

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(92, 10.291, 64.647)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 10.291, 64.647) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(92, 10.454, 67.197)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8E5D6
RGB	248, 229, 214
RGB Percent	97%, 90%, 84%
CMY	0.0282, 0.1027, 0.1615
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.14, 0.03
HSL	26°, 70%, 91%
HSV	26°, 14%, 97%
XYZ	78.7275, 80.7044, 74.9239
YIQ	232.9710, 16.1390, -0.6370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

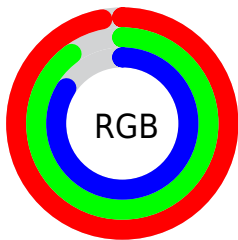
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	248, 241, 214
Decimal	16311766
CIE Lab	92.00, 4.05, 9.64
CIE LCh	92, 10.454, 67.197
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3359, 0.3444
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294501846 (0xFFFF8E5D6)
YUV	232.9710, -9.3527, 13.1804
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -0.7839, 13.4364

# Details

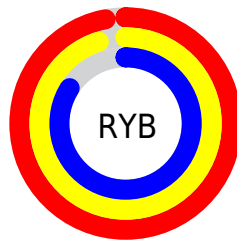
The CIELCh color **92, 10.454, 67.197** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91, 9.964, 250.604**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 10.543, 69.966** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88, 18.604, 66.100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96, 2.751, 68.215**.

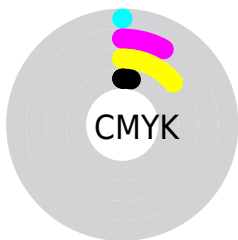
# Distribution



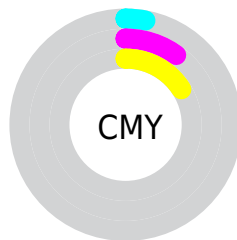
- Red (97%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (16%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 10.454, 67.197 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 10.454, 67.197 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 92, 10.454, 67.197

 92, 10.454, 67.197

 100, 10.454,  
67.197

 82, 10.454, 67.197

 72, 10.454, 67.197

 62, 10.454, 67.197

 52, 10.454, 67.197

 42, 10.454, 67.197

 32, 10.454, 67.197

 22, 10.454, 67.197

 12, 10.454, 67.197

 2, 10.454, 67.197

92, 10.454, 67.197

92, 10.454, 67.197

88, 18.604, 66.100

96, 2.751, 68.215

84, 27.235, 64.985

99, 2.490, 199.513

80, 36.359, 63.884

77, 45.946, 62.796

73, 55.870, 61.697

70, 65.820, 60.509

67, 75.127, 59.046

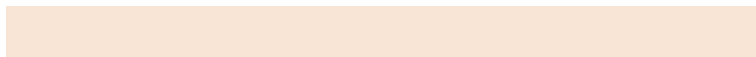
64, 82.610, 56.946

62, 86.152, 55.281

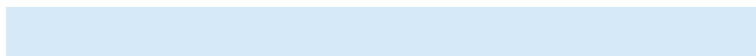
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



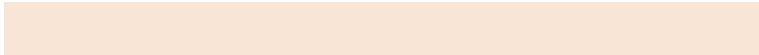
92, 10.454, 67.197



91, 9.964, 250.604

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 10.454, 67.197



92, 10.454, 117.197



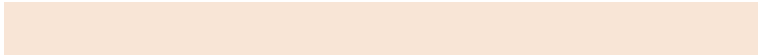
92, 10.454, 247.197



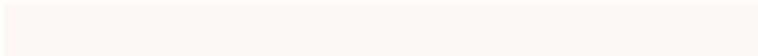
92, 10.454, 297.197

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 10.454, 67.213



98, 3.032, 68.196



89, 15.812, 341.301



52, 2.160, 68.137



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

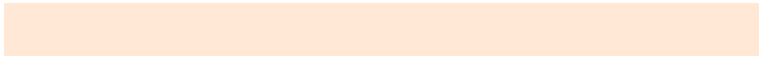


# Same Dimension

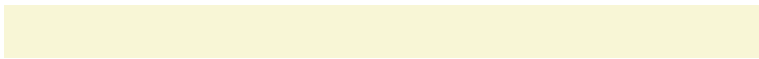
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 10.454, 67.213



93, 12.562, 66.958



96, 16.178, 105.952



50, 4.309, 67.670



48, 69.869, 55.960



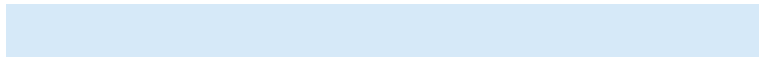
14, 25.989, 55.798



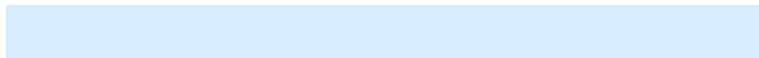


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 9.964, 250.604



93, 11.864, 250.936



87, 16.624, 288.919



50, 4.176, 250.040



44, 51.183, 277.757

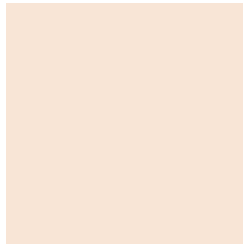


13, 20.682, 270.410



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 10.454, 67.197 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

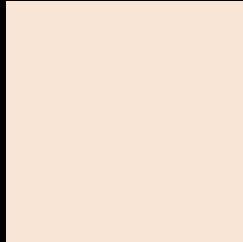
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 10.454, 67.197 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

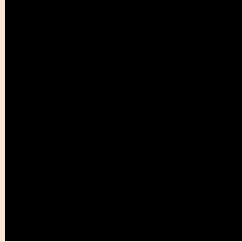
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

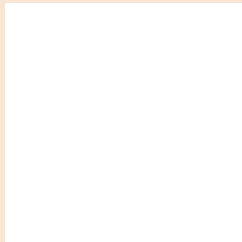
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 92, 10.454, 67.197

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 10.454, 67.197.

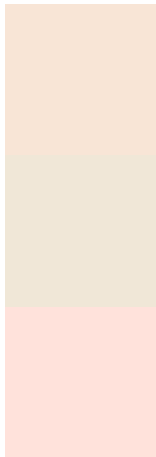


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 10.454, 67.197.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


92, 10.454, 67.197

### Protanopia

92, 8.868, 87.584

### Deuteranopia

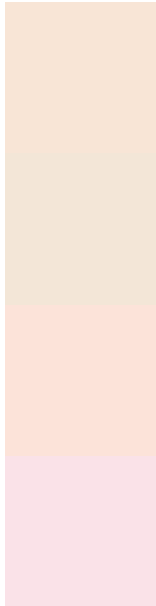
92, 11.308, 38.579



**Tritanopia**  
92, 13.045, 338.042



# Trichromacy



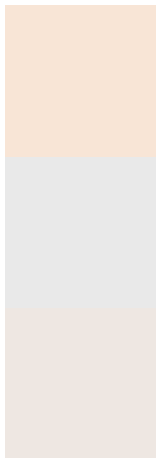
**Original Color**  
92, 10.454, 67.197

**Protanomaly**  
92, 9.082, 77.690

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 10.590, 48.928

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 9.201, 0.380

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 10.454, 67.197

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 3.588, 65.225

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 10.454, 67.197 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 229, 214)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 229, 214)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 229, 214) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 229, 214) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 10.454, 67.197 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 229, 214) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 229, 214) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 229, 214)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 229, 214); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 229, 214);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 229,  
214) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 10.454, 67.197 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 229, 214) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
229, 214) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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