

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 64.290, 134.927)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 64.290, 134.927)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 64.355, 134.906)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9FD8D
RGB	169, 253, 141
RGB Percent	66%, 99%, 55%
CMY	0.3368, 0.0073, 0.4466
CMYK	0.33, 0.00, 0.44, 0.01
HSL	105°, 97%, 77%
HSV	105°, 44%, 99%
XYZ	56.3694, 80.7044, 37.8505
YIQ	215.1160, -14.1120, -52.6400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

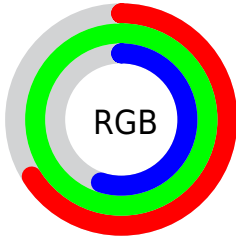
Format	Color
RYB	141, 253, 225
Decimal	11140493
CIELab	92.00, -45.43, 45.58
CIElCh	92, 64.355, 134.906
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3223, 0.4614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289330573 (0xFFA9FD8D)
YUV	215.1160, -36.5392, -40.4437
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -45.2085, 37.9043

Details

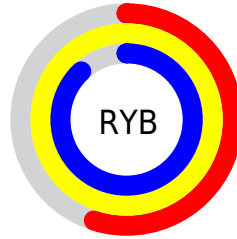
The CIELCh color **92, 64.355, 134.906** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **71, 66.007, 319.186**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 31.653, 127.085**, and **72, 64.586, 134.780** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 77.841, 134.300**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 50.163, 135.523**.

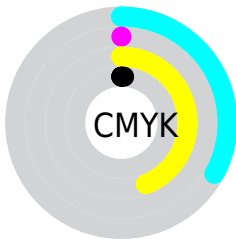
Distribution



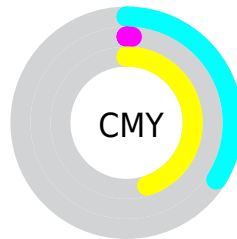
- Red (66%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (45%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 64.355, 134.906 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 64.355, 134.906 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 92, 64.355,
134.906


 92, 64.355,
134.906


 100, 64.355,
134.906


 82, 64.355,
134.906

 72, 64.355,
134.906

 62, 64.355,
134.906


 52, 64.355,
134.906

 42, 64.355,
134.906

 32, 64.355,
134.906


 22, 64.355,


134.906


 12, 64.355,
134.906


 2, 64.355, 134.906


 92, 64.355,
134.906


 92, 64.355,
134.906

 91, 77.841,
134.300


 93, 50.163,
135.523

 90, 90.167,
133.773

 95, 35.589,
136.109

 89, 100.755,
133.436

 97, 20.874,
136.647

 88, 108.958,
133.422

 99, 6.190, 137.148

 100, 1.170,

■ 88, 114.299,
133.832

324.218

■ 88, 116.252,
134.193

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



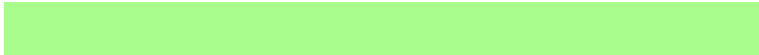
92, 64.355, 134.906



71, 66.007, 319.186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 64.355, 134.906



92, 64.355, 184.906



92, 64.355, 314.906



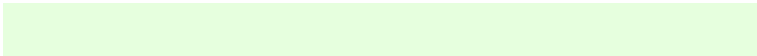
92, 64.355, 4.906

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 64.357, 134.907



97, 19.146, 136.710



90, 43.917, 90.461



52, 13.408, 136.597



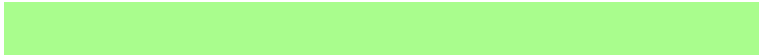
0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

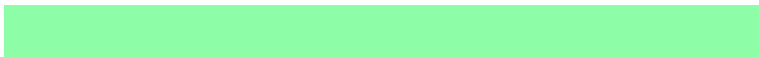
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 64.357, 134.907



92, 76.660, 134.372



91, 58.906, 147.817



52, 8.360, 136.885



68, 93.936, 134.009



23, 41.808, 133.093

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 66.007, 319.186



67, 78.875, 319.483



73, 59.103, 334.815



50, 8.417, 317.686



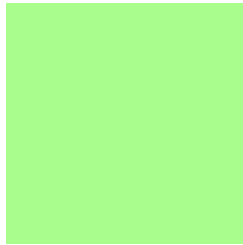
37, 95.613, 318.970



9, 43.773, 319.992

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 64.355, 134.906 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

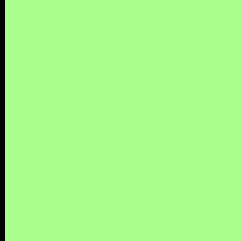
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 64.355, 134.906 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

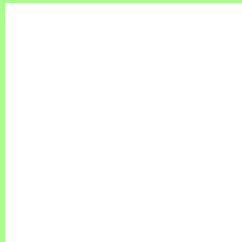
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 64.355, 134.906

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 64.355, 134.906.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 64.355, 134.906.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
92, 64.355, 134.906

Protanopia
92, 50.403, 95.779

Deuteranopia
92, 18.686, 72.567

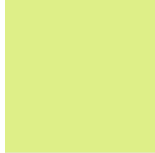


Tritanopia
92, 16.051, 232.099

Trichromacy



Original Color
92, 64.355, 134.906



Protanomaly
91, 52.114, 113.523



Deuteranomaly
91, 30.533, 116.412

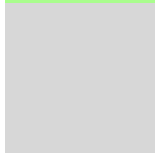


Tritanomaly
92, 25.683, 160.616

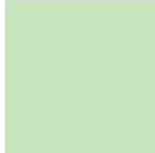
Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 64.355, 134.906



Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
88, 24.249, 136.646

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 64.355, 134.906 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 253, 141)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 253, 141)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 253, 141) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 253, 141) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 64.355, 134.906 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 253, 141) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 253, 141) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 253, 141)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 253, 141); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 253, 141);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 253,  
141) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 64.355, 134.906 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 253, 141) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
253, 141) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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