

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 15.828, 231.202)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 15.828, 231.202)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 15.806, 230.406)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5EFFF
RGB	197, 239, 255
RGB Percent	77%, 94%, 100%
CMY	0.2280, 0.0633, 0.0006
CMYK	0.23, 0.06, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	197°, 99%, 89%
HSV	197°, 23%, 100%
XYZ	71.8343, 80.7044, 106.2693
YIQ	228.2660, -30.1680, -3.9280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

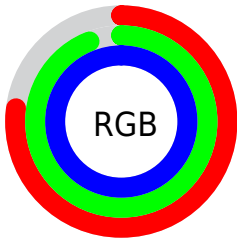
Format	Color
R_{YB}	197, 221, 255
Decimal	12972031
CIE _{Lab}	92.00, -10.07, -12.18
CIE _{LCh}	92, 15.806, 230.406
Yxy	80.7044, 0.2776, 0.3118
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291162111 (0xFFC5EFFF)
YUV	228.2660, 13.1799, -27.4203
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -14.4804, -7.2510

Details

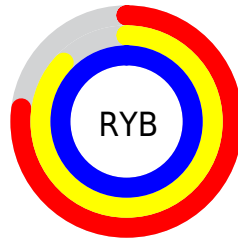
The CIELCh color **92, 15.806, 230.406** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **88, 18.187, 47.392**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.347, 201.292**, and **72, 15.771, 229.875** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 22.052, 231.582**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 9.095, 229.506**.

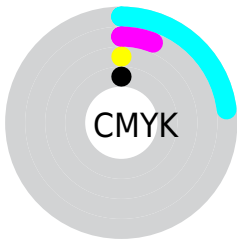
Distribution



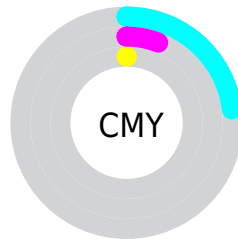
- Red (77%)
- Green (94%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 15.806, 230.406 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 15.806, 230.406 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92, 15.806,
230.406

■ 92, 15.806,
230.406

■ 100, 15.806,
230.406

■ 82, 15.806,
230.406

■ 72, 15.806,
230.406

■ 62, 15.806,
230.406

■ 52, 15.806,
230.406

■ 42, 15.806,
230.406

■ 32, 15.806,
230.406

■ 22, 15.806,

230.406

■ 12, 15.806,
230.406

■ 2, 15.806, 230.406

■ 92, 15.806,
230.406

■ 92, 15.806,
230.406

■ 89, 22.052,
231.582

■ 95, 9.095, 229.506

■ 99, 2.011, 229.038

■ 86, 27.738,
233.113

100, 0.066,
108.998

■ 83, 32.776,
235.074

■ 80, 37.101,
237.559

■ 77, 40.696,
240.663

■ 75, 43.616,
244.459

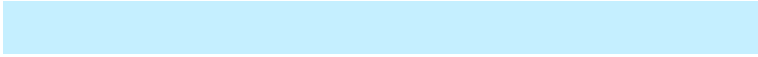
■ 72, 46.008,
248.961

■ 71, 47.585,
252.539

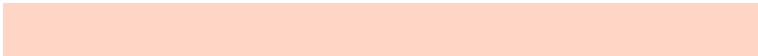
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



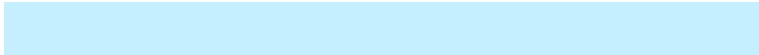
92, 15.806, 230.406



88, 18.187, 47.392

Rectangle

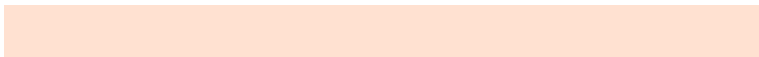
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



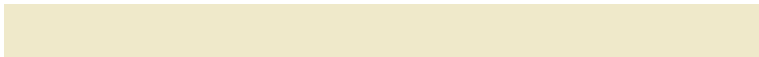
92, 15.806, 230.406



92, 15.806, 280.406



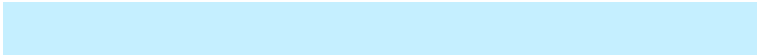
92, 15.806, 50.406



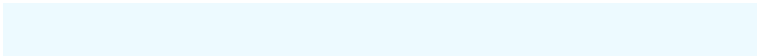
92, 15.806, 100.406

Sweetspot

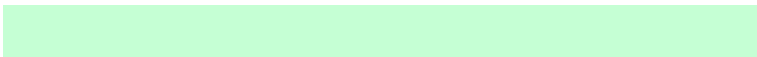
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 15.806, 230.399



97, 5.060, 229.130



95, 30.055, 151.251



52, 3.283, 229.163



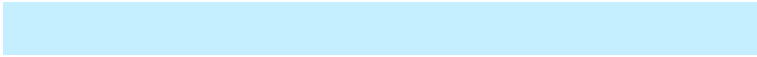
0, 0.000, 0.000



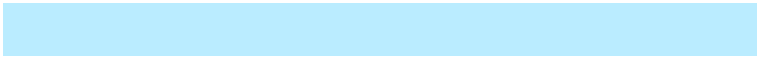
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 15.806, 230.399



91, 18.528, 230.863



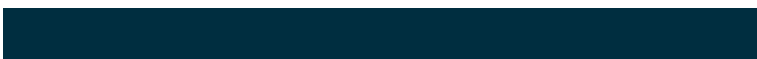
85, 23.702, 281.475



51, 4.086, 229.278



54, 38.087, 251.598



17, 16.830, 244.836

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86, 30.079, 334.902



83, 35.717, 335.223



95, 23.254, 95.586



50, 7.468, 333.934



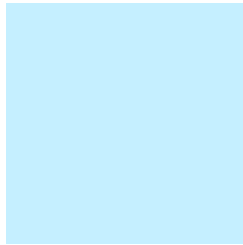
43, 75.501, 343.184



11, 35.538, 340.907

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 15.806, 230.406 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

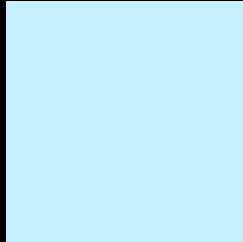
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 15.806, 230.406 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

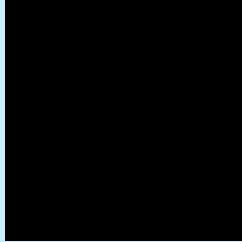
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 15.806, 230.406

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 15.806, 230.406.



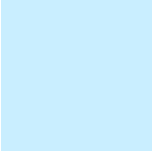
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 15.806, 230.406.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 14.786, 235.454

Trichromacy



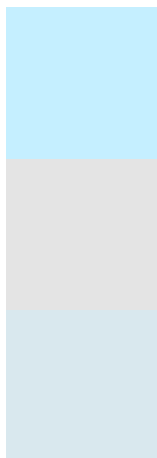
Original Color
92, 15.806, 230.406

Protanomaly
92, 10.501, 262.037

Deuteranomaly
92, 12.548, 281.865

Tritanomaly
92, 15.288, 234.041

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 15.806, 230.406

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 5.998, 230.493

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 15.806, 230.406 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 239, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 239, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 239, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 239, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 15.806, 230.406 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 239, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 239, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 239, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 239, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 239, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 239,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 15.806, 230.406 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 239, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
239, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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