

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 5.514, 76.527)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 5.514, 76.527) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(92, 5.453, 77.577)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFE7DE
RGB	239, 231, 222
RGB Percent	94%, 91%, 87%
CMY	0.0631, 0.0945, 0.1298
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.07, 0.06
HSL	32°, 35%, 90%
HSV	32°, 7%, 94%
XYZ	77.2885, 80.7044, 80.5477
YIQ	232.3660, 7.6570, -1.1030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

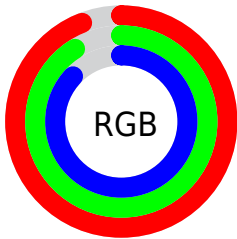
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 239, 222
Decimal	15722462
CIE Lab	92.00, 1.17, 5.33
CIE LCh	92, 5.453, 77.577
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3240, 0.3383
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293912542 (0xFFEFE7DE)
YUV	232.3660, -5.1104, 5.8180
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -3.6431, 9.7248

# Details

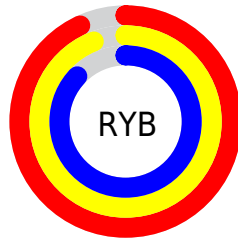
The CIELCh color **92, 5.453, 77.577** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91, 5.390, 259.565**, and the grayscale version is **92, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 5.303, 74.304** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **89, 13.405, 76.370**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95, 2.181, 259.100**.

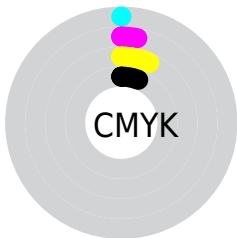
# Distribution



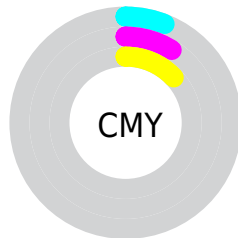
- Red (94%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 5.453, 77.577 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 5.453, 77.577 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



92, 5.453, 77.577

92, 5.453, 77.577

100, 5.453, 77.577

82, 5.453, 77.577

72, 5.453, 77.577

62, 5.453, 77.577

52, 5.453, 77.577

42, 5.453, 77.577

32, 5.453, 77.577

22, 5.453, 77.577

12, 5.453, 77.577

2, 5.453, 77.577

92, 5.453, 77.577

92, 5.453, 77.577

89, 13.405, 76.370

95, 2.181, 259.100

85, 21.695, 75.079

98, 5.031, 208.640

82, 30.331, 73.760

99, 5.532, 199.175

79, 39.287, 72.417

76, 48.476, 71.039

73, 57.681, 69.585

70, 66.456, 67.958

68, 73.986, 65.955

65, 79.189, 63.259

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



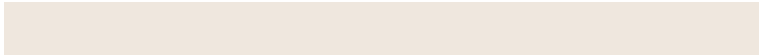
92, 5.453, 77.577



91, 5.390, 259.565

# Rectangle

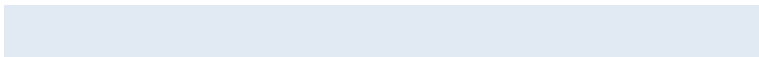
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 5.453, 77.577



92, 5.453, 127.577



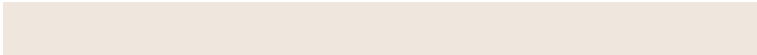
92, 5.453, 257.577



92, 5.453, 307.577

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 5.454, 77.603



99, 1.593, 78.056



90, 7.470, 345.097



53, 0.905, 78.054



0, 0.000, 0.000

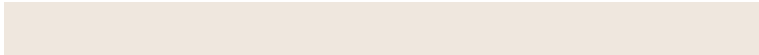


53, 0.007, 296.813

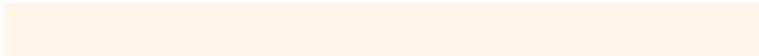


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 5.454, 77.603



97, 7.304, 77.377



94, 8.713, 110.160



48, 4.390, 77.323



50, 65.855, 63.109



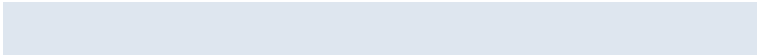
14, 23.453, 64.346



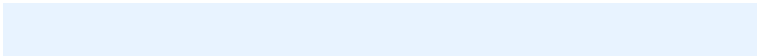


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 5.390, 259.565



95, 7.183, 259.819



89, 8.868, 291.544



48, 4.313, 259.881



38, 59.815, 286.826

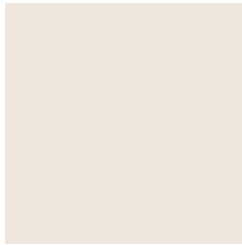


9, 22.526, 279.388



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 5.453, 77.577 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

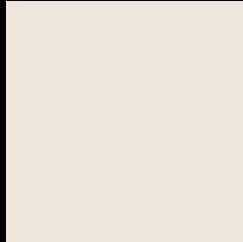
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 5.453, 77.577 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

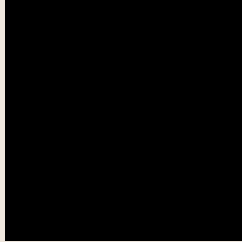
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

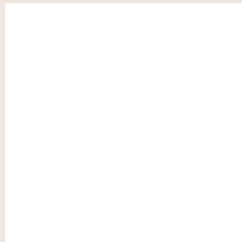
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 92, 5.453, 77.577**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 5.453, 77.577.

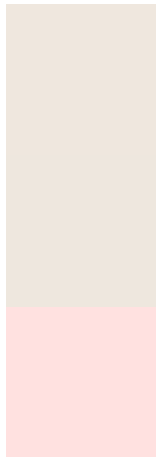


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 5.453, 77.577.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

92, 5.453, 77.577

### Protanopia

92, 5.269, 80.953

### Deuteranopia

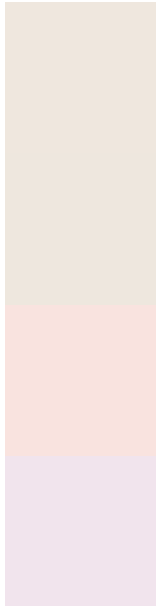
92, 11.001, 22.796



**Tritanopia**  
92, 10.758, 320.110



# Trichromacy



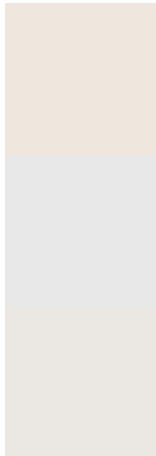
**Original Color**  
92, 5.453, 77.577

**Protanomaly**  
92, 5.269, 80.953

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 8.295, 34.226

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 6.595, 334.909

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 5.453, 77.577

**Achromatopsia**  
92, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 2.309, 82.211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 5.453, 77.577 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 231, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 231, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 231, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 231, 222) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 5.453, 77.577 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 231, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 231, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 231, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 231, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 231, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 231,  
222) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 5.453, 77.577 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 231, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
231, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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