

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 8.753, 23.308)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 8.753, 23.308) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(92, 8.753, 23.308)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBE3E2
RGB	251, 227, 226
RGB Percent	98%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.0169, 0.1109, 0.1149
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.10, 0.02
HSL	2°, 74%, 93%
HSV	2°, 10%, 98%
XYZ	80.7499, 80.7044, 83.0608
YIQ	234.0620, 14.6250, 4.7770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

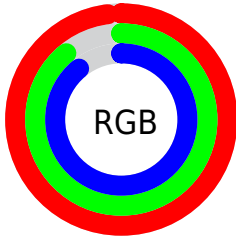
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 227, 226
Decimal	16507874
CIE Lab	92.00, 8.04, 3.46
CIE LCh	92, 8.753, 23.308
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3302, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294697954 (0xFFFB E3E2)
YUV	234.0620, -3.9746, 14.8546
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, 3.2347, 8.0662

# Details

The CIELCh color **92, 8.753, 23.308** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **97, 8.204, 202.564**, and the grayscale version is **93, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 8.484, 23.721** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86, 18.259, 24.036**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **99, 0.028, 227.217**.

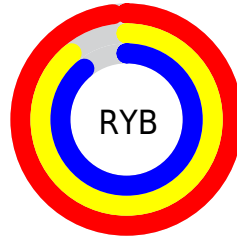
# Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (89%)

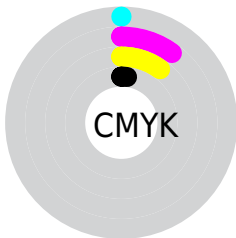
Blue (89%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)

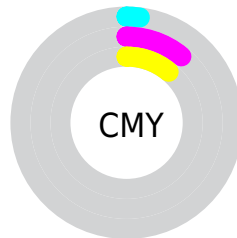


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 8.753, 23.308 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 8.753, 23.308 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





92, 8.753, 23.308

92, 8.753, 23.308

86, 18.259, 24.036

99, 0.028, 227.217

79, 28.521, 24.949

100, 1.494,  
199.754

74, 39.506, 26.158

68, 51.105, 27.755

63, 63.099, 29.831

59, 75.137, 32.434

56, 86.649, 35.450

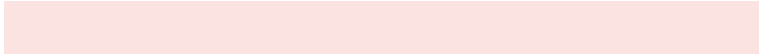
54, 96.480, 38.351

53, 102.736,  
40.281

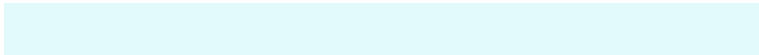
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 8.753, 23.308



97, 8.204, 202.564

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



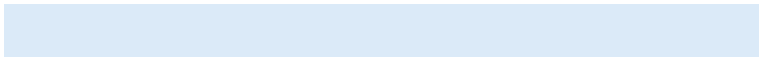
92, 8.753, 23.308



92, 8.753, 73.308



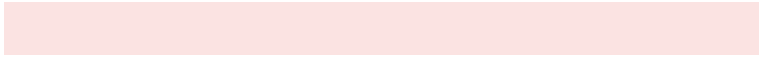
92, 8.753, 203.308



92, 8.753, 253.308

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 8.751, 23.323



98, 2.596, 22.776



92, 15.317, 325.881



52, 1.974, 22.869



0, 0.000, 0.000

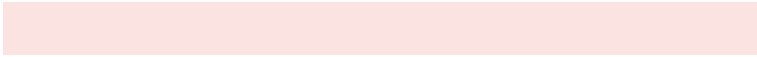


53, 0.007, 296.813

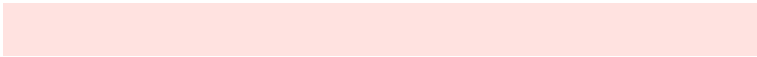


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 8.751, 23.323



92, 10.770, 23.458



95, 8.018, 77.636



49, 4.968, 23.292



39, 82.836, 40.411



9, 31.360, 28.183



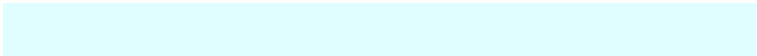


# Inverse Universe

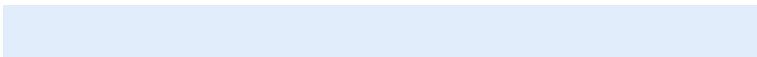
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 8.204, 202.564



98, 9.957, 202.473



93, 7.871, 260.333



51, 4.672, 202.586



67, 37.840, 202.963

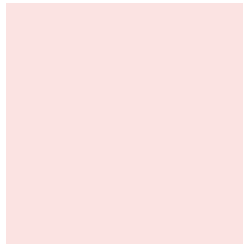


22, 17.231, 202.090



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 8.753, 23.308 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

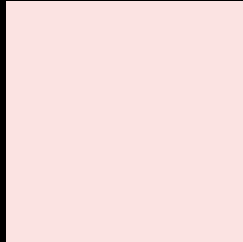
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 8.753, 23.308 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

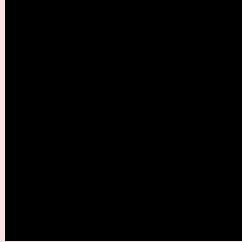
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

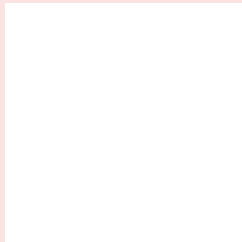
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 92, 8.753, 23.308

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 8.753, 23.308.

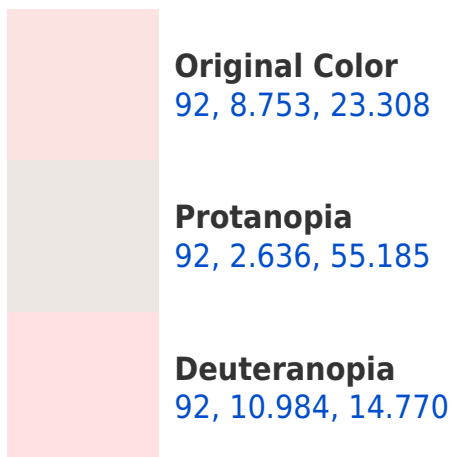


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 8.753, 23.308.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

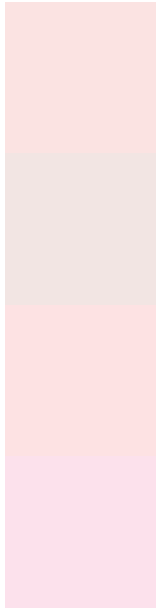




**Tritanopia**  
92, 13.922, 338.512



# Trichromacy



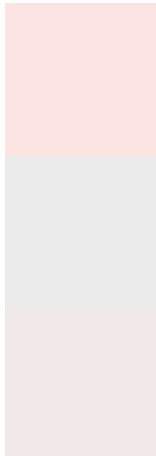
**Original Color**  
92, 8.753, 23.308

**Protanomaly**  
92, 4.799, 31.988

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 9.843, 17.050

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 11.248, 349.900

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 8.753, 23.308

**Achromatopsia**  
93, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
92, 3.225, 19.437

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 8.753, 23.308 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 227, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 227, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 227, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 227, 226) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 8.753, 23.308 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 227, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 227, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 227, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 227, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 227, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 227,  
226) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 8.753, 23.308 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 227, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
227, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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