

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 15.213, 179.350)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 15.213, 179.350)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 15.438, 178.794)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7F1E7
RGB	199, 241, 231
RGB Percent	78%, 95%, 91%
CMY	0.2202, 0.0555, 0.0947
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.04, 0.06
HSL	166°, 60%, 86%
HSV	166°, 17%, 94%
XYZ	69.3275, 80.7044, 87.4142
YIQ	227.3020, -21.8220, -12.0140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

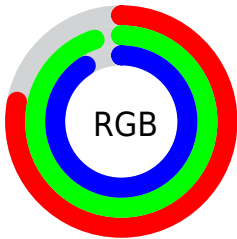
Format	Color
R_{YB}	199, 223, 241
Decimal	13103591
CIE Lab	92.00, -15.43, 0.32
CIE LCh	92, 15.438, 178.794
Yxy	80.7044, 0.2920, 0.3399
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291293671 (0xFFC7F1E7)
YUV	227.3020, 1.8231, -24.8209
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -19.4613, 5.1931

Details

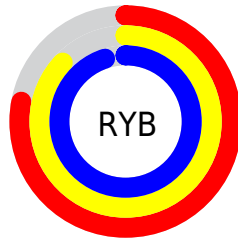
The CIELCh color **92, 15.438, 178.794** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **84, 16.434, 2.131**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 15.465, 177.518** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 23.870, 177.757**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 6.665, 179.794**.

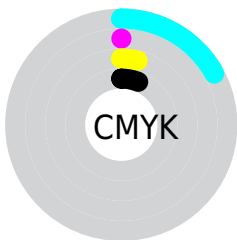
Distribution



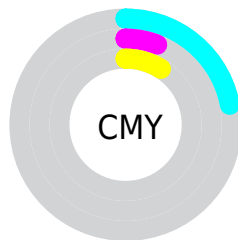
- Red (78%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (6%)





- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 15.438, 178.794 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 15.438, 178.794 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 15.438,
178.794


 92, 15.438,
178.794


 100, 15.438,
178.794


 82, 15.438,
178.794


 72, 15.438,
178.794

 62, 15.438,
178.794

 52, 15.438,
178.794

 42, 15.438,
178.794

 32, 15.438,
178.794

 22, 15.438,

178.794

■ 12, 15.438,
178.794

■ 2, 15.438, 178.794

■ 92, 15.438,
178.794

■ 92, 15.438,
178.794

■ 90, 23.870,
177.757

■ 94, 6.665, 179.794

■ 89, 31.809,
176.655

■ 96, 2.321, 0.366

■ 96, 6.238, 343.528

■ 88, 39.104,
175.460

■ 97, 8.317, 327.105

■ 87, 45.607,
174.150

■ 97, 8.816, 324.713

■ 86, 51.199,
172.699

■ 86, 55.810,
171.084

■ 85, 59.442,
169.284

■ 85, 62.202,
167.303

■ 85, 62.842,
166.791

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 15.438, 178.794



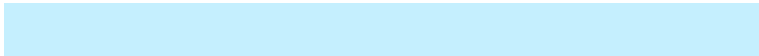
84, 16.434, 2.131

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



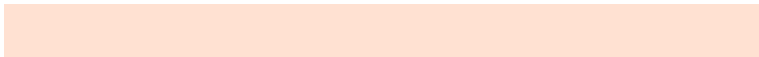
92, 15.438, 178.794



92, 15.438, 228.794



92, 15.438, 358.794



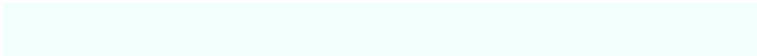
92, 15.438, 48.794

Sweetspot

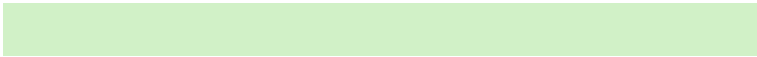
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 15.440, 178.789



99, 4.702, 180.059



92, 24.557, 136.484



53, 3.206, 179.979



0, 0.000, 0.000



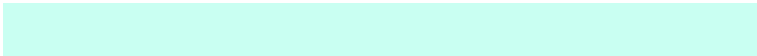
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 15.440, 178.789



96, 19.363, 178.421



90, 11.797, 226.515



49, 5.062, 179.586



67, 51.002, 167.166



20, 21.341, 170.344

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 16.434, 2.131



86, 20.896, 2.572



86, 13.149, 44.679



47, 5.235, 1.231



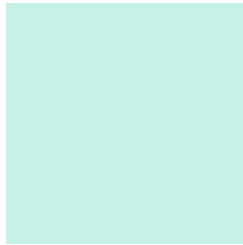
38, 70.863, 26.426



8, 28.899, 13.736

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 15.438, 178.794 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

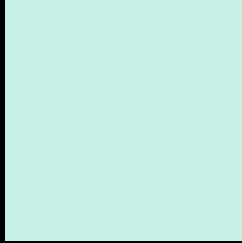
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 15.438, 178.794 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

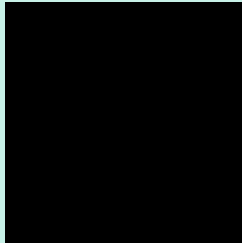
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

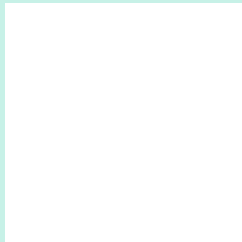
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 15.438, 178.794

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 15.438, 178.794.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 15.438, 178.794.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

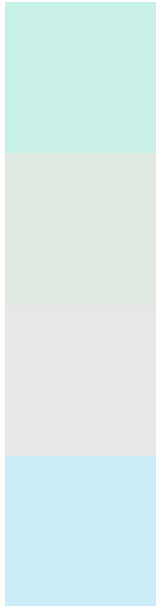
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 13.877, 241.232

Trichromacy



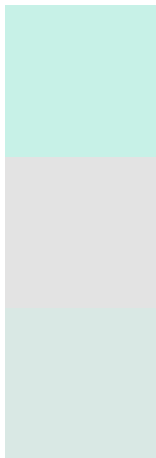
Original Color
92, 15.438, 178.794

Protanomaly
92, 5.356, 156.712

Deuteranomaly
92, 1.902, 324.361

Tritanomaly
92, 12.343, 218.407

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 15.438, 178.794

Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 5.709, 177.815

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 15.438, 178.794 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 241, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 241, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 241, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 241, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 15.438, 178.794 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 241, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 241, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 241, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 241, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 241, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 241,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 15.438, 178.794 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 241, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
241, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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