

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 68.202, 133.758)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 68.202, 133.758)
contains.

CIELCh(92, 68.400, 133.600)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(92, 68.400, 133.600)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8FE85
RGB	168, 254, 133
RGB Percent	66%, 100%, 52%
CMY	0.3422, 0.0049, 0.4794
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.48, 0.00
HSL	103°, 98%, 76%
HSV	103°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	55.6723, 80.7044, 34.7475
YIQ	214.4920, -12.4150, -55.8630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

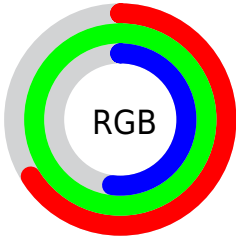
Format	Color
RYB	133, 254, 219
Decimal	11075205
CIELab	92.00, -47.17, 49.53
CIElCh	92, 68.400, 133.600
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3253, 0.4716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289265285 (0xFFA8FE85)
YUV	214.4920, -40.1756, -40.7735
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -46.5936, 39.9522

Details

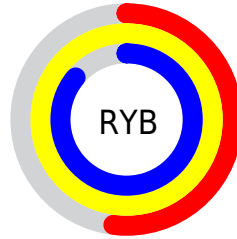
The CIELCh color **92, 68.400, 133.600** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **69, 70.704, 318.089**, and the grayscale version is **86, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 35.568, 125.395**, and **72, 68.653, 133.674** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **91, 81.446, 133.070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93, 54.537, 134.175**.

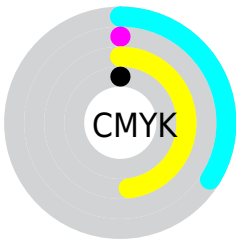
Distribution



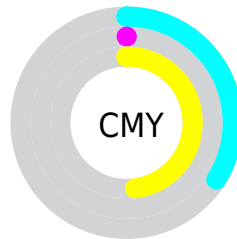
- Red (66%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 68.400, 133.600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 68.400, 133.600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92, 68.400,
133.600

■ 92, 68.400,
133.600

■ 100, 68.400,
133.600

■ 82, 68.400,
133.600

■ 72, 68.400,
133.600

■ 62, 68.400,
133.600

■ 52, 68.400,
133.600

■ 42, 68.400,
133.600

■ 32, 68.400,
133.600

■ 22, 68.400,

133.600

■ 12, 68.400,
133.600

■ 2, 68.400, 133.600

■ 92, 68.400,
133.600

■ 92, 68.400,
133.600

■ 91, 81.446,
133.070

■ 93, 54.537,
134.175

■ 90, 93.186,
132.669

■ 95, 40.208,
134.742

■ 89, 103.015,
132.518

■ 96, 25.670,
135.274

■ 89, 110.311,
132.748

■ 98, 11.106,
135.764

■ 88, 114.781,
133.417

100, 0.787,
324.076

■ 88, 115.570,
133.583

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 68.400, 133.600



69, 70.704, 318.089

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



92, 68.400, 133.600



92, 68.400, 183.600



92, 68.400, 313.600



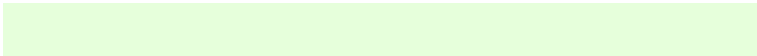
92, 68.400, 3.600

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 68.401, 133.601



97, 20.390, 135.458



88, 46.213, 87.446



52, 14.086, 135.351



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 68.401, 133.601



91, 80.916, 133.102



91, 64.911, 146.277



52, 8.265, 135.677



68, 93.191, 133.375



23, 41.431, 132.312

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 70.704, 318.089



64, 84.012, 318.380



72, 64.845, 333.729



50, 8.330, 316.462



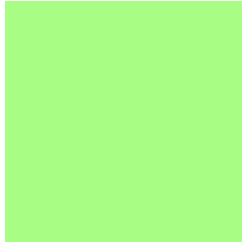
36, 96.271, 317.686



8, 44.019, 318.823

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 68.400, 133.600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

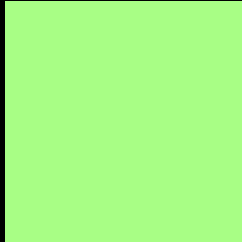
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 68.400, 133.600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

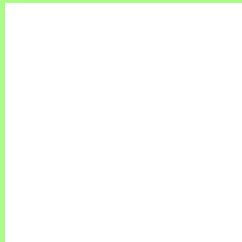
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 68.400, 133.600

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 68.400, 133.600.

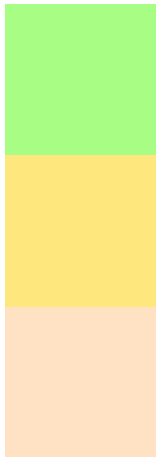


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 68.400, 133.600.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

92, 68.400, 133.600

Protanopia

92, 54.227, 95.689

Deuteranopia

92, 19.547, 74.204

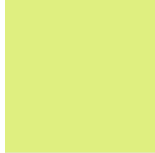


Tritanopia
92, 16.307, 231.495

Trichromacy



Original Color
92, 68.400, 133.600



Protanomaly
91, 55.776, 112.365

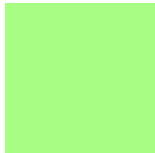


Deuteranomaly
91, 33.081, 116.255

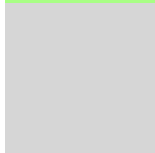


Tritanomaly
92, 26.983, 158.491

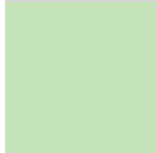
Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 68.400, 133.600



Achromatopsia
86, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
87, 25.653, 135.002

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 68.400, 133.600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 254, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 254, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 254, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 254, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 68.400, 133.600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 254, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 254, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 254, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 254, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 254, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 254,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 68.400, 133.600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 254, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
254, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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