

Converting Colors

CIE LCh(92, 7.993, 195.229)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 7.993, 195.229) contains.

CIELCh(92, 7.993, 195.229)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(92, 7.993, 195.229)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6EDEC
RGB	214, 237, 236
RGB Percent	84%, 93%, 93%
CMY	0.1618, 0.0716, 0.0756
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	177°, 39%, 88%
HSV	177°, 10%, 93%
XYZ	72.9575, 80.7044, 90.8795
YIQ	230.0090, -13.3870, -5.1870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

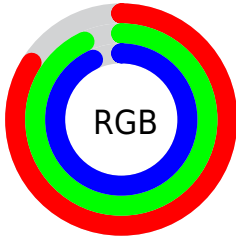
Format	Color
R _Y B	214, 226, 237
Decimal	14085612
CIE Lab	92.00, -7.71, -2.10
CIE LCh	92, 7.993, 195.229
Yxy	80.7044, 0.2983, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292275692 (0xFFD6EDEC)
YUV	230.0090, 2.9536, -14.0399
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -12.2486, 2.9060

Details

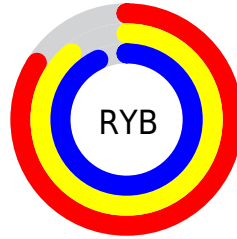
The CIELCh color **92, 7.993, 195.229** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **87, 8.461, 16.430**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 8.002, 194.900** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 15.804, 194.535**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 0.242, 13.237**.

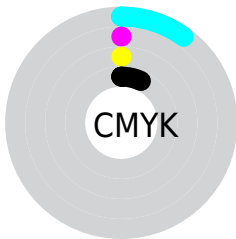
Distribution



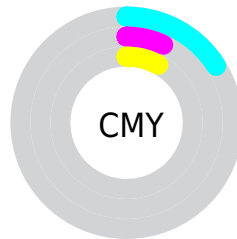
- Red (84%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 7.993, 195.229 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 7.993, 195.229 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92, 7.993, 195.229

■ 92, 7.993, 195.229

■ 100, 7.993,
195.229

■ 82, 7.993, 195.229

■ 72, 7.993, 195.229

■ 62, 7.993, 195.229

■ 52, 7.993, 195.229

■ 42, 7.993, 195.229

■ 32, 7.993, 195.229

■ 22, 7.993, 195.229

■ 12, 7.993, 195.229

■ 2, 7.993, 195.229

92, 7.993, 195.229

92, 7.993, 195.229

90, 15.804,
194.535

94, 0.242, 13.237

89, 23.054,
193.898

95, 6.575, 15.024

88, 29.602,
193.287

95, 6.633, 10.476

87, 35.316,
192.699

95, 6.733, 6.036

95, 6.873, 1.753

86, 40.082,
192.128

95, 7.050, 357.664

95, 7.262, 353.797

86, 43.824,
191.566

95, 7.506, 350.167

85, 46.520,
191.004

95, 7.778, 346.781

85, 48.217,
190.429

■ 85, 49.105,
189.833

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 7.993, 195.229



87, 8.461, 16.430

Rectangle

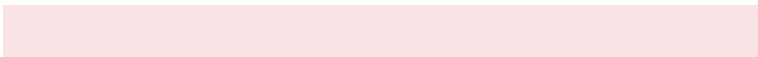
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



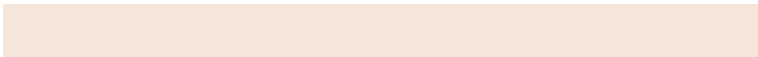
92, 7.993, 195.229



92, 7.993, 245.229



92, 7.993, 15.229



92, 7.993, 65.229

Sweetspot

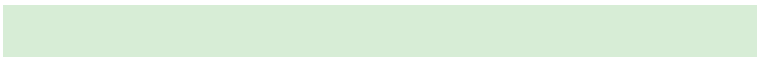
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 7.994, 195.216



99, 2.659, 195.826



92, 14.314, 142.580



53, 2.013, 195.721



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 7.994, 195.216



98, 10.430, 195.050



89, 6.865, 251.086



48, 4.643, 195.235



67, 40.159, 189.923



19, 17.097, 190.839

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 8.461, 16.430



92, 11.197, 16.641



90, 7.080, 68.640



46, 4.907, 16.407



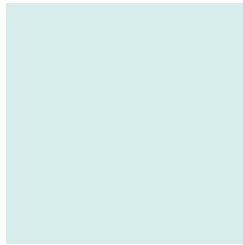
38, 78.962, 38.225



7, 28.352, 20.944

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 7.993, 195.229 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

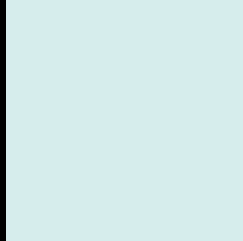
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 7.993, 195.229 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

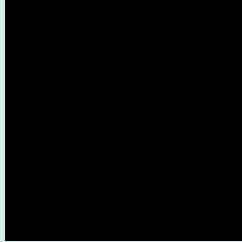
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

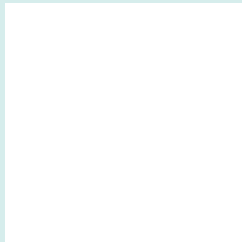
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 7.993, 195.229

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 7.993, 195.229.

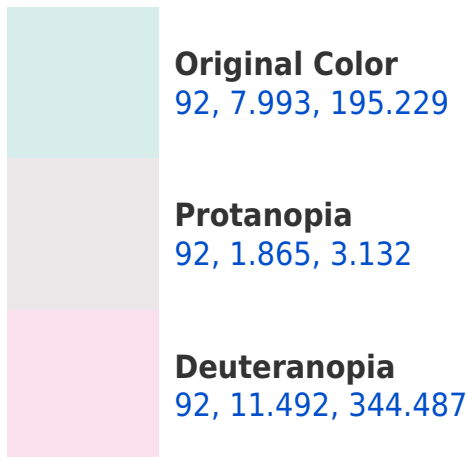


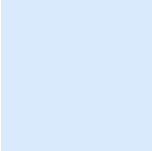
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 7.993, 195.229.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

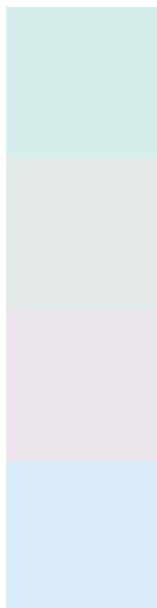
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 11.248, 260.384

Trichromacy



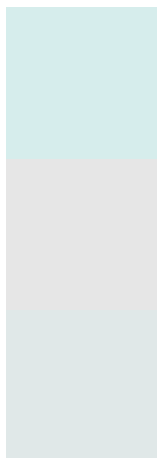
Original Color
92, 7.993, 195.229

Protanomaly
92, 1.765, 199.636

Deuteranomaly
92, 5.050, 324.570

Tritanomaly
92, 8.852, 243.793

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 7.993, 195.229

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 2.818, 199.432

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 7.993, 195.229 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 237, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 237, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 237, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 237, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 7.993, 195.229 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 237, 236) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 237, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 237, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 237, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 237, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 237,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 7.993, 195.229 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 237, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
237, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor