

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 38.893, 181.277)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 38.893, 181.277)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 39.256, 180.779)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83FDE8
RGB	131, 253, 232
RGB Percent	51%, 99%, 91%
CMY	0.4873, 0.0088, 0.0912
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.08, 0.01
HSL	170°, 96%, 75%
HSV	170°, 48%, 99%
XYZ	58.8935, 80.7044, 88.6312
YIQ	214.1280, -65.9710, -32.3950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

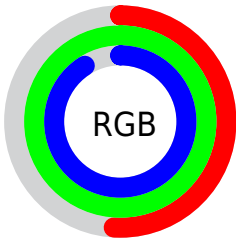
Format	Color
RYB	131, 198, 253
Decimal	8650216
CIELab	92.00, -39.25, -0.53
CIELCh	92, 39.256, 180.779
Yxy	80.7044, 0.2580, 0.3536
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286840296 (0xFF83FDE8)
YUV	214.1280, 8.8109, -72.9033
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -40.1933, 4.3899

Details

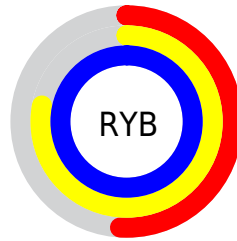
The CIELCh color **92, 39.256, 180.779** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **69, 49.467, 12.061**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 21.100, 198.118**, and **72, 39.400, 180.283** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 45.344, 179.620**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 32.277, 181.850**.

Distribution



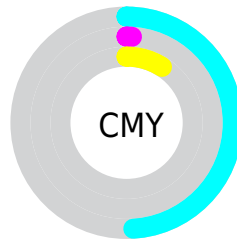
- Red (51%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (9%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 39.256, 180.779 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 39.256, 180.779 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 39.256,
180.779


 92, 39.256,
180.779


 100, 39.256,
180.779


 82, 39.256,
180.779

 72, 39.256,
180.779

 62, 39.256,
180.779

 52, 39.256,
180.779

 42, 39.256,
180.779

 32, 39.256,
180.779

 22, 39.256,

180.779

■ 12, 39.256,
180.779

■ 2, 39.256, 180.779

■ 92, 39.256,
180.779

■ 92, 39.256,
180.779

■ 91, 45.344,
179.620

■ 93, 32.277,
181.850

■ 90, 50.430,
178.354

■ 94, 24.550,
182.856

■ 90, 54.459,
176.957

■ 96, 16.230,
183.815

■ 90, 57.449,
175.409

■ 98, 7.472, 184.763

■ 99, 0.886, 353.121

■ 89, 59.540,
173.707

■ 99, 1.407, 324.271

■ 89, 59.861,
173.410

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



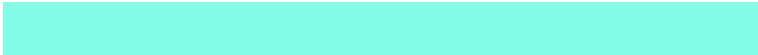
92, 39.256, 180.779



69, 49.467, 12.061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 39.256, 180.779



92, 39.256, 230.779



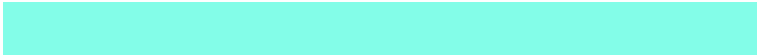
92, 39.256, 0.779



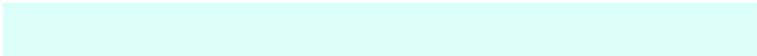
92, 39.256, 50.779

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 39.257, 180.777



97, 12.624, 184.216



91, 71.214, 136.402



52, 8.682, 184.014



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

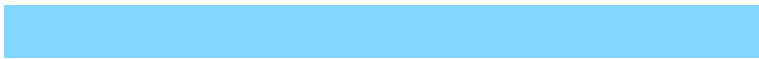
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 39.257, 180.777



92, 45.512, 179.649



82, 30.781, 240.274



52, 5.164, 184.643



69, 48.363, 173.724



23, 21.684, 176.024

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 49.467, 12.061



65, 60.270, 14.493



77, 41.853, 50.730



50, 5.380, 6.217



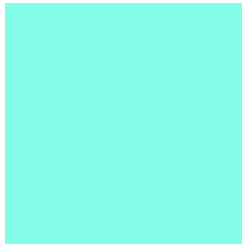
40, 76.347, 31.608



10, 32.149, 20.063

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 39.256, 180.779 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

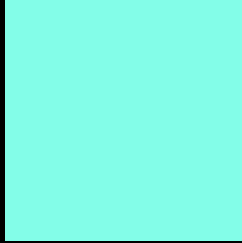
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 39.256, 180.779 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 39.256, 180.779

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 39.256, 180.779.

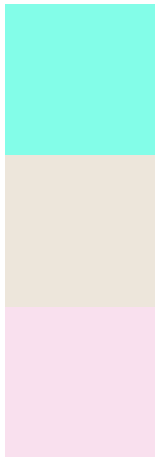


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 39.256, 180.779.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
92, 39.256, 180.779

Protanopia
92, 6.203, 85.411

Deuteranopia
92, 11.523, 341.315



Tritanopia
92, 20.671, 217.368

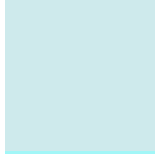
Trichromacy



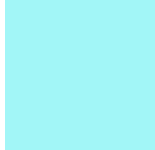
Original Color
92, 39.256, 180.779



Protanomaly
91, 15.814, 171.034



Deuteranomaly
91, 9.641, 205.031

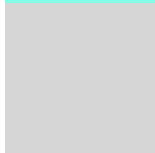


Tritanomaly
92, 26.466, 198.876

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 39.256, 180.779



Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
87, 15.814, 182.952

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 39.256, 180.779 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 253, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 253, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 253, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 253, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 39.256, 180.779 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 253, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 253, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 253, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 253, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 253, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 253,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 39.256, 180.779 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 253, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
253, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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