

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 15.160, 336.496)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 15.160, 336.496)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(92, 14.870, 336.486)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEE0F4
RGB	254, 224, 244
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 96%
CMY	0.0050, 0.1226, 0.0442
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	320°, 92%, 94%
HSV	320°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	83.6469, 80.7044, 96.5430
YIQ	235.2500, 11.4600, 12.5800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

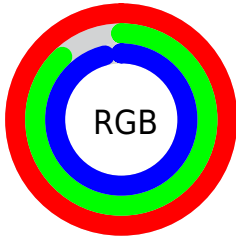
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	254, 224, 244
Decimal	16703732
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	92.00, 13.64, -5.93
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	92, 14.870, 336.486
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3206, 0.3093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294893812 (0xFFFE0F4)
YUV	235.2500, 4.3137, 16.4438
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, 8.9908, -0.8318

# Details

The CIELCh color `92, 14.870, 336.486` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `97, 14.765, 154.817`, and the grayscale version is `93, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `72, 14.705, 336.142` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `86, 27.605, 337.274`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `98, 2.273, 335.611`.

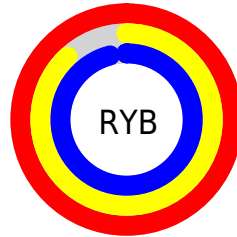
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

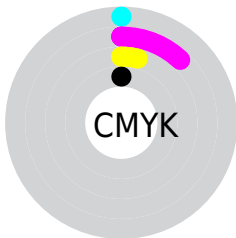
Blue (96%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (96%)

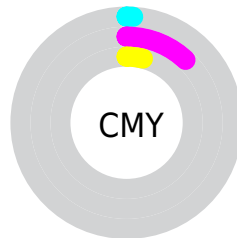


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (12%)


Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 14.870, 336.486 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 14.870, 336.486 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 92, 14.870,  
336.486

 92, 14.870,  
336.486

 100, 14.870,  
336.486

 82, 14.870,  
336.486

 72, 14.870,  
336.486

 62, 14.870,  
336.486

 52, 14.870,  
336.486

 42, 14.870,  
336.486

 32, 14.870,  
336.486

 22, 14.870,

336.486

■ 12, 14.870,  
336.486

■ 2, 14.870, 336.486

■ 92, 14.870,  
336.486

■ 92, 14.870,  
336.486

■ 86, 27.605,  
337.274

■ 98, 2.273, 335.611

■ 80, 40.273,  
338.113

100, 0.441,  
200.880

■ 74, 52.547,  
339.025

■ 69, 63.971,  
340.034

■ 65, 73.966,  
341.175

■ 61, 81.889,  
342.503

■ 58, 87.184,  
344.094

■ 57, 89.589,  
346.042

■ 56, 89.769,  
347.930

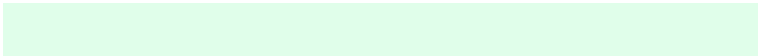
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 14.870, 336.486



97, 14.765, 154.817

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 14.870, 336.486



92, 14.870, 26.486



92, 14.870, 156.486



92, 14.870, 206.486

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 14.867, 336.488



97, 5.020, 335.865



91, 16.012, 303.725



52, 3.570, 335.931



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

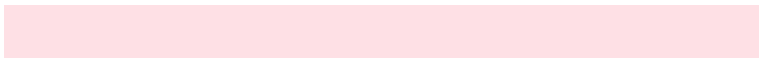
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 14.867, 336.488



91, 17.711, 336.657



92, 11.195, 6.885



50, 7.167, 336.310



42, 72.817, 347.481



11, 34.336, 344.444



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



92, 14.867, 336.488



91, 17.711, 336.657



97, 10.629, 184.852



50, 7.167, 336.310



42, 72.817, 347.481

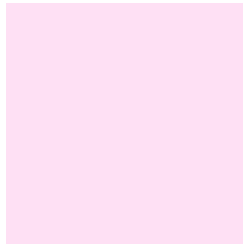


11, 34.336, 344.444



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 14.870, 336.486 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

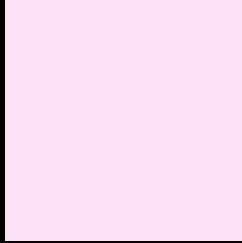
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 14.870, 336.486 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

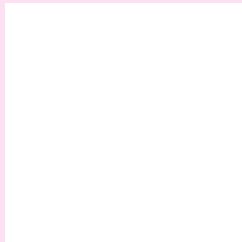
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 92, 14.870, 336.486**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 14.870, 336.486.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 14.870, 336.486.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92, 14.870, 336.486

### Protanopia

92, 8.812, 293.126

### Deuteranopia

92, 12.892, 334.136





**Tritanopia**  
92, 13.922, 338.512

# Trichromacy



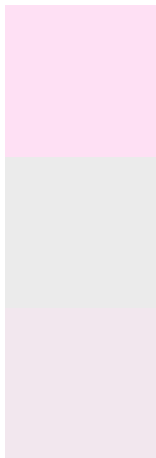
**Original Color**  
92, 14.870, 336.486

**Protanomaly**  
92, 10.272, 314.954

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 13.140, 335.289

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 14.265, 336.959

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 14.870, 336.486

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
93, 5.352, 337.230

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 14.870, 336.486 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 224, 244)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 224, 244)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 224, 244) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 224, 244) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 14.870, 336.486 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 224, 244) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 224, 244) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 224, 244)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 224, 244); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 224, 244);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 224,  
244) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 14.870, 336.486 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 224, 244) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
224, 244) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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