

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 50.015, 154.016)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 50.015, 154.016)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 50.132, 153.858)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93FEBC
RGB	147, 254, 188
RGB Percent	58%, 100%, 74%
CMY	0.4236, 0.0040, 0.2628
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.26, 0.00
HSL	143°, 98%, 79%
HSV	143°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	56.5416, 80.7044, 60.1652
YIQ	214.4830, -42.5860, -43.2100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

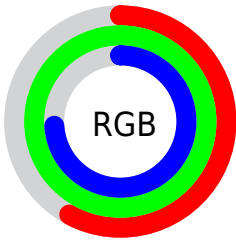
Format	Color
RYB	147, 224, 254
Decimal	9699004
CIELab	92.00, -45.00, 22.09
CIELCh	92, 50.132, 153.858
Yxy	80.7044, 0.2864, 0.4088
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287889084 (0xFF93FEB3)
YUV	214.4830, -13.0561, -59.1826
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -44.8663, 23.1769

Details

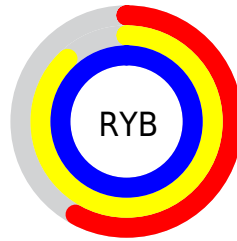
The CIELCh color **92, 50.132, 153.858** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFCC**. A complement of this color would be **74, 51.293, 341.505**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 17.936, 179.936**, and **72, 50.477, 153.547** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 61.111, 152.524**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 38.584, 155.021**.

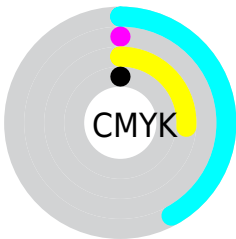
Distribution



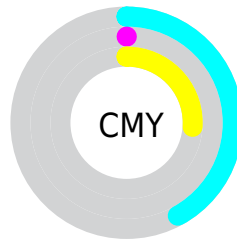
- Red (58%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (58%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (42%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 50.132, 153.858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 50.132, 153.858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 50.132,
153.858


 92, 50.132,
153.858


 100, 50.132,
153.858


 82, 50.132,
153.858

 72, 50.132,
153.858

 62, 50.132,
153.858

 52, 50.132,
153.858

 42, 50.132,
153.858

 32, 50.132,
153.858

 22, 50.132,

153.858

■ 12, 50.132,
153.858

■ 2, 50.132, 153.858

■ 92, 50.132,
153.858

■ 92, 50.132,
153.858

■ 91, 61.111,
152.524

■ 93, 38.584,
155.021

■ 90, 71.298,
150.999

■ 95, 26.679,
156.040

■ 89, 80.497,
149.269

■ 97, 14.613,
156.943

■ 88, 88.568,
147.337

■ 99, 2.546, 157.871

■ 100, 0.638,

■ 88, 95.455,
145.235

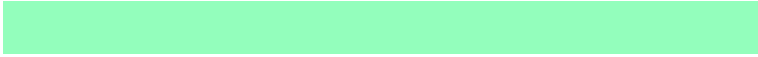
323.979

■ 88, 100.126,
143.543

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



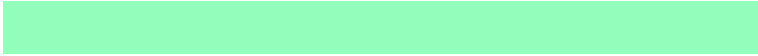
92, 50.132, 153.858



74, 51.293, 341.505

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 50.132, 153.858



92, 50.132, 203.858



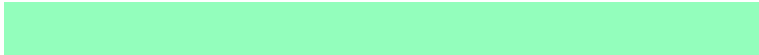
92, 50.132, 333.858



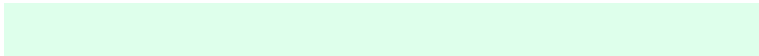
92, 50.132, 23.858

Sweetspot

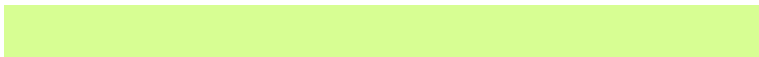
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 50.133, 153.858



97, 15.717, 156.868



95, 55.418, 122.055



51, 11.003, 156.675



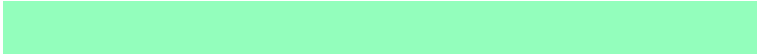
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 50.133, 153.858



91, 60.101, 152.682



93, 34.366, 184.801



52, 6.866, 157.167



68, 80.173, 143.941



23, 34.478, 147.042

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 51.293, 341.505



70, 61.404, 342.509



73, 42.961, 13.745



50, 6.919, 338.532



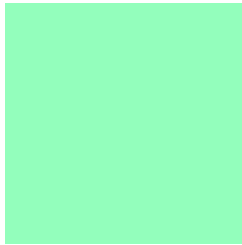
42, 70.908, 351.539



11, 33.427, 347.774

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 50.132, 153.858 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

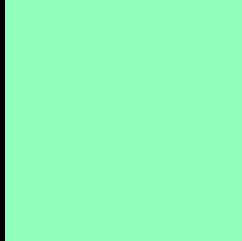
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 50.132, 153.858 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

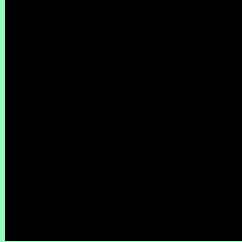
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 50.132, 153.858

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 50.132, 153.858.

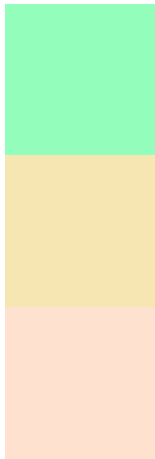


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 50.132, 153.858.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
92, 50.132, 153.858

Protanopia
91, 27.948, 95.029

Deuteranopia
92, 14.666, 59.047

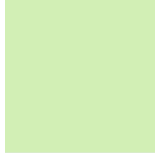


Tritanopia
92, 18.793, 222.975

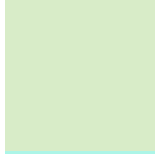
Trichromacy



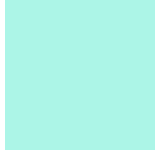
Original Color
92, 50.132, 153.858



Protanomaly
91, 31.690, 127.945



Deuteranomaly
91, 19.999, 130.322

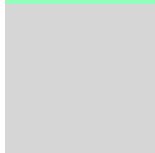


Tritanomaly
92, 25.414, 181.116

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 50.132, 153.858



Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
88, 18.862, 156.586

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 50.132, 153.858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 254, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 254, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 254, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 254, 188) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 50.132, 153.858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 254, 188) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 254, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 254, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 254, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 254, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 254,  
188) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 50.132, 153.858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 254, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
254, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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