

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 16.464, 198.588)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 16.464, 198.588)
contains.

CIELCh(92, 16.370, 198.372)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(92, 16.370, 198.372)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0F1F1
RGB	192, 241, 241
RGB Percent	75%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.2459, 0.0537, 0.0537
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	180°, 64%, 85%
HSV	180°, 20%, 95%
XYZ	69.2808, 80.7044, 95.3823
YIQ	226.3490, -29.2040, -10.3880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

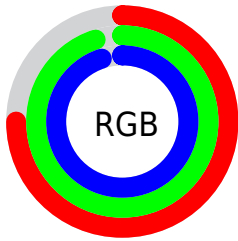
Format	Color
R_{YB}	192, 217, 241
Decimal	12644849
CIE _{Lab}	92.00, -15.54, -5.16
CIE _{LCh}	92, 16.370, 198.372
Y _{xy}	80.7044, 0.2824, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290834929 (0xFFC0F1F1)
Y _{UV}	226.3490, 7.2229, -30.1241
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -19.5541, -0.0657

Details

The CIELCh color **92, 16.370, 198.372** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **82, 18.730, 20.869**, and the grayscale version is **90, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 2.081, 199.592**, and **72, 16.553, 198.120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 23.563, 197.895**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 8.558, 198.909**.

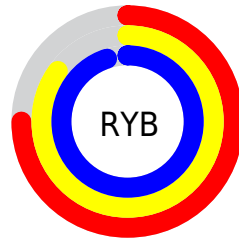
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (95%)

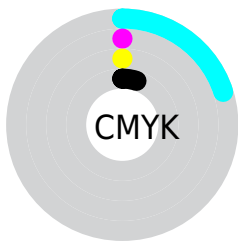
Blue (95%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (95%)

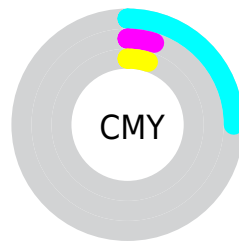


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (5%)



Cyan (25%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 16.370, 198.372 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 16.370, 198.372 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92, 16.370,
198.372

■ 92, 16.370,
198.372

■ 100, 16.370,
198.372

■ 82, 16.370,
198.372

■ 72, 16.370,
198.372

■ 62, 16.370,
198.372

■ 52, 16.370,
198.372

■ 42, 16.370,
198.372

■ 32, 16.370,
198.372

■ 22, 16.370,

198.372

■ 12, 16.370,
198.372

■ 2, 16.370, 198.372

■ 92, 16.370,
198.372

■ 92, 16.370,
198.372

■ 91, 23.563,
197.895

■ 94, 8.558, 198.909

■ 90, 29.996,
197.485

■ 95, 0.262, 201.804

■ 89, 35.540,
197.138

■ 96, 4.881, 19.590

■ 88, 40.090,
196.858

■ 96, 4.881, 19.578

■ 96, 4.881, 19.566

■ 96, 4.881, 19.555

87, 43.584,
196.645

96, 4.881, 19.543

87, 46.013,
196.498

96, 4.881, 19.532

87, 47.440,
196.412

96, 4.881, 19.520

87, 48.067,
196.374

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 16.370, 198.372



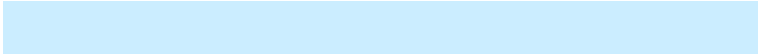
82, 18.730, 20.869

Rectangle

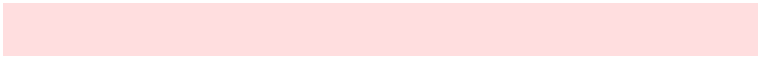
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



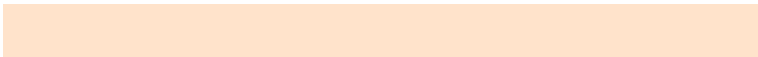
92, 16.370, 198.372



92, 16.370, 248.372



92, 16.370, 18.372



92, 16.370, 68.372

Sweetspot

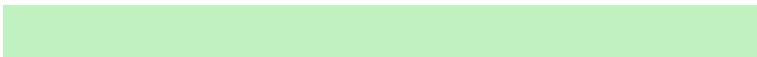
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 16.371, 198.366



99, 5.264, 199.191



91, 30.869, 142.717



53, 3.486, 199.143



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 16.371, 198.366



96, 19.973, 198.182



86, 14.808, 256.514



49, 4.701, 198.960



68, 39.159, 196.374



21, 17.094, 196.376

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 18.730, 20.869



84, 23.487, 21.251



88, 15.720, 71.100



47, 4.993, 19.932



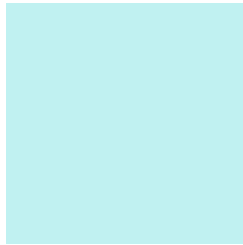
38, 81.699, 39.992



8, 29.836, 23.803

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 16.370, 198.372 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

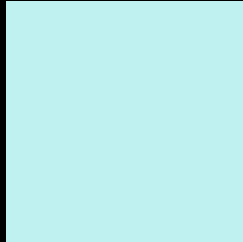
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 16.370, 198.372 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

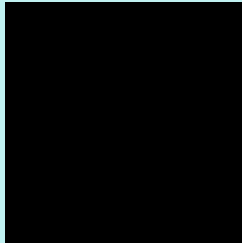
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 16.370, 198.372

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 16.370, 198.372.

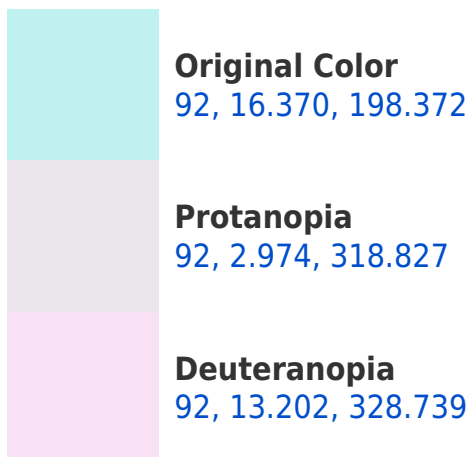


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 16.370, 198.372.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



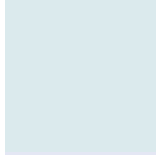


Tritanopia
92, 15.036, 234.735

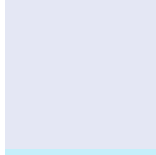
Trichromacy



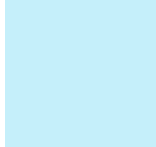
Original Color
92, 16.370, 198.372



Protanomaly
92, 5.411, 215.888



Deuteranomaly
92, 6.795, 281.934

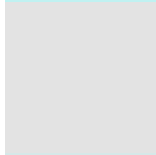


Tritanomaly
92, 14.834, 221.287

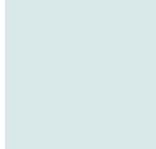
Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 16.370, 198.372



Achromatopsia
90, 0.011, 296.813



Achromatomaly
91, 6.279, 199.077

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 16.370, 198.372 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 241, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 241, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 241, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 241, 241) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 16.370, 198.372 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 241, 241) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 241, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 241, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 241, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 241, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 241,  
241) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 16.370, 198.372 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 241, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
241, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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