

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 24.094, 93.582)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 24.094, 93.582) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(92, 23.950, 93.352)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7E7BA
RGB	247, 231, 186
RGB Percent	97%, 91%, 73%
CMY	0.0302, 0.0929, 0.2695
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.25, 0.03
HSL	44°, 80%, 85%
HSV	44°, 25%, 97%
XYZ	76.0170, 80.7044, 58.1847
YIQ	230.6540, 23.9810, -10.6030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

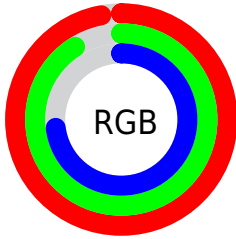
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	208, 247, 186
Decimal	16246714
CIE Lab	92.00, -1.40, 23.91
CIE LCh	92, 23.950, 93.352
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3537, 0.3755
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294436794 (0xFFFF7E7BA)
YUV	230.6540, -22.0144, 14.3354
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -6.1695, 24.4840

# Details

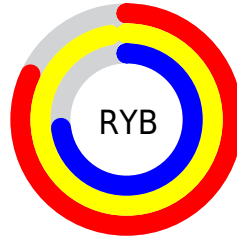
The CIELCh color **92, 23.950, 93.352** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **82, 24.289, 279.932**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 6.580, 109.674**, and **72, 23.937, 93.906** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 33.819, 92.065**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 14.153, 94.612**.

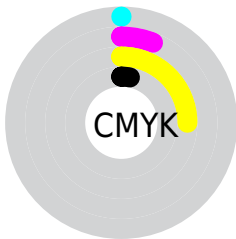
# Distribution



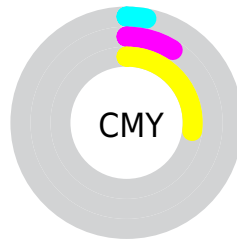
- Red (97%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (27%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 23.950, 93.352 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 23.950, 93.352 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 92, 23.950, 93.352

 92, 23.950, 93.352

 100, 23.950,  
93.352

 82, 23.950, 93.352

 72, 23.950, 93.352

 62, 23.950, 93.352

 52, 23.950, 93.352

 42, 23.950, 93.352

 32, 23.950, 93.352

 22, 23.950, 93.352

 12, 23.950, 93.352

 2, 23.950, 93.352

92, 23.950, 93.352

92, 23.950, 93.352

90, 33.819, 92.065

94, 14.153, 94.612

88, 43.664, 90.737

96, 4.469, 95.796

86, 53.313, 89.374

98, 2.462, 261.285

84, 62.456, 87.967

99, 2.666, 199.485

82, 70.569, 86.484

81, 76.873, 84.856

79, 80.518, 82.968

78, 81.509, 81.854

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 23.950, 93.352



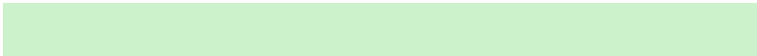
82, 24.289, 279.932

# Rectangle

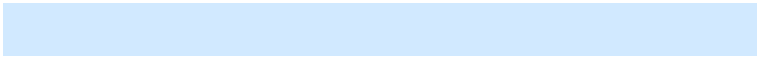
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 23.950, 93.352



92, 23.950, 143.352



92, 23.950, 273.352



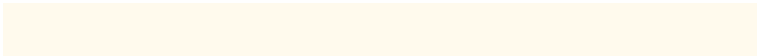
92, 23.950, 323.352

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 23.951, 93.358



98, 6.880, 95.532



81, 24.364, 0.964



52, 4.473, 95.462



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

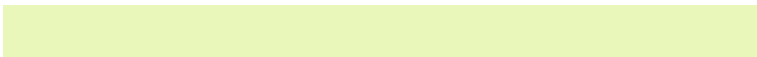
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 23.951, 93.358



93, 29.939, 92.667



95, 31.424, 117.665



50, 5.416, 95.241



60, 65.937, 82.280



19, 26.910, 84.963





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 24.289, 279.932



80, 30.479, 280.896



79, 33.126, 301.137



48, 5.452, 277.622



29, 85.729, 300.111

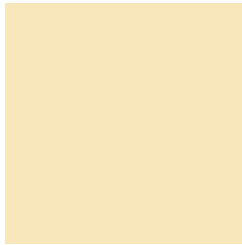


6, 32.252, 293.984



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 23.950, 93.352 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

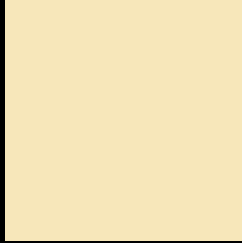
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 23.950, 93.352 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

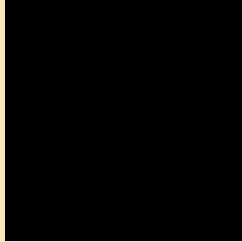
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

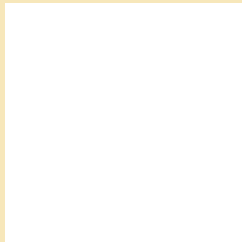
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 92, 23.950, 93.352

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 23.950, 93.352.

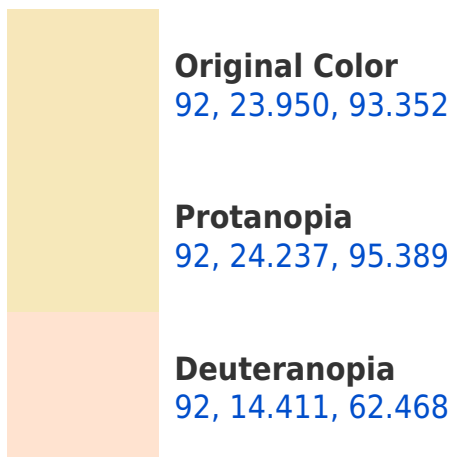


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 23.950, 93.352.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

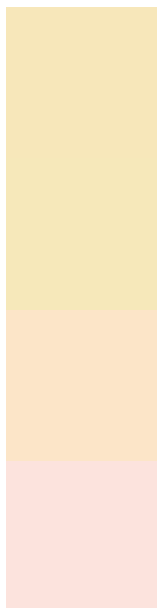




**Tritanopia**  
92, 13.864, 341.136



# Trichromacy



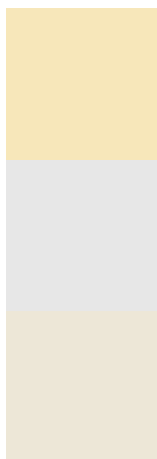
**Original Color**  
92, 23.950, 93.352

**Protanomaly**  
92, 24.237, 95.389

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 17.334, 78.711

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 9.691, 38.487

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 23.950, 93.352

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 8.522, 94.529

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 23.950, 93.352 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(247, 231, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 231, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 231, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 231, 186) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 23.950, 93.352 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 231, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 231, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 231, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 231, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 231, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 231,  
186) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 23.950, 93.352 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 231, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
231, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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