

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 20.232, 15.969)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 20.232, 15.969) contains.

|  |    |
|--|----|
| <b>CIELCh(90, 13.309, 13.673)</b> .....        | 3  |
| <i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....                | 4  |
| <i><b>Details</b></i> .....                    | 6  |
| <i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....                  | 11 |
| <i><b>Previews</b></i> .....                   | 20 |
| <i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> ..... | 23 |
| <i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....               | 26 |

# Color

**CIELCh(90, 13.309, 13.673)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| Format      | Color                     |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex         | FEDADD                    |
| RGB         | 254, 218, 221             |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 85%, 87%            |
| CMY         | 0.0047, 0.1457, 0.1340    |
| CMYK        | 0.00, 0.14, 0.13, 0.00    |
| HSL         | 355°, 94%, 92%            |
| HSV         | 355°, 14%, 100%           |
| XYZ         | 78.8581, 76.3034, 78.8644 |
| YIQ         | 229.1060, 20.4930, 8.5650 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

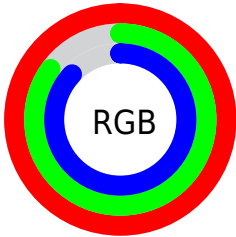
| Format                              | Color  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <a href="#">RYB</a>                 | <a href="#">254, 218, 221</a>                  |
| Decimal                             | <a href="#">16702173</a>                       |
| CIELab                              | <a href="#">90.00, 12.93, 3.15</a>             |
| CIELCh                              | <a href="#">90, 13.309, 13.673</a>             |
| Yxy                                 | <a href="#">76.3034, 0.3370,<br/>0.3260</a>    |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | <a href="#">4294892253<br/>(0xFF FEDADD)</a>   |
| YUV                                 | <a href="#">229.1060, -3.9963,<br/>21.8320</a> |
| Hunter-Lab                          | <a href="#">87.3518, 8.2778,<br/>7.6171</a>    |

# Details

The CIELCh color **90, 13.309, 13.673** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **97, 12.316, 191.506**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **70, 13.331, 13.586** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83, 23.469, 14.801**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **97, 3.783, 12.669**.

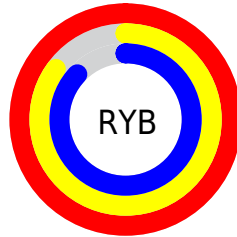
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (85%)

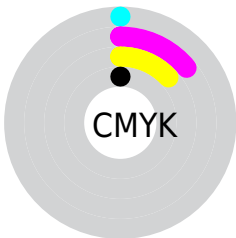
Blue (87%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (87%)

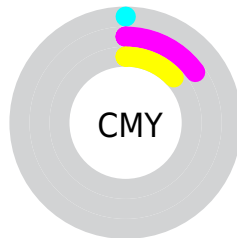


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 90, 13.309, 13.673 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 90, 13.309, 13.673 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 90, 13.309, 13.673

 90, 13.309, 13.673

 100, 13.309,  
13.673

 80, 13.309, 13.673

 70, 13.309, 13.673

 60, 13.309, 13.673

 50, 13.309, 13.673

 40, 13.309, 13.673

 30, 13.309, 13.673

 20, 13.309, 13.673

 10, 13.309, 13.673

 0, 13.309, 13.673

90, 13.309, 13.673

90, 13.309, 13.673

83, 23.469, 14.801

97, 3.783, 12.669

77, 34.218, 16.184

100, 0.417,  
200.968

71, 45.416, 17.936

66, 56.819, 20.176

61, 68.083, 23.039

58, 78.808, 26.618

55, 88.601, 30.849

53, 96.913, 35.269

53, 100.737,  
37.438

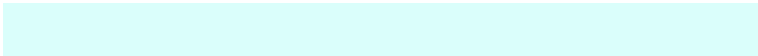
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90, 13.309, 13.673



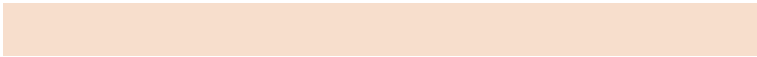
97, 12.316, 191.506

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



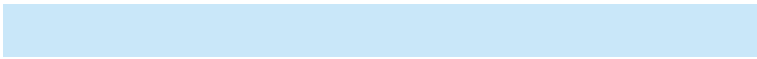
90, 13.309, 13.673



90, 13.309, 63.673



90, 13.309, 193.673



90, 13.309, 243.673

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90, 13.307, 13.682



97, 3.643, 12.649



91, 21.978, 322.876



51, 2.596, 12.738



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

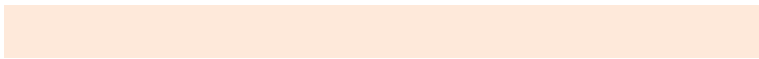
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90, 13.307, 13.682



88, 16.184, 13.978



94, 10.925, 64.335



50, 5.276, 13.220



40, 80.751, 36.760



10, 32.718, 23.808





# Inverse Universe

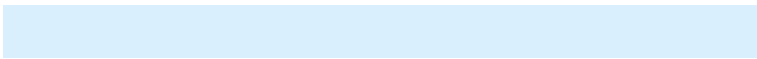
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 13.307, 13.682



88, 16.184, 13.978



93, 10.333, 247.682



50, 5.276, 13.220



40, 80.751, 36.760

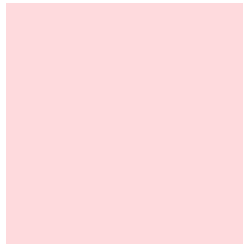


10, 32.718, 23.808



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 13.309, 13.673 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

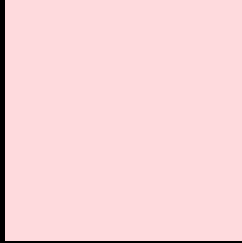
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 90, 13.309, 13.673 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

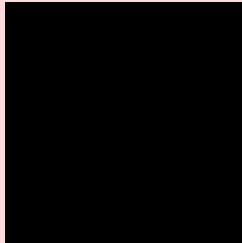
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

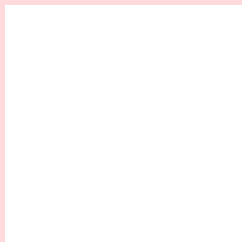
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 90, 13.309, 13.673**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 13.309, 13.673.

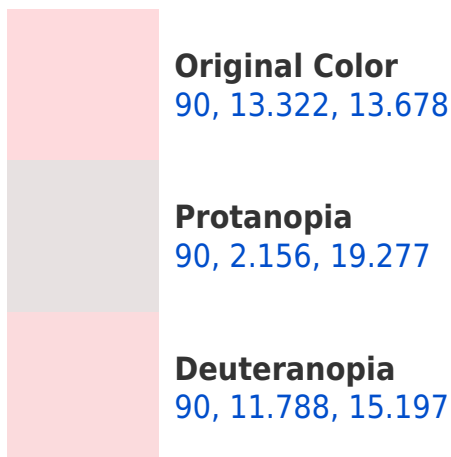


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 90, 13.309, 13.673.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
90, 16.600, 348.639



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 13.322, 13.678

**Protanomaly**  
90, 6.192, 14.960

**Deuteranomaly**  
90, 12.161, 15.382

**Tritanomaly**  
90, 15.127, 356.320

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
90, 13.322, 13.678

**Achromatopsia**  
91, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
91, 4.722, 13.328

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 90, 13.309, 13.673 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 218, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 218, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 218, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 218, 221) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 90, 13.309, 13.673 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 218, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 218, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 218, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 218, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 218, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 218,  
221) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 90, 13.309, 13.673 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 218, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
218, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor