

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 58.518, 141.280)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 58.518, 141.280)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 58.880, 141.156)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1FE9F
RGB	161, 254, 159
RGB Percent	63%, 100%, 62%
CMY	0.3699, 0.0052, 0.3777
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.37, 0.01
HSL	119°, 97%, 81%
HSV	119°, 37%, 99%
XYZ	56.1973, 80.7044, 45.2742
YIQ	215.3630, -24.9330, -49.2610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

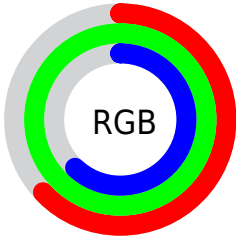
Format	Color
RYB	159, 254, 252
Decimal	10616479
CIELab	92.00, -45.86, 36.93
CIELCh	92, 58.880, 141.156
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3085, 0.4430
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288806559 (0xFFA1FE9F)
YUV	215.3630, -27.7870, -47.6764
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -45.5505, 33.0047

Details

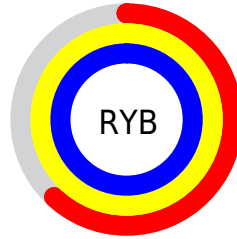
The CIELCh color **92, 58.880, 141.156** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **78, 58.880, 325.857**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 24.669, 140.243**, and **72, 59.162, 141.009** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 73.704, 140.158**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 43.372, 142.045**.

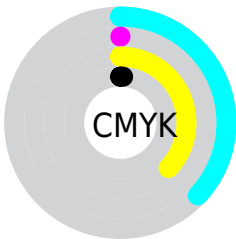
Distribution



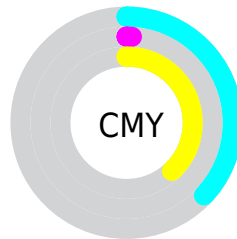
- Red (63%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 58.880, 141.156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 58.880, 141.156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 58.880,
141.156


 92, 58.880,
141.156


 100, 58.880,
141.156


 82, 58.880,
141.156

 72, 58.880,
141.156

 62, 58.880,
141.156

 52, 58.880,
141.156

 42, 58.880,
141.156

 32, 58.880,
141.156

 22, 58.880,

141.156

■ 12, 58.880,
141.156

■ 2, 58.880, 141.156

■ 92, 58.880,
141.156

■ 92, 58.880,
141.156

■ 91, 73.704,
140.158

■ 94, 43.372,
142.045

■ 89, 87.368,
139.084

■ 96, 27.547,
142.818

■ 89, 99.298,
138.006

■ 98, 11.688,
143.489

■ 88, 108.838,
137.047

100, 0.837,
324.101

■ 88, 115.378,
136.356

■ 87, 118.686,
136.027

■ 87, 119.208,
135.958

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



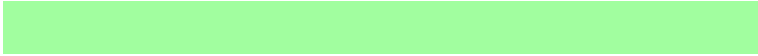
92, 58.880, 141.156



78, 58.880, 325.857

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 58.880, 141.156



92, 58.880, 191.156



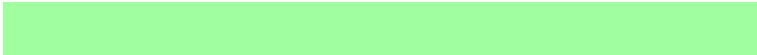
92, 58.880, 321.156



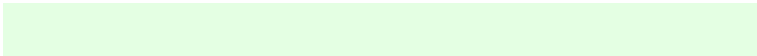
92, 58.880, 11.156

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 58.882, 141.156



97, 17.395, 143.259



97, 45.973, 105.056



52, 11.697, 143.169



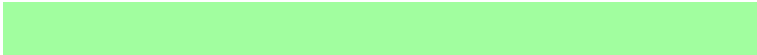
0, 0.000, 0.000



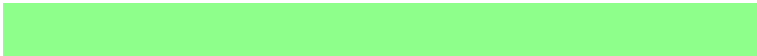
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

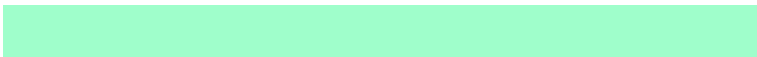
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 58.882, 141.156



91, 70.469, 140.410



93, 41.820, 158.280



52, 8.982, 143.357



68, 96.364, 135.933



22, 43.652, 136.488

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 58.880, 325.857



74, 70.337, 326.214



76, 43.420, 345.449



50, 8.998, 324.378



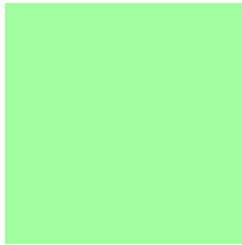
45, 93.168, 327.407



12, 42.857, 327.506

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 58.880, 141.156 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

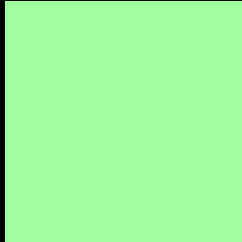
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 58.880, 141.156 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 58.880, 141.156

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 58.880, 141.156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 58.880, 141.156.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
92, 58.880, 141.156

Protanopia
92, 42.566, 95.803

Deuteranopia
92, 17.842, 70.764

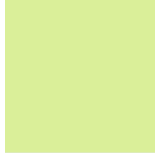


Tritanopia
92, 17.119, 227.660

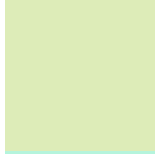
Trichromacy



Original Color
92, 58.880, 141.156



Protanomaly
91, 44.311, 117.393



Deuteranomaly
91, 27.273, 120.062

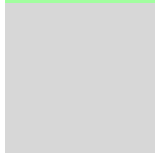


Tritanomaly
92, 25.117, 168.101

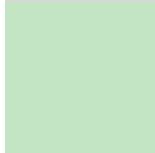
Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 58.880, 141.156



Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
88, 21.709, 143.535

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 58.880, 141.156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 254, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 254, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 254, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 254, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 58.880, 141.156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 254, 159) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 254, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 254, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 254, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 254, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 254,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 58.880, 141.156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 254, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
254, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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