

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 5.155, 95.792)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 5.155, 95.792) contains.

CIELCh(92, 5.253, 97.814)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(92, 5.253, 97.814)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBE8DE
RGB	235, 232, 222
RGB Percent	92%, 91%, 87%
CMY	0.0782, 0.0899, 0.1291
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.06, 0.08
HSL	46°, 25%, 90%
HSV	46°, 6%, 92%
XYZ	76.3546, 80.7044, 80.7096
YIQ	231.7570, 4.9980, -2.4740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

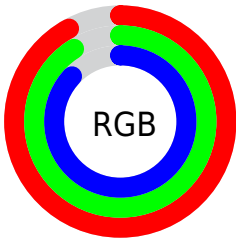
Format	Color
R_{YB}	226, 235, 222
Decimal	15460574
CIE _{Lab}	92.00, -0.71, 5.20
CIE _{LCh}	92, 5.253, 97.814
Y _{xy}	80.7044, 0.3211, 0.3394
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293650654 (0xFFE8E8DE)
Y _{UV}	231.7570, -4.8102, 2.8441
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -5.4986, 9.6180

Details

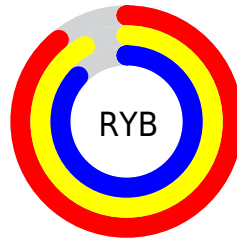
The CIELCh color **92, 5.253, 97.814** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **90, 5.296, 279.209**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 5.005, 96.422** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 14.854, 96.670**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 4.241, 279.067**.

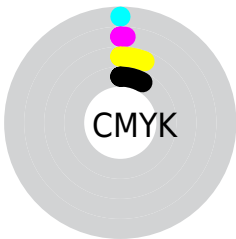
Distribution



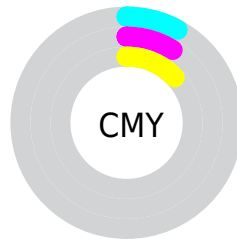
- Red (92%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 5.253, 97.814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 5.253, 97.814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

92, 5.253, 97.814

92, 5.253, 97.814

100, 5.253, 97.814

82, 5.253, 97.814

72, 5.253, 97.814

62, 5.253, 97.814

52, 5.253, 97.814

42, 5.253, 97.814

32, 5.253, 97.814

22, 5.253, 97.814

12, 5.253, 97.814

2, 5.253, 97.814

92, 5.253, 97.814

92, 5.253, 97.814

90, 14.854, 96.670

94, 4.241, 279.067

88, 24.530, 95.448

96, 6.715, 267.115

86, 34.228, 94.192

97, 5.627, 236.681

85, 43.844, 92.908

98, 6.416, 204.846

83, 53.192, 91.598

99, 6.827, 199.070

81, 61.946, 90.258

80, 69.578, 88.866

79, 75.341, 87.369

77, 78.485, 85.677

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



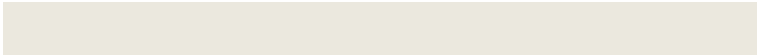
92, 5.253, 97.814



90, 5.296, 279.209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 5.253, 97.814



92, 5.253, 147.814



92, 5.253, 277.814



92, 5.253, 327.814

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 5.255, 97.836



100, 2.019, 98.178



90, 4.958, 1.145



53, 1.147, 98.184



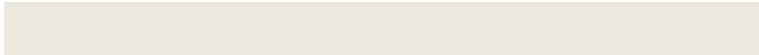
0, 0.000, 0.000



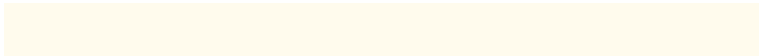
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 5.255, 97.836



99, 7.114, 97.668



92, 6.815, 120.217



48, 4.318, 97.606



60, 65.268, 85.214



17, 25.080, 87.941

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 5.296, 279.209



95, 7.172, 279.390



89, 6.906, 300.878



47, 4.355, 279.457



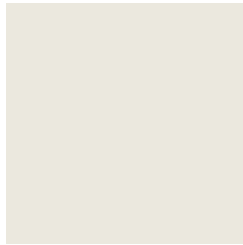
27, 87.281, 301.330



5, 30.020, 292.799

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 5.253, 97.814 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

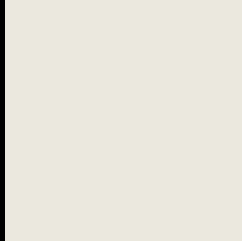
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 5.253, 97.814 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

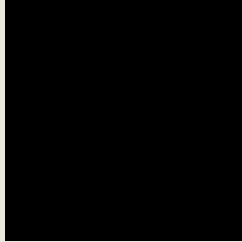
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

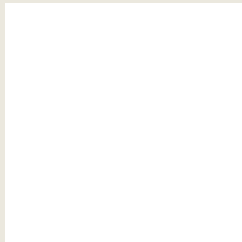
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 5.253, 97.814

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 5.253, 97.814.

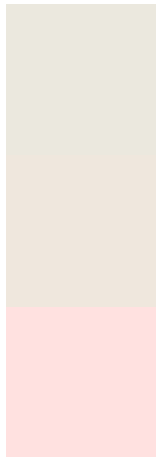


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 5.253, 97.814.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

92, 5.253, 97.814

Protanopia

92, 5.899, 80.173

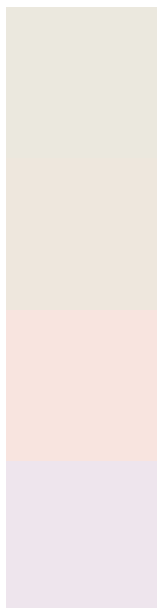
Deuteranopia

92, 11.001, 22.796



Tritanopia
92, 10.132, 313.141

Trichromacy



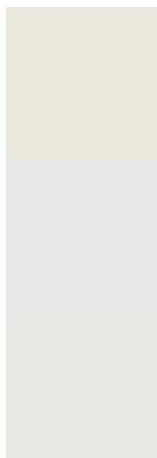
Original Color
92, 5.253, 97.814

Protanomaly
92, 5.729, 83.368

Deuteranomaly
92, 7.737, 39.208

Tritanomaly
92, 5.260, 327.770

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 5.253, 97.814

Achromatopsia
92, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 2.081, 100.078

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 5.253, 97.814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 232, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 232, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 232, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 232, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 5.253, 97.814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 232, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 232, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 232, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(235, 232, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 232, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 232,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 5.253, 97.814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 232, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
232, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor