

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 8.431, 19.923)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 8.431, 19.923) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(92, 8.356, 19.918)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAE3E3
RGB	250, 227, 227
RGB Percent	98%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.0201, 0.1103, 0.1103
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.09, 0.02
HSL	0°, 69%, 93%
HSV	0°, 9%, 98%
XYZ	80.6566, 80.7044, 83.9045
YIQ	233.8770, 13.7080, 4.8760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

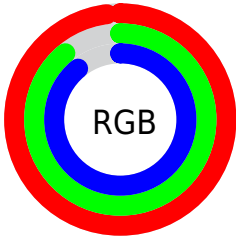
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	250, 227, 227
Decimal	16442339
CIE Lab	92.00, 7.86, 2.85
CIE LCh	92, 8.356, 19.918
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3289, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294632419 (0xFFFAE3E3)
YUV	233.8770, -3.3904, 14.1399
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, 3.0492, 7.5094

# Details

The CIELCh color **92, 8.356, 19.918** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **97, 7.880, 198.998**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 8.058, 20.039** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85, 18.138, 20.788**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 0.693, 200.324**.

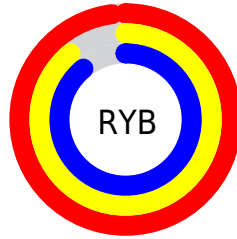
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (89%)

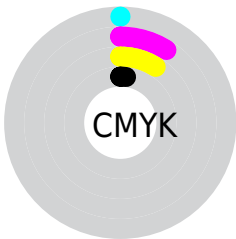
Blue (89%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)

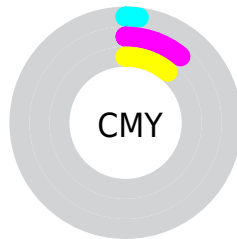


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 8.356, 19.918 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 8.356, 19.918 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





92, 8.356, 19.918

92, 8.356, 19.918

85, 18.138, 20.788

99, 0.693, 200.324

79, 28.669, 21.859

100, 1.781,  
199.664

73, 39.894, 23.254

67, 51.665, 25.081

62, 63.717, 27.453

58, 75.661, 30.442

55, 86.942, 33.954

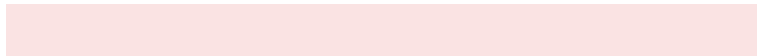
53, 96.518, 37.447

52, 102.555,  
39.832

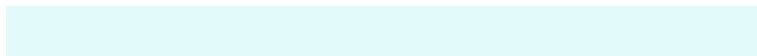
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



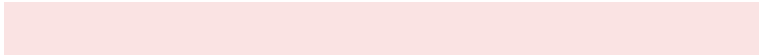
92, 8.356, 19.918



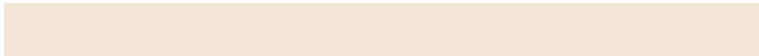
97, 7.880, 198.998

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



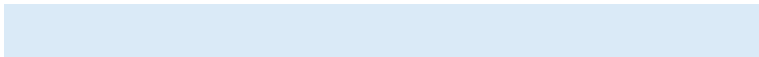
92, 8.356, 19.918



92, 8.356, 69.918



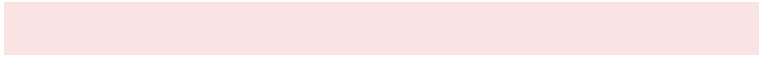
92, 8.356, 199.918



92, 8.356, 249.918

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 8.354, 19.933



98, 2.702, 19.358



93, 14.419, 324.929



52, 2.054, 19.459



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

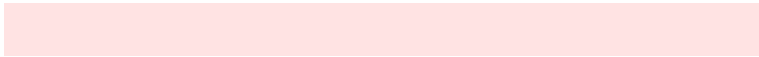


# Same Dimension

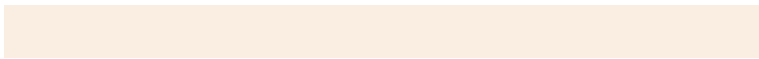
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 8.354, 19.933



92, 10.224, 20.078



95, 7.200, 74.231



49, 5.166, 19.957



39, 83.389, 40.002



9, 32.191, 26.149





# Inverse Universe

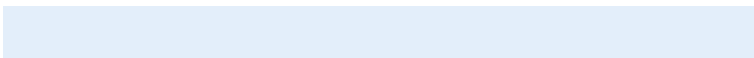
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 7.880, 198.998



98, 9.529, 198.889



94, 7.047, 256.686



51, 4.863, 198.980



69, 39.953, 196.415

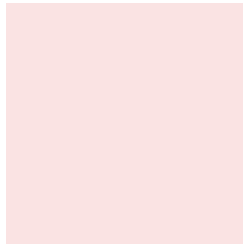


23, 18.077, 196.411



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 8.356, 19.918 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

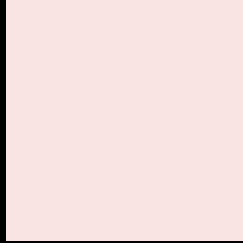
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 8.356, 19.918 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

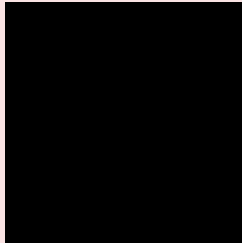
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

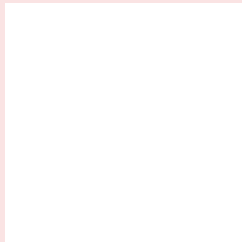
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 92, 8.356, 19.918**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 8.356, 19.918.

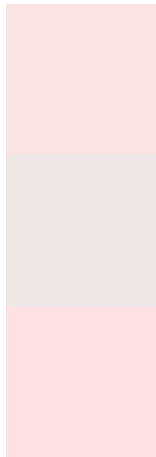


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 8.356, 19.918.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


92, 8.356, 19.918

### Protanopia

92, 2.373, 45.016

### Deuteranopia

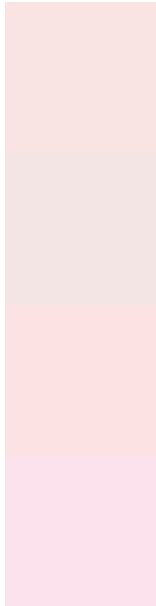
92, 11.027, 12.109



**Tritanopia**  
92, 13.045, 338.042



# Trichromacy



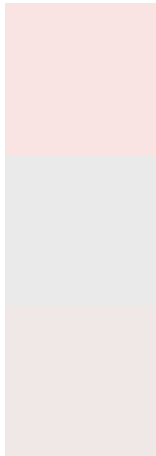
**Original Color**  
92, 8.356, 19.918

**Protanomaly**  
92, 4.712, 25.872

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 9.869, 14.070

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 10.364, 350.281

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 8.356, 19.918

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 3.225, 19.437

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 8.356, 19.918 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 227, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 227, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 227, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 227, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 8.356, 19.918 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 227, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 227, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 227, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 227, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 227, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 227,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 8.356, 19.918 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 227, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
227, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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