

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 27.589, 87.294)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 27.589, 87.294) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(92, 27.568, 87.286)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEE5B3
RGB	254, 229, 179
RGB Percent	100%, 90%, 70%
CMY	0.0022, 0.1002, 0.2964
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.29, 0.00
HSL	40°, 99%, 85%
HSV	40°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	77.3542, 80.7044, 54.3692
YIQ	230.7750, 30.9500, -10.2500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

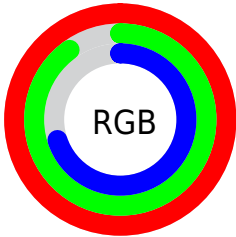
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	217, 254, 179
Decimal	16704947
CIE Lab	92.00, 1.31, 27.54
CIE LCh	92, 27.568, 87.286
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3641, 0.3799
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294895027 (0xFFFE5B3)
YUV	230.7750, -25.5251, 20.3683
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -3.5125, 27.0022

# Details

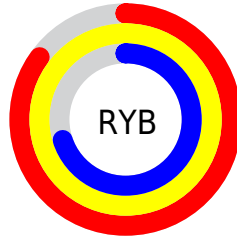
The CIELCh color **92, 27.568, 87.286** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **82, 27.389, 275.724**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 10.124, 109.411**, and **72, 27.585, 88.051** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 37.247, 85.915**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 18.032, 88.626**.

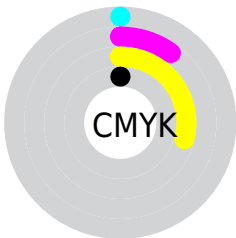
# Distribution



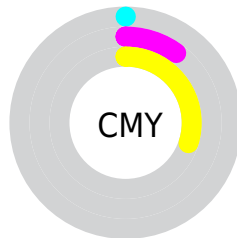
- Red (100%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 27.568, 87.286 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 27.568, 87.286 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 92, 27.568, 87.286

 92, 27.568, 87.286

 100, 27.568,  
87.286

 82, 27.568, 87.286

 72, 27.568, 87.286

 62, 27.568, 87.286

 52, 27.568, 87.286

 42, 27.568, 87.286

 32, 27.568, 87.286

 22, 27.568, 87.286

 12, 27.568, 87.286

 2, 27.568, 87.286

92, 27.568, 87.286

92, 27.568, 87.286

89, 37.247, 85.915

95, 18.032, 88.626

87, 46.968, 84.495

97, 8.680, 89.906

85, 56.534, 83.020

100, 0.166,  
225.034

82, 65.574, 81.454

100, 0.192,  
202.848

80, 73.443, 79.720

78, 79.209, 77.672

76, 82.243, 75.157

76, 82.375, 75.025

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 27.568, 87.286



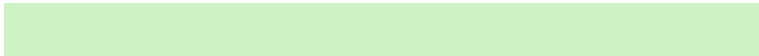
82, 27.389, 275.724

# Rectangle

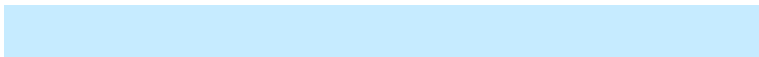
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 27.568, 87.286



92, 27.568, 137.286



92, 27.568, 267.286



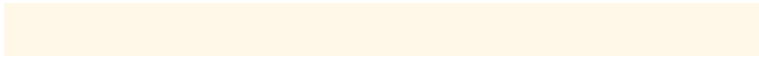
92, 27.568, 317.286

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 27.569, 87.292



98, 8.244, 89.966



81, 30.813, 356.924



52, 5.739, 89.785



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

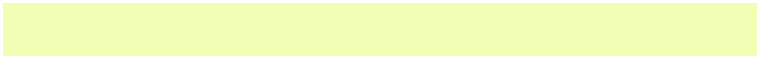
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 27.569, 87.292



91, 32.950, 86.538



97, 38.016, 114.543



52, 5.211, 89.903



58, 66.475, 75.569



19, 28.095, 78.337





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82, 27.389, 275.724



79, 32.715, 276.844



77, 40.705, 299.348



50, 5.210, 272.414



33, 78.988, 296.690



8, 31.685, 291.553



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 27.568, 87.286 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

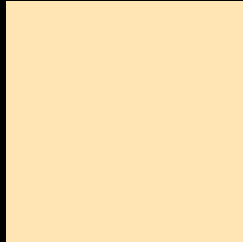
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 27.568, 87.286 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 92, 27.568, 87.286

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 27.568, 87.286.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 27.568, 87.286.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92, 27.568, 87.286

### Protanopia

92, 27.317, 95.677

### Deuteranopia

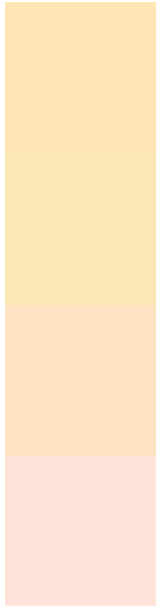
92, 15.161, 65.162



**Tritanopia**  
92, 13.007, 349.317



# Trichromacy



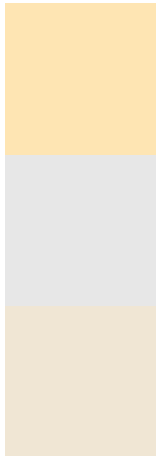
**Original Color**  
92, 27.568, 87.286

**Protanomaly**  
92, 27.238, 92.269

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 19.514, 76.865

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 11.947, 45.475

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 27.568, 87.286

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 9.976, 87.669

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 27.568, 87.286 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 229, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 229, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 229, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 229, 179) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 27.568, 87.286 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 229, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 229, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 229, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 229, 179); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 229, 179); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 229, 179) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 27.568, 87.286 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 229, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
229, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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