

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 11.538, 120.219)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 11.538, 120.219)
contains.

CIELCh(92, 11.547, 120.216)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(92, 11.547, 120.216)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5EBD5
RGB	229, 235, 213
RGB Percent	90%, 92%, 84%
CMY	0.1028, 0.0793, 0.1656
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.09, 0.08
HSL	76°, 35%, 88%
HSV	76°, 9%, 92%
XYZ	73.8702, 80.7044, 74.4904
YIQ	230.6980, 3.4860, -8.1140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

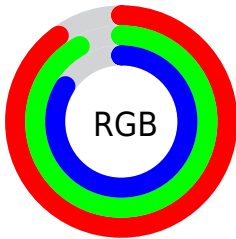
Format	Color
R _{YB}	213, 235, 219
Decimal	15068117
CIE Lab	92.00, -5.81, 9.98
CIE LCh	92, 11.547, 120.216
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3225, 0.3523
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293258197 (0xFFE5EBD5)
YUV	230.6980, -8.7251, -1.4891
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -10.4351, 13.7225

Details

The CIELCh color **92, 11.547, 120.216** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **86, 11.774, 301.362**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 11.543, 118.723** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 23.838, 119.606**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 0.788, 300.760**.

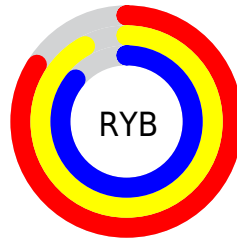
Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (92%)

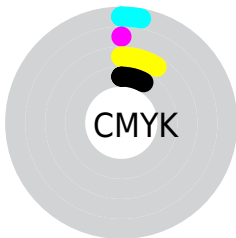
Blue (84%)



Red (84%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (86%)

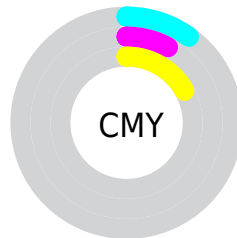


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (10%)


Magenta (8%)


Yellow (17%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 11.547, 120.216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 11.547, 120.216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 11.547,
120.216


 92, 11.547,
120.216


 100, 11.547,
120.216


 82, 11.547,
120.216


 72, 11.547,
120.216

 62, 11.547,
120.216

 52, 11.547,
120.216

 42, 11.547,
120.216

 32, 11.547,
120.216

 22, 11.547,

120.216

■ 12, 11.547,
120.216

■ 2, 11.547, 120.216

■ 92, 11.547,
120.216

■ 92, 11.547,
120.216

■ 91, 23.838,
119.606

■ 93, 0.788, 300.760

■ 90, 35.986,
118.989

■ 94, 10.719,
303.616

■ 89, 47.857,
118.394

■ 95, 11.429,
314.567

■ 89, 59.247,
117.860

■ 95, 12.503,
324.059

■ 95, 12.618,

■ 88, 69.854, 324.856
117.442

■ 87, 79.242,
117.219

■ 87, 86.862,
117.296

■ 86, 92.192,
117.779

■ 86, 95.204,
118.689

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 11.547, 120.216



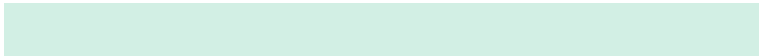
86, 11.774, 301.362

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 11.547, 120.216



92, 11.547, 170.216



92, 11.547, 300.216



92, 11.547, 350.216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 11.549, 120.222



100, 3.947, 120.612



88, 6.661, 46.889



53, 2.994, 120.562



0, 0.000, 0.000



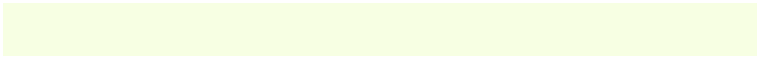
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 11.549, 120.222



99, 14.497, 120.119



91, 12.947, 137.400



49, 6.998, 120.216



68, 78.394, 118.521



20, 31.664, 117.860

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 11.774, 301.362



92, 14.824, 301.476



87, 13.030, 318.193



45, 7.135, 301.369



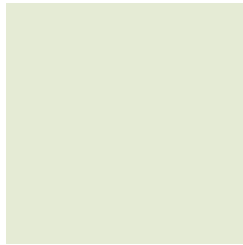
24, 100.848, 308.004



3, 36.527, 304.376

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 11.547, 120.216 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

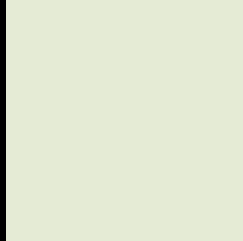
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 11.547, 120.216 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

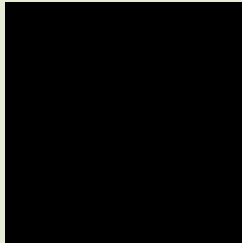
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

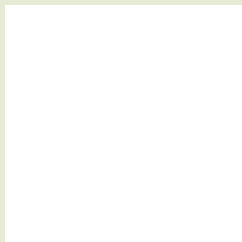
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 11.547, 120.216

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 11.547, 120.216.

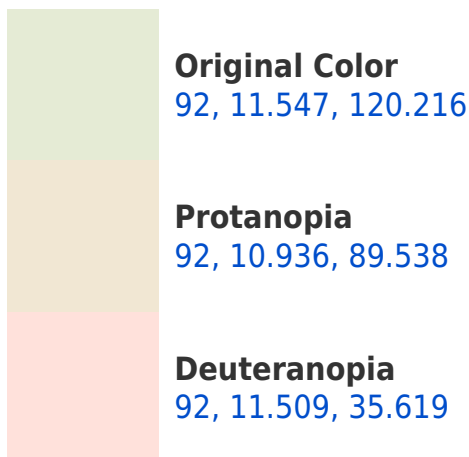


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 11.547, 120.216.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

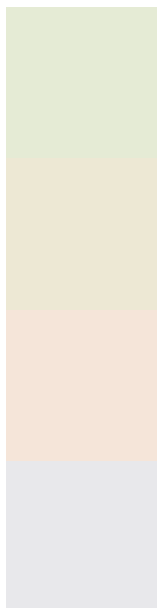
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 9.445, 299.338

Trichromacy



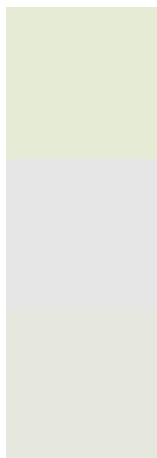
Original Color
92, 11.547, 120.216

Protanomaly
92, 10.453, 99.183

Deuteranomaly
92, 8.529, 65.999

Tritanomaly
92, 1.560, 290.348

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 11.547, 120.216

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 4.191, 119.705

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 11.547, 120.216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 235, 213)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 235, 213)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 235, 213) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 235, 213) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 11.547, 120.216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 235, 213) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 235, 213) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 235, 213)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 235, 213); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 235, 213);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 235,  
213) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 11.547, 120.216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 235, 213) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
235, 213) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor