

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 47.641, 146.902)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 47.641, 146.902)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 47.690, 146.970)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6FCB5
RGB	166, 252, 181
RGB Percent	65%, 99%, 71%
CMY	0.3508, 0.0136, 0.2919
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.28, 0.01
HSL	130°, 93%, 82%
HSV	130°, 34%, 99%
XYZ	58.5913, 80.7044, 55.9701
YIQ	218.1920, -28.4650, -40.3130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

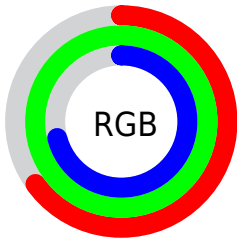
Format	Color
RYB	166, 239, 252
Decimal	10943669
CIELab	92.00, -39.98, 25.99
CIELCh	92, 47.690, 146.970
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3001, 0.4133
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289133749 (0xFFA6FCB5)
YUV	218.1920, -18.3357, -45.7724
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -40.7937, 25.9456

Details

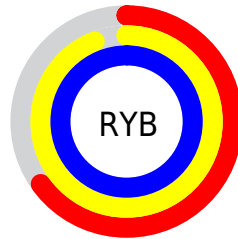
The CIELCh color **92, 47.690, 146.970** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **78, 47.819, 331.828**, and the grayscale version is **87, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 14.567, 159.439**, and **72, 47.578, 146.987** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 61.126, 145.881**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 33.830, 147.911**.

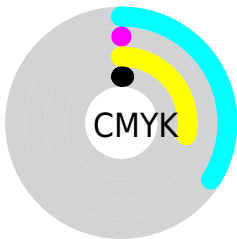
Distribution



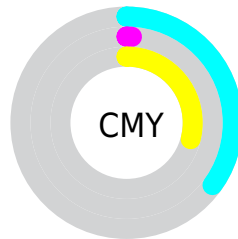
- Red (65%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 47.690, 146.970 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 47.690, 146.970 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 47.690,
146.970


 92, 47.690,
146.970


 100, 47.690,
146.970


 82, 47.690,
146.970

 72, 47.690,
146.970

 62, 47.690,
146.970

 52, 47.690,
146.970

 42, 47.690,
146.970

 32, 47.690,
146.970

 22, 47.690,

146.970

■ 12, 47.690,
146.970

■ 2, 47.690, 146.970

■ 92, 47.690,
146.970

■ 92, 47.690,
146.970

■ 91, 61.126,
145.881

■ 94, 33.830,
147.911

■ 89, 73.832,
144.632

■ 96, 19.797,
148.724

■ 88, 85.478,
143.228

■ 98, 5.799, 149.459

■ 99, 2.158, 324.374

■ 88, 95.723,
141.696

■ 87, 104.243,
140.103

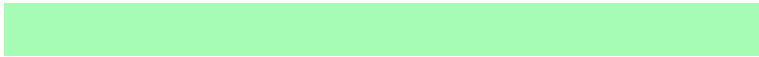
■ 87, 110.765,
138.557

■ 87, 113.621,
137.771

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



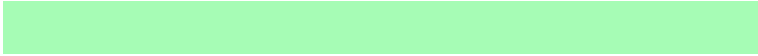
92, 47.690, 146.970



78, 47.819, 331.828

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 47.690, 146.970



92, 47.690, 196.970



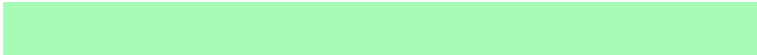
92, 47.690, 326.970



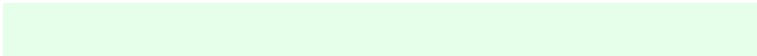
92, 47.690, 16.970

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 47.692, 146.970



98, 14.082, 149.033



96, 43.504, 114.205



52, 9.615, 148.930



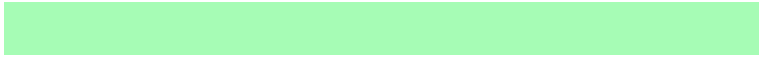
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 47.692, 146.970



92, 57.545, 146.241



93, 32.486, 170.206



51, 7.872, 149.070



67, 90.976, 138.033



22, 38.821, 140.539

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 47.819, 331.828



76, 57.594, 332.289



77, 35.559, 357.594



49, 7.894, 330.212



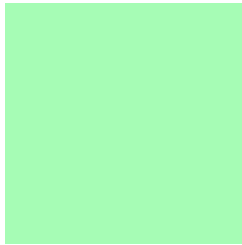
43, 80.419, 336.663



11, 37.001, 335.419

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 47.690, 146.970 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

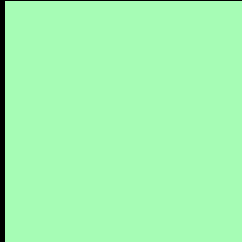
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 47.690, 146.970 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

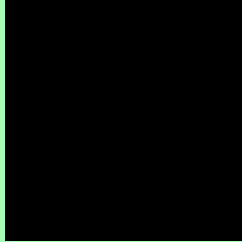
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 47.690, 146.970

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 47.690, 146.970.

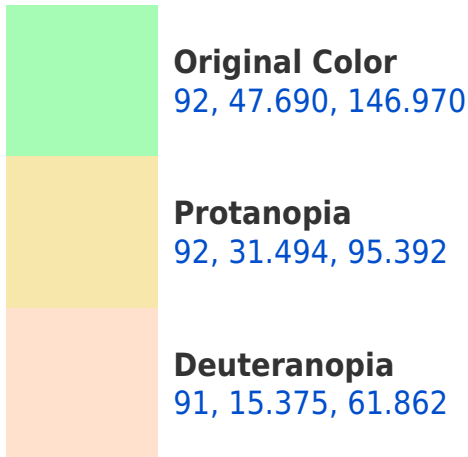


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 47.690, 146.970.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



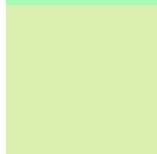


Tritanopia
92, 17.119, 227.660

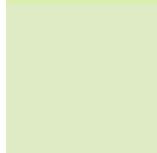
Trichromacy



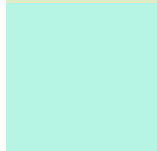
Original Color
92, 47.690, 146.970



Protanomaly
91, 33.582, 120.730



Deuteranomaly
91, 20.656, 122.140

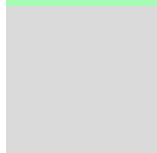


Tritanomaly
92, 22.711, 176.487

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 47.690, 146.970



Achromatopsia
87, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
88, 17.657, 148.345

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 47.690, 146.970 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 252, 181)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 252, 181)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 252, 181) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 252, 181) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 47.690, 146.970 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 252, 181) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 252, 181) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 252, 181)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 252, 181); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 252, 181);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 252,  
181) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 47.690, 146.970 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 252, 181) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
252, 181) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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