

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(92, 3.145, 132.360)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 3.145, 132.360) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 2.797, 132.456)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E9E4
RGB	230, 233, 228
RGB Percent	90%, 91%, 89%
CMY	0.0980, 0.0862, 0.1059
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.09
HSL	96°, 10%, 90%
HSV	96°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	75.7776, 80.7044, 84.9841
YIQ	231.5330, -0.1830, -2.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	228, 233, 231
Decimal	15133156
CIE Lab	92.00, -1.89, 2.06
CIE LCh	92, 2.797, 132.456
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3138, 0.3342
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293323236 (0xFFE6E9E4)
YUV	231.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -6.6452, 6.7969

Details

The CIELCh color **92, 2.797, 132.456** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91, 2.826, 312.524**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 2.300, 129.019** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 15.936, 131.984**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 10.231, 312.783**.

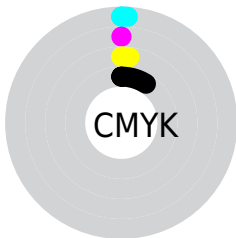
Distribution



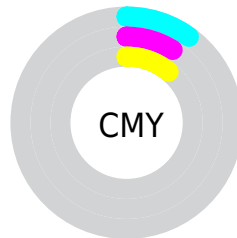
- Red (90%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 2.797, 132.456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 2.797, 132.456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92, 2.797, 132.456

■ 92, 2.797, 132.456

■ 100, 2.797,
132.456

■ 82, 2.797, 132.456

■ 72, 2.797, 132.456

■ 62, 2.797, 132.456

■ 52, 2.797, 132.456

■ 42, 2.797, 132.456

■ 32, 2.797, 132.456

■ 22, 2.797, 132.456

■ 12, 2.797, 132.456

■ 2, 2.797, 132.456

■ 92, 2.797, 132.456

■ 92, 2.797, 132.456

■ 90, 15.936,
131.984

■ 94, 10.231,
312.783

■ 89, 29.093,
131.508

■ 95, 13.731,
324.896

■ 88, 42.147,
131.011

■ 87, 54.925,
130.512

■ 85, 67.179,
130.054

■ 85, 78.559,
129.704

■ 84, 88.587,
129.563

■ 83, 96.695,
129.763

■ 83,102.398,
130.419

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 2.797, 132.456



91, 2.826, 312.524

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



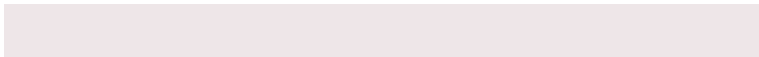
92, 2.797, 132.456



92, 2.797, 182.456



92, 2.797, 312.456



92, 2.797, 2.456

Sweetspot

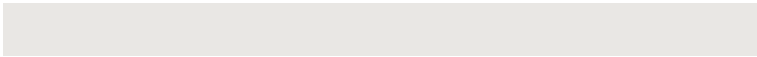
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 2.799, 132.468



100, 1.396, 132.584



92, 1.692, 84.958



53, 0.793, 132.593



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

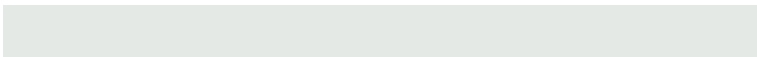
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 2.799, 132.468



99, 4.213, 132.414



92, 2.940, 147.255



49, 2.985, 132.373



65, 86.958, 130.954



19, 34.755, 130.429

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 2.826, 312.524



98, 4.247, 312.577



91, 2.959, 327.290



48, 3.008, 312.618



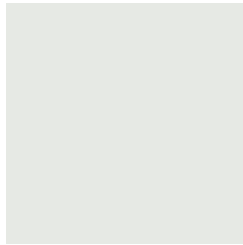
31, 94.433, 314.434



5, 38.151, 315.002

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 2.797, 132.456 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

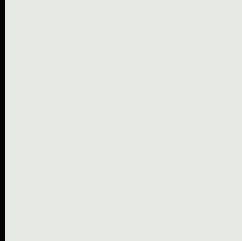
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 2.797, 132.456 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

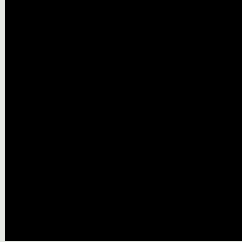
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

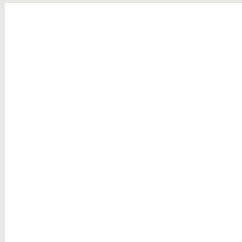
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 2.797, 132.456

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 2.797, 132.456.



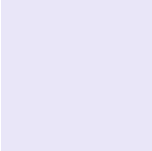
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 2.797, 132.456.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

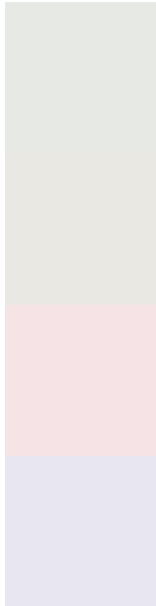
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 9.397, 297.252

Trichromacy



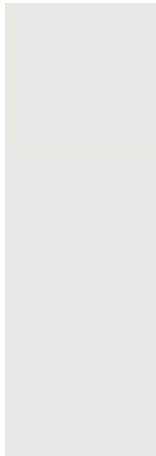
Original Color
92, 2.797, 132.456

Protanomaly
92, 2.661, 94.300

Deuteranomaly
92, 6.944, 11.280

Tritanomaly
92, 5.198, 294.458

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 2.797, 132.456

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 0.621, 144.882

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 2.797, 132.456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 233, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 233, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 233, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 233, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 2.797, 132.456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 233, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 233, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 233, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 233, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 233, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 233,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 2.797, 132.456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 233, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
233, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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