

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 60.205, 143.435)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 60.205, 143.435)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 60.161, 143.465)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99FFA1
RGB	153, 255, 161
RGB Percent	60%, 100%, 63%
CMY	0.4008, 0.0008, 0.3694
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.37, 0.00
HSL	125°, 100%, 80%
HSV	125°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	55.2069, 80.7044, 46.2963
YIQ	213.7860, -30.6180, -50.8580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

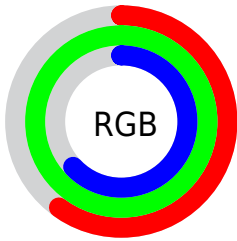
Format	Color
RYB	153, 248, 255
Decimal	10092449
CIELab	92.00, -48.34, 35.81
CIELCh	92, 60.161, 143.465
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3030, 0.4429
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288282529 (0xFF99FFA1)
YUV	213.7860, -26.0235, -53.3093
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -47.5183, 32.3302

Details

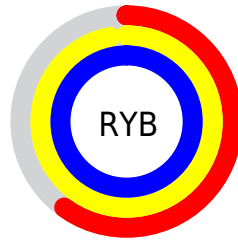
The CIELCh color **92, 60.161, 143.465** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **76, 60.052, 328.937**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96, 25.060, 147.257**, and **72, 60.538, 143.358** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 74.197, 142.341**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 45.418, 144.451**.

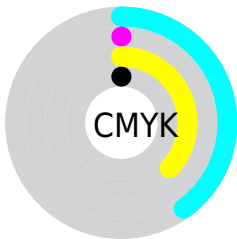
Distribution



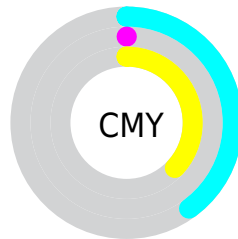
- Red (60%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 60.161, 143.465 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 60.161, 143.465 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 60.161,
143.465


 92, 60.161,
143.465


 100, 60.161,
143.465


 82, 60.161,
143.465

 72, 60.161,
143.465

 62, 60.161,
143.465

 52, 60.161,
143.465

 42, 60.161,
143.465

 32, 60.161,
143.465

 22, 60.161,

143.465

■ 12, 60.161,
143.465

■ 2, 60.161, 143.465

■ 92, 60.161,
143.465

■ 92, 60.161,
143.465

■ 91, 74.197,
142.341

■ 94, 45.418,
144.451

■ 90, 87.110,
141.096

■ 95, 30.310,
145.302

■ 89, 98.436,
139.776

■ 98, 15.113,
146.036

■ 88, 107.675,
138.476

■ 100, 0.038,
155.471

■ 88, 114.367,
137.327

100, 0.138,
322.198

■ 88, 118.293,
136.504

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



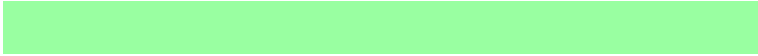
92, 60.161, 143.465



76, 60.052, 328.937

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 60.161, 143.465



92, 60.161, 193.465



92, 60.161, 323.465



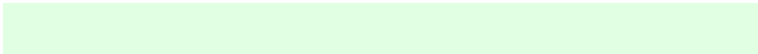
92, 60.161, 13.465

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 60.162, 143.465



97, 18.112, 145.899



97, 50.778, 109.331



52, 12.022, 145.807



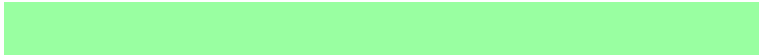
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 60.162, 143.465



91, 71.469, 142.580



93, 41.194, 163.275



52, 8.568, 146.073



68, 94.997, 136.651



22, 42.104, 138.292

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 60.052, 328.937



73, 71.078, 329.378



75, 44.078, 351.796



50, 8.584, 327.155



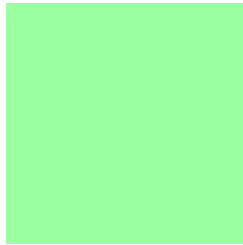
45, 87.506, 331.637



12, 40.557, 331.196

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 60.161, 143.465 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

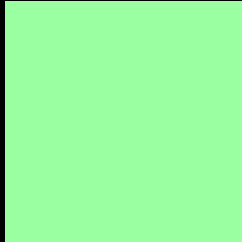
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 60.161, 143.465 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

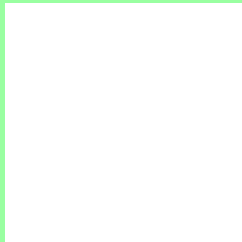
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 60.161, 143.465

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 60.161, 143.465.

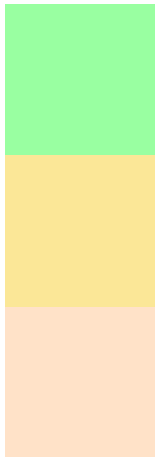


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 60.161, 143.465.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
92, 60.161, 143.465

Protanopia
92, 41.594, 95.649

Deuteranopia
92, 17.428, 69.794

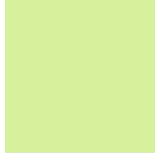


Tritanopia
92, 17.988, 224.193

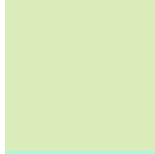
Trichromacy



Original Color
92, 60.161, 143.465



Protanomaly
91, 44.144, 119.495



Deuteranomaly
91, 26.566, 122.911

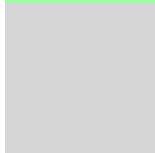


Tritanomaly
92, 26.747, 169.951

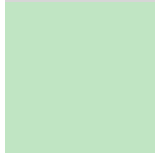
Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 60.161, 143.465



Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
88, 22.354, 145.679

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 60.161, 143.465 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 255, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 255, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 255, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 255, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 60.161, 143.465 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 255, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 255, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 255, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 255, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 255, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 255,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 60.161, 143.465 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 255, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
255, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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