

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 5.391, 157.336)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 5.391, 157.336) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(92, 5.352, 156.714)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E0EBE4
RGB	224, 235, 228
RGB Percent	88%, 92%, 89%
CMY	0.1224, 0.0792, 0.1067
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.03, 0.08
HSL	142°, 21%, 90%
HSV	142°, 5%, 92%
XYZ	74.3025, 80.7044, 84.9119
YIQ	230.9130, -4.3090, -4.5090

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

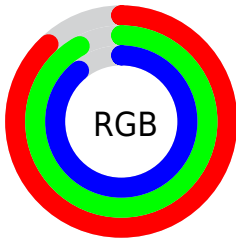
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">224, 232, 235</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">14740452</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">92.00, -4.92, 2.12</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 5.352, 156.714</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">80.7044, 0.3097, 0.3364</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292930532 (0xFFE0EBE4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">230.9130, -1.4361, -6.0627</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.8356, -9.5761, 6.8445</a>

# Details

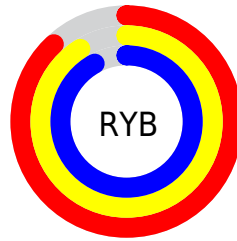
The CIELCh color **92, 5.352, 156.714** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **90, 5.385, 337.237**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 4.988, 158.286** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 16.859, 155.863**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 6.049, 337.270**.

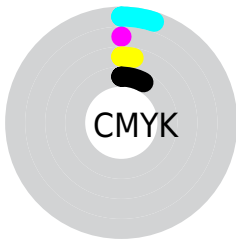
# Distribution



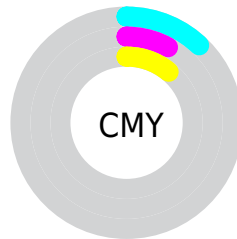
- Red (88%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 5.352, 156.714 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 5.352, 156.714 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92, 5.352, 156.714

92, 5.352, 156.714

100, 5.352,  
156.714

82, 5.352, 156.714

72, 5.352, 156.714

62, 5.352, 156.714

52, 5.352, 156.714

42, 5.352, 156.714

32, 5.352, 156.714

22, 5.352, 156.714

12, 5.352, 156.714

2, 5.352, 156.714

92, 5.352, 156.714

92, 5.352, 156.714

90, 16.859,  
155.863

94, 6.049, 337.270

88, 28.337,  
154.950

95, 12.607,  
324.855

87, 39.629,  
153.914

85, 50.543,  
152.727

84, 60.871,  
151.366

83, 70.404,  
149.812

83, 78.961,  
148.056

82, 86.416,  
146.110

■ 82, 92.724,  
144.019

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 5.352, 156.714



90, 5.385, 337.237

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 5.352, 156.714



92, 5.352, 206.714



92, 5.352, 336.714



92, 5.352, 26.714

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 5.354, 156.709



100, 1.212, 157.257



92, 5.841, 123.434



53, 0.689, 157.280



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 5.354, 156.709



99, 7.338, 156.591



92, 3.973, 186.890



49, 4.547, 156.540



65, 78.082, 143.299



19, 30.771, 147.102



# Inverse Universe

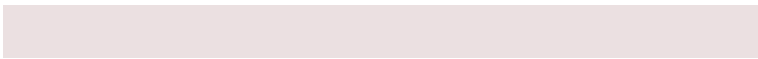
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 5.385, 337.237



96, 7.381, 337.352



90, 4.063, 7.400



47, 4.574, 337.401



40, 68.801, 349.788

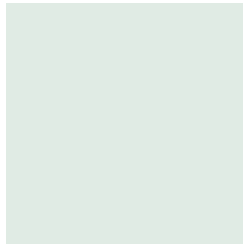


8, 30.375, 345.625



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 5.352, 156.714 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

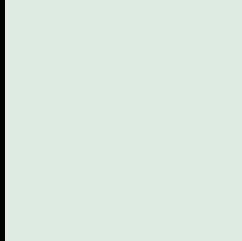
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 5.352, 156.714 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

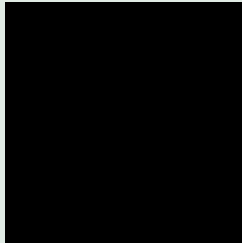
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

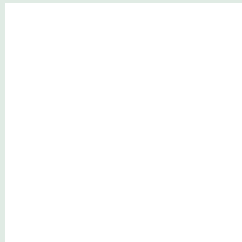
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# **CIELCh 92, 5.352, 156.714**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 5.352, 156.714.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 5.352, 156.714.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

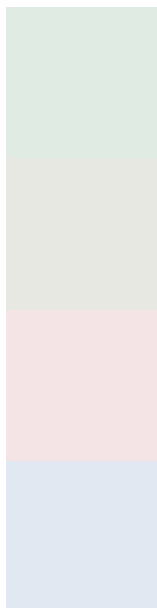






**Tritanopia**  
92, 9.907, 283.029

# Trichromacy



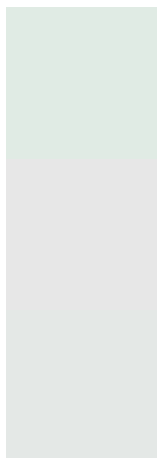
**Original Color**  
92, 5.352, 156.714

**Protanomaly**  
92, 2.571, 109.944

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 5.796, 14.609

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 5.546, 268.569

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 5.352, 156.714

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 1.761, 163.768

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 5.352, 156.714 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 235, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 235, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 235, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 235, 228) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 5.352, 156.714 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 235, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 235, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 235, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 235, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 235, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 235,  
228) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 5.352, 156.714 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 235, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
235, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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