896

75, 36.307,
293.491

100, 4.652,
109.814

67, 50.681,
295.126

59, 65.655,
297.015

52, 81.103,
299.131

44, 96.585,
301.368

38, 111.028,
303.499

34, 122.502,
305.183

■ 31,128.955,
306.116

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 9.341, 290.932



96, 9.172, 109.455

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 9.341, 290.932



91, 9.341, 340.932



91, 9.341, 110.932



91, 9.341, 160.932

Sweetspot

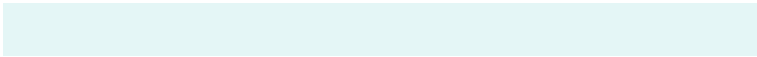
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 9.339, 290.925



98, 2.609, 290.395



96, 6.224, 197.684



52, 1.483, 290.387



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 9.339, 290.925



93, 11.864, 291.110



92, 9.850, 308.803



47, 7.255, 291.161



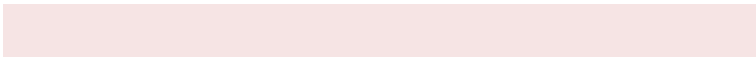
22, 105.624, 306.285



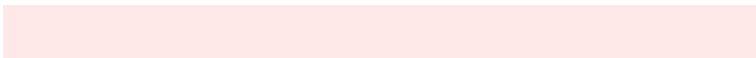
3, 39.900, 299.766

Inverse Universe

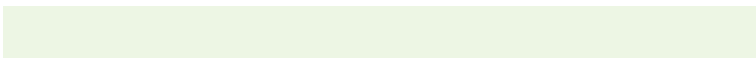
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 6.511, 19.750



94, 8.300, 19.887



96, 9.735, 128.169



48, 5.080, 19.924



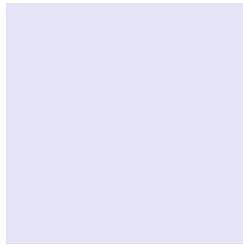
39, 82.541, 39.991



8, 31.023, 24.999

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 9.341, 290.932 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

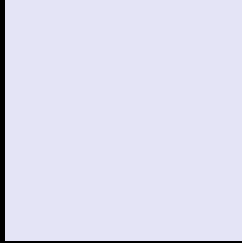
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 9.341, 290.932 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

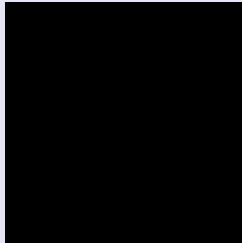
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

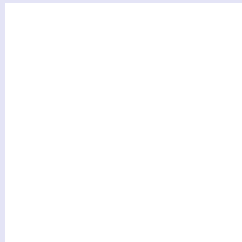
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 91, 9.341, 290.932

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 9.341, 290.932.

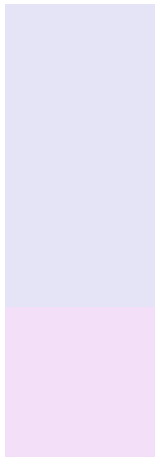


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 9.341, 290.932.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


91, 9.341, 290.932

Protanopia

91, 9.341, 290.932

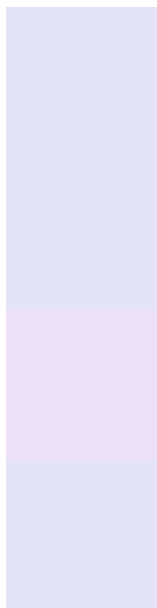
Deuteranopia

91, 14.350, 320.225



Tritanopia
91, 9.341, 290.932

Trichromacy



Original Color
91, 9.341, 290.932

Protanomaly
91, 9.341, 290.932

Deuteranomaly
91, 12.214, 311.014

Tritanomaly
91, 9.341, 290.932

Monochromacy



Original Color
91, 9.341, 290.932

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 3.636, 290.489

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 9.341, 290.932 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 228, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 228, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 228, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 228, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 9.341, 290.932 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 228, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 228, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 228, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 228, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 228, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 228,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 9.341, 290.932 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 228, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
228, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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