

# Converting Colors

CIE LCh(92, 12.020, 39.179)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 12.020, 39.179) contains.

<b>CIELCh(92, 11.502, 40.963)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	11
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	20
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	23
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(92, 11.502, 40.963)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE2DA
RGB	255, 226, 218
RGB Percent	100%, 89%, 85%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1138, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.15, 0.00
HSL	13°, 100%, 93%
HSV	13°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	81.0813, 80.7044, 77.6246
YIQ	233.7590, 19.8520, 3.6600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

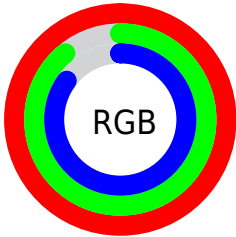
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 228, 218
Decimal	16769754
CIE Lab	92.00, 8.69, 7.54
CIE LCh	92, 11.502, 40.963
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3387, 0.3371
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959834 (0xFFFFE2DA)
YUV	233.7590, -7.7692, 18.6284
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, 3.8931, 11.6540

# Details

The CIELCh color **92, 11.502, 40.963** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95, 10.483, 222.042**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 11.478, 42.285** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87, 20.255, 40.880**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 3.430, 41.073**.

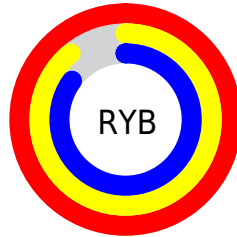
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (89%)

Blue (85%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (85%)

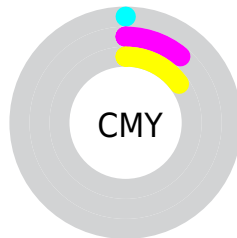


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 11.502, 40.963 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 11.502, 40.963 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 92, 11.502, 40.963

 92, 11.502, 40.963

 100, 11.502,  
40.963

 82, 11.502, 40.963

 72, 11.502, 40.963

 62, 11.502, 40.963

 52, 11.502, 40.963

 42, 11.502, 40.963

 32, 11.502, 40.963

 22, 11.502, 40.963

 12, 11.502, 40.963

 2, 11.502, 40.963

92, 11.502, 40.963

92, 11.502, 40.963

87, 20.255, 40.880

97, 3.430, 41.073

81, 29.745, 40.909

100, 0.012,  
276.878

76, 39.993, 41.110

72, 50.971, 41.517

67, 62.554, 42.141

63, 74.429, 42.929

60, 85.869, 43.660

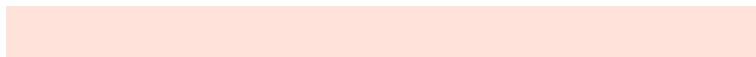
57, 95.302, 43.772

56, 99.199, 43.527

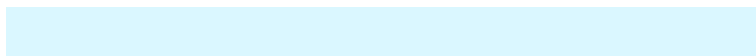
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



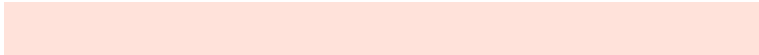
92, 11.502, 40.963



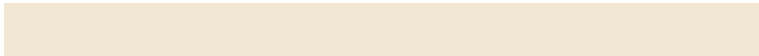
95, 10.483, 222.042

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



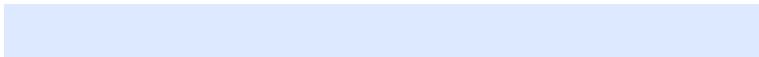
92, 11.502, 40.963



92, 11.502, 90.963



92, 11.502, 220.963



92, 11.502, 270.963

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 11.501, 40.977



98, 3.036, 41.063



91, 20.177, 331.429



52, 2.164, 41.076



0, 0.000, 0.000

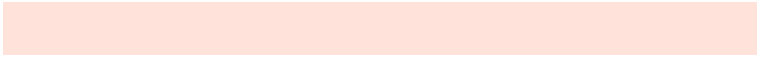


53, 0.007, 296.813

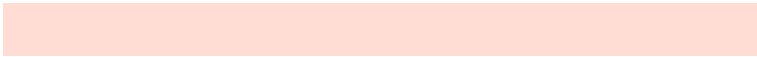


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 11.501, 40.977



91, 13.615, 40.944



96, 13.816, 91.879



50, 4.414, 41.048



42, 79.433, 43.965



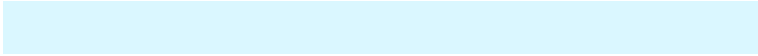
12, 29.740, 38.131



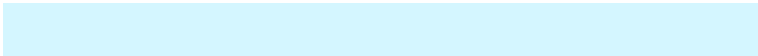


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 10.483, 222.042



95, 12.196, 222.170



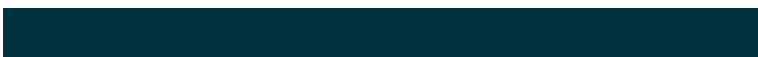
91, 13.857, 275.674



52, 4.162, 221.831



58, 35.750, 239.225

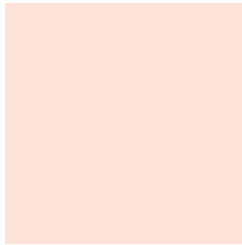


19, 16.216, 233.554



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 11.502, 40.963 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

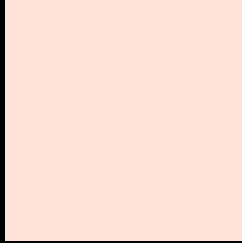
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 11.502, 40.963 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

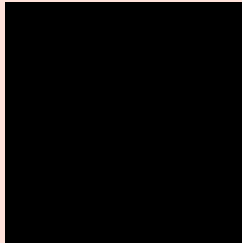
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

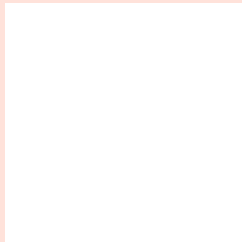
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 92, 11.502, 40.963**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 11.502, 40.963.

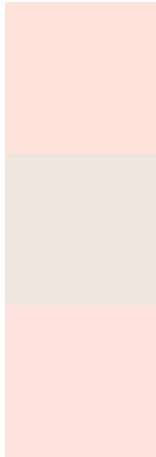


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 11.502, 40.963.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92, 11.502, 40.963

### Protanopia

92, 5.899, 80.173

### Deuteranopia

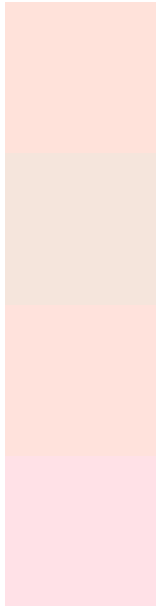
92, 10.985, 33.578



**Tritanopia**  
92, 13.547, 345.549



# Trichromacy



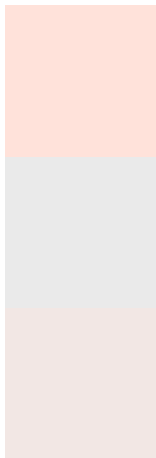
**Original Color**  
92, 11.502, 40.963

**Protanomaly**  
92, 7.460, 58.019

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 11.136, 36.115

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 11.302, 4.332

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 11.502, 40.963

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 4.244, 40.845

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 11.502, 40.963 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 226, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 226, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 226, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 226, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 11.502, 40.963 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

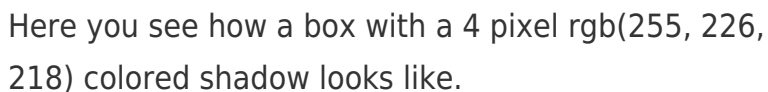
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 226, 218) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 226, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 226, 218)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226, 218); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226, 218); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 226, 218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 11.502, 40.963 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 226, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
226, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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