

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 3.494, 202.868)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 3.494, 202.868) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(92, 3.511, 199.344)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0EAEA
RGB	224, 234, 234
RGB Percent	88%, 92%, 92%
CMY	0.1212, 0.0820, 0.0820
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	180°, 19%, 90%
HSV	180°, 4%, 92%
XYZ	75.0811, 80.7044, 89.5302
YIQ	231.0100, -5.9600, -2.1200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

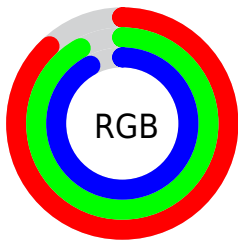
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	224, 229, 234
Decimal	14740202
CIE Lab	92.00, -3.31, -1.16
CIE LCh	92, 3.511, 199.344
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3061, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292930282 (0xFFE0EAEA)
YUV	231.0100, 1.4741, -6.1478
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -8.0290, 3.7965

# Details

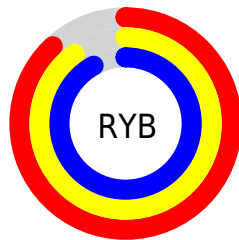
The CIELCh color **92, 3.511, 199.344** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **90, 3.609, 19.462**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 3.321, 199.282** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 11.436, 198.658**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 4.807, 19.573**.

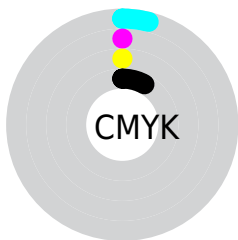
# Distribution



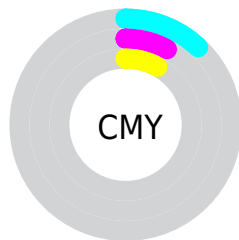
- Red (88%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 3.511, 199.344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 3.511, 199.344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 92, 3.511, 199.344

■ 92, 3.511, 199.344

■ 100, 3.511,  
199.344

■ 82, 3.511, 199.344

■ 72, 3.511, 199.344

■ 62, 3.511, 199.344

■ 52, 3.511, 199.344

■ 42, 3.511, 199.344

■ 32, 3.511, 199.344

■ 22, 3.511, 199.344

■ 12, 3.511, 199.344

■ 2, 3.511, 199.344

92, 3.511, 199.344

92, 3.511, 199.344

90, 11.436,  
198.658

94, 4.807, 19.573

89, 18.838,  
198.147

94, 7.536, 19.784

88, 25.582,  
197.699

94, 7.536, 19.749

87, 31.535,  
197.312

94, 7.536, 19.715

86, 36.580,  
196.989

94, 7.536, 19.680

85, 40.628,  
196.733

94, 7.536, 19.645

85, 43.635,  
196.544

94, 7.536, 19.611

85, 45.621,  
196.418

94, 7.536, 19.576

94, 7.536, 19.541

■ 84, 46.675,  
196.349

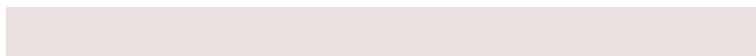
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 3.511, 199.344



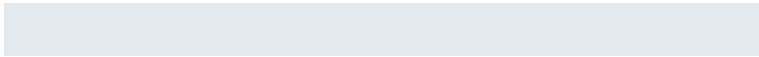
90, 3.609, 19.462

# Rectangle

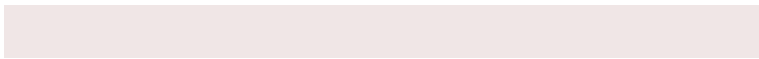
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 3.511, 199.344



92, 3.511, 249.344



92, 3.511, 19.344



92, 3.511, 69.344

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 3.512, 199.312



100, 0.886, 200.065



92, 6.279, 143.808



53, 0.504, 200.107



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



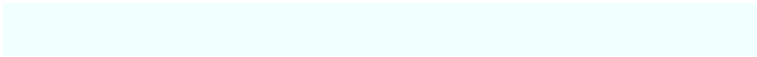


# Same Dimension

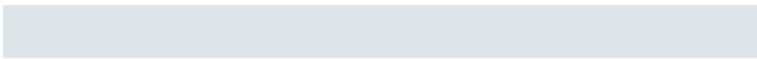
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 3.512, 199.312



99, 4.397, 199.245



91, 3.076, 254.256



49, 2.797, 199.192



67, 38.763, 196.328



19, 16.598, 196.336

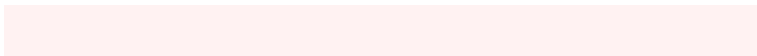


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 3.609, 19.462



97, 4.539, 19.536



91, 3.097, 72.944



47, 2.899, 19.595



38, 80.830, 39.970

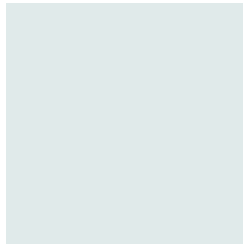


7, 28.534, 22.700



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 3.511, 199.344 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

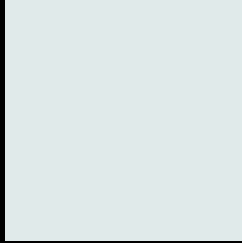
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 3.511, 199.344 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

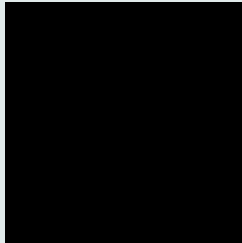
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

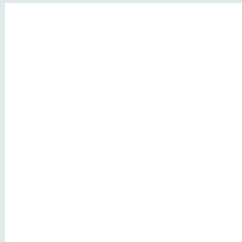
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 92, 3.511, 199.344**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 3.511, 199.344.

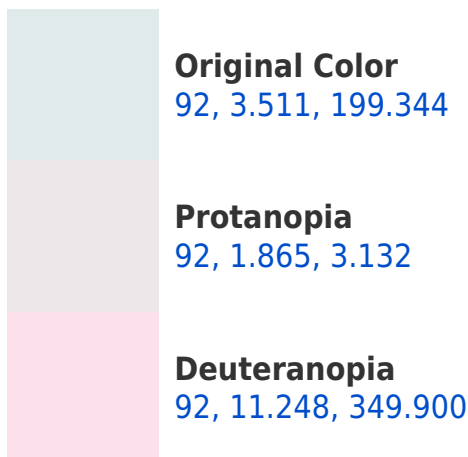


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 3.511, 199.344.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

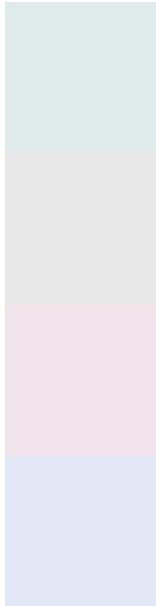






**Tritanopia**  
92, 9.437, 280.482

# Trichromacy



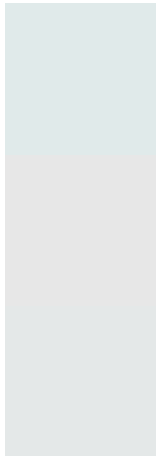
**Original Color**  
92, 3.511, 199.344

**Protanomaly**  
92, 0.527, 290.356

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 6.197, 344.055

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 6.143, 267.450

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 3.511, 199.344

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 1.414, 199.745

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 3.511, 199.344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 234, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 234, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 234, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 234, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 3.511, 199.344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 234, 234) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 234, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 234, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 234, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 234, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 234,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 3.511, 199.344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 234, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
234, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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