

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 38.076, 199.546)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 38.076, 199.546)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 38.148, 199.437)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75FCFF
RGB	117, 252, 255
RGB Percent	46%, 99%, 100%
CMY	0.5407, 0.0113, 0.0000
CMYK	0.54, 0.01, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	181°, 100%, 73%
HSV	181°, 54%, 100%
XYZ	60.2628, 80.7044, 107.0986
YIQ	211.9770, -81.4230, -27.6870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

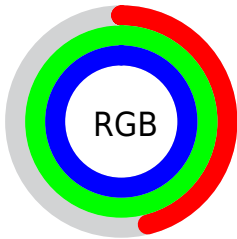
Format	Color
RYB	117, 185, 255
Decimal	7732479
CIELab	92.00, -35.97, -12.69
CIELCh	92, 38.148, 199.437
Yxy	80.7044, 0.2429, 0.3253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285922559 (0xFF75FCFF)
YUV	211.9770, 21.2103, -83.2948
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -37.4724, -7.7983

Details

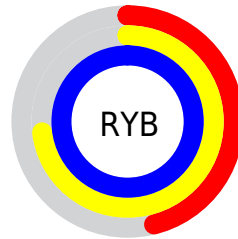
The CIELCh color **92, 38.148, 199.437** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **67, 57.586, 27.385**, and the grayscale version is **85, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 24.270, 197.921**, and **72, 38.224, 199.081** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 42.355, 199.259**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 32.894, 199.533**.

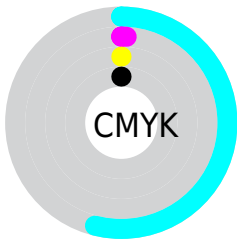
Distribution



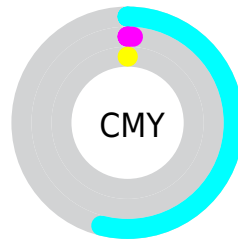
- Red (46%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 38.148, 199.437 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 38.148, 199.437 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 38.148,
199.437


 92, 38.148,
199.437


 100, 38.148,
199.437


 82, 38.148,
199.437

 72, 38.148,
199.437

 62, 38.148,
199.437

 52, 38.148,
199.437

 42, 38.148,
199.437

 32, 38.148,
199.437

 22, 38.148,

199.437

■ 12, 38.148,
199.437

■ 2, 38.148, 199.437

■ 92, 38.148,
199.437

■ 92, 38.148,
199.437

■ 91, 42.355,
199.259

■ 93, 32.894,
199.533

■ 91, 45.437,
199.272

■ 94, 26.664,
199.806

■ 90, 47.420,
199.390

■ 96, 19.594,
200.157

■ 90, 48.397,
199.611

■ 97, 11.829,
200.586

■ 90, 48.634,
199.779

■ 99, 3.511, 201.179
100, 0.012,
296.813

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 38.148, 199.437



67, 57.586, 27.385

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 38.148, 199.437



92, 38.148, 249.437



92, 38.148, 19.437



92, 38.148, 69.437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 38.157, 199.349



97, 13.376, 200.497



90, 82.863, 140.243



51, 8.974, 200.405



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 38.157, 199.349



91, 42.689, 199.256



73, 41.652, 268.105



52, 4.841, 200.816



69, 39.191, 199.720



23, 18.092, 199.307

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 81.943, 327.862



66, 94.668, 328.302



81, 47.971, 70.180



50, 8.929, 325.512



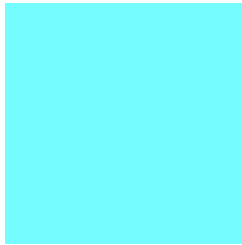
45, 91.565, 329.084



12, 42.208, 328.980

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 38.148, 199.437 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

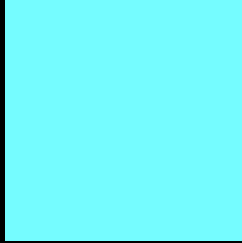
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 38.148, 199.437 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

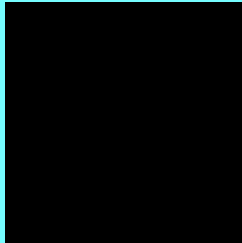
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

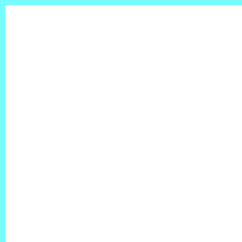
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 38.148, 199.437

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 38.148, 199.437.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 38.148, 199.437.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



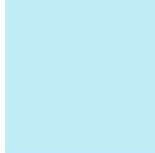


Tritanopia
92, 21.750, 216.326

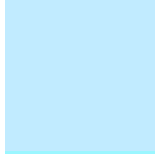
Trichromacy



Original Color
92, 38.148, 199.437



Protanomaly
91, 16.043, 215.490



Deuteranomaly
91, 16.863, 236.892

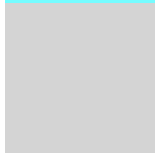


Tritanomaly
92, 28.054, 207.361

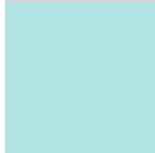
Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 38.148, 199.437



Achromatopsia
85, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
87, 16.761, 200.101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 38.148, 199.437 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 252, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 252, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 252, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 252, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 38.148, 199.437 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 252, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 252, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 252, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 252, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 252, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 252,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 38.148, 199.437 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 252, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
252, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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