

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(91, 99.285, 126.551)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(91, 99.285, 126.551)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(91, 99.173, 126.535)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99FF33
RGB	153, 255, 51
RGB Percent	60%, 100%, 20%
CMY	0.4003, 0.0002, 0.8003
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.80, 0.00
HSL	90°, 100%, 60%
HSV	90°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	49.4596, 78.4833, 15.6649
YIQ	201.2460, 4.6920, -85.0680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

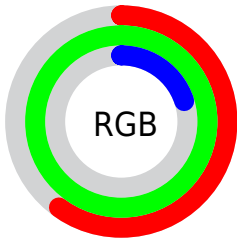
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	51, 255, 153
Decimal	10092339
CIELab	91.00, -59.04, 79.68
CIELCh	91, 99.173, 126.535
Yxy	78.4833, 0.3444, 0.5465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288282419 (0xFF99FF33)
YUV	201.2460, -74.0713, -42.3117
Hunter-Lab	88.5908, -55.3787, 51.5297

# Details

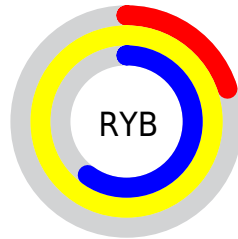
The CIELCh color **91, 99.173, 126.535** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF33**. The color can be described as light washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **47, 111.928, 312.566**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 69.989, 118.456**, and **71, 90.987, 129.318** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 105.520, 127.227**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92, 90.356, 126.309**.

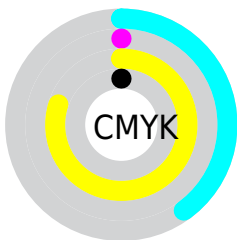
# Distribution



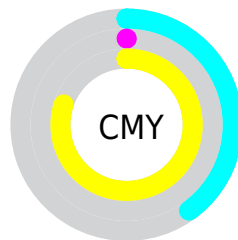
- Red (60%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (80%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 91, 99.173, 126.535 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 91, 99.173, 126.535 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 91, 99.173,  
126.535


 91, 99.173,  
126.535


 100, 99.173,  
126.535


 81, 99.173,  
126.535


 71, 99.173,  
126.535

 61, 99.173,  
126.535


 51, 99.173,  
126.535

 41, 99.173,  
126.535


 31, 99.173,  
126.535


 21, 99.173,


126.535


 11, 99.173,  
126.535


 1, 99.173, 126.535


 91, 99.173,  
126.535

 91, 99.173,  
126.535


 90, 105.520,  
127.227

 92, 90.356,  
126.309

 90, 109.420,  
128.368

 93, 79.619,  
126.419

 94, 67.558,  
126.739

 95, 54.651,  
127.174

■ 96, 41.241,  
127.658

■ 97, 27.566,  
128.151

■ 98, 13.787,  
128.631

100, 0.019,  
136.419

100, 0.047,  
317.831

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



91, 99.173, 126.535



47, 111.928, 312.566

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



91, 99.173, 126.535



91, 99.173, 176.535



91, 99.173, 306.535



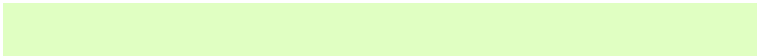
91, 99.173, 356.535

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



91, 99.173, 126.536



97, 33.032, 127.955



72, 72.692, 64.725



51, 22.673, 127.779



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



91, 99.173, 126.536



90, 108.062, 127.886



88, 111.578, 137.034



53, 7.822, 128.656



69, 87.901, 128.084



23, 39.104, 126.534



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 111.928, 312.566



42, 123.372, 311.955



62, 108.687, 328.028



49, 7.931, 309.488



30, 100.532, 311.870

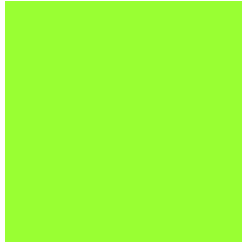


6, 44.901, 312.878



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 91, 99.173, 126.535 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

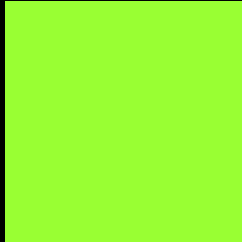
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 91, 99.173, 126.535 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

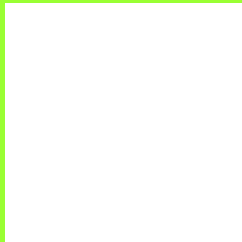
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 91, 99.173, 126.535

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 99.173, 126.535.

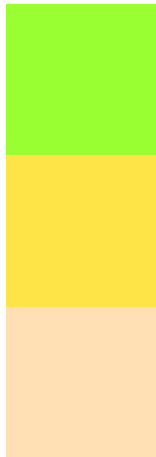


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 91, 99.173, 126.535.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

91, 99.173, 126.535

### Protanopia

90, 75.741, 95.219

### Deuteranopia

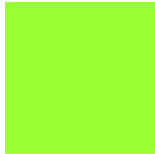
90, 25.627, 79.042





**Tritanopia**  
91, 19.102, 227.914

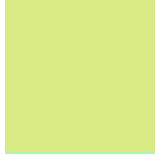
# Trichromacy



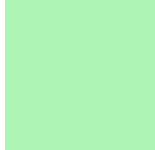
**Original Color**  
91, 99.173, 126.535



**Protanomaly**  
90, 81.115, 109.621

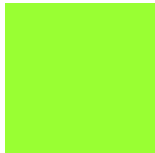


**Deuteranomaly**  
90, 51.764, 113.577

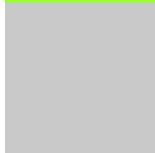


**Tritanomaly**  
90, 41.494, 145.540

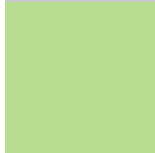
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
91, 99.173, 126.535



**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
84, 41.376, 127.239

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 91, 99.173, 126.535 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 255, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 255, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 255, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 255, 51) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 91, 99.173, 126.535 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 255, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 255, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 255, 51)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 255, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 255, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 255,  
51) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 91, 99.173, 126.535 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 255, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
255, 51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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