

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 9.224, 147.635)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 9.224, 147.635) contains.

CIELCh(92, 9.267, 147.664)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(92, 9.267, 147.664)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DCECDE
RGB	220, 236, 222
RGB Percent	86%, 93%, 87%
CMY	0.1361, 0.0734, 0.1283
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.06, 0.07
HSL	127°, 30%, 90%
HSV	127°, 7%, 93%
XYZ	72.9013, 80.7044, 81.0411
YIQ	229.6200, -5.0420, -7.7460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

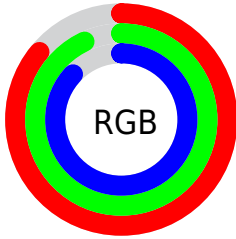
Format	Color
R _{YB}	220, 234, 236
Decimal	14478558
CIE Lab	92.00, -7.83, 4.96
CIE LCh	92, 9.267, 147.664
Yxy	80.7044, 0.3107, 0.3439
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292668638 (0xFFDCECDE)
YUV	229.6200, -3.7567, -8.4367
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -12.3603, 9.3992

Details

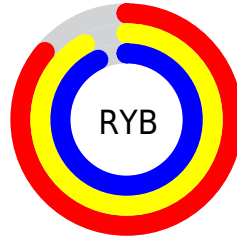
The CIELCh color **92, 9.267, 147.664** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **89, 9.293, 328.405**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 9.096, 147.828** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 23.086, 146.945**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 4.390, 328.150**.

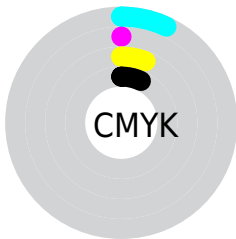
Distribution



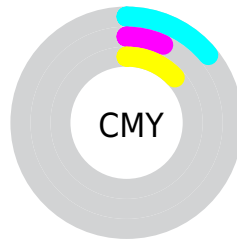
- Red (86%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 9.267, 147.664 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 9.267, 147.664 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 92, 9.267, 147.664

 92, 9.267, 147.664

 100, 9.267,
147.664

 82, 9.267, 147.664

 72, 9.267, 147.664

 62, 9.267, 147.664

 52, 9.267, 147.664

 42, 9.267, 147.664

 32, 9.267, 147.664

 22, 9.267, 147.664

 12, 9.267, 147.664

 2, 9.267, 147.664

92, 9.267, 147.664

92, 9.267, 147.664

90, 23.086,
146.945

94, 4.390, 328.150

88, 36.892,
146.124

95, 11.673,
324.821

87, 50.468,
145.172


85, 63.539,
144.074

84, 75.778,
142.831

83, 86.820,
141.462

83, 96.280,
140.023

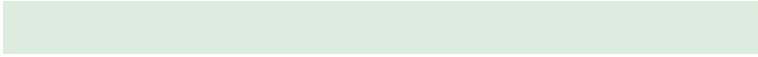
82, 103.782,
138.610

 82, 109.028,
137.360

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



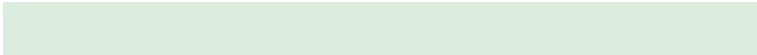
92, 9.267, 147.664



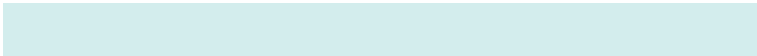
89, 9.293, 328.405

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



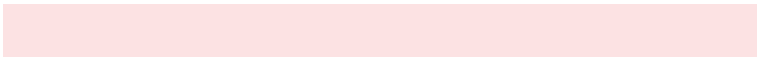
92, 9.267, 147.664



92, 9.267, 197.664



92, 9.267, 327.664



92, 9.267, 17.664

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 9.269, 147.663



100, 2.893, 148.044



93, 8.257, 114.224



53, 1.645, 148.056



0, 0.000, 0.000



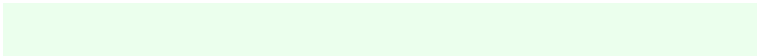
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 9.269, 147.663



98, 11.656, 147.576



92, 6.510, 169.921



48, 7.744, 147.477



64, 89.883, 137.254



18, 35.877, 140.546

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89, 9.293, 328.405



95, 11.683, 328.485



89, 6.611, 350.991



46, 7.761, 328.575



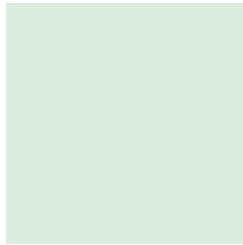
42, 81.040, 333.916



9, 35.200, 332.986

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 9.267, 147.664 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

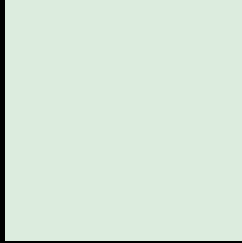
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 9.267, 147.664 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

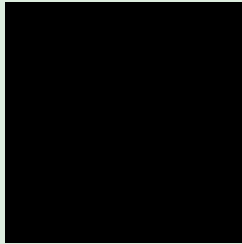
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

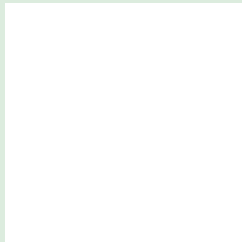
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 9.267, 147.664

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 9.267, 147.664.

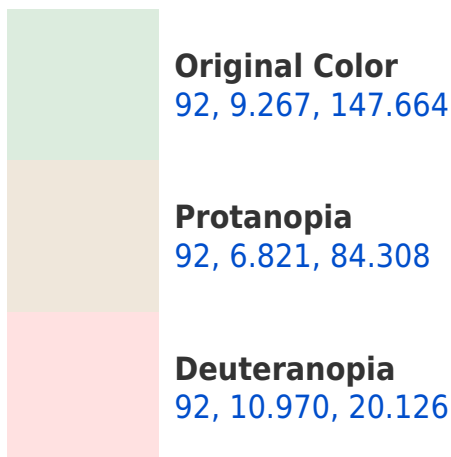


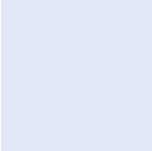
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 9.267, 147.664.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

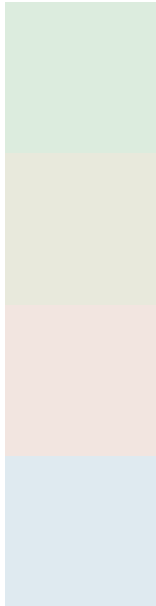
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 9.570, 276.466

Trichromacy



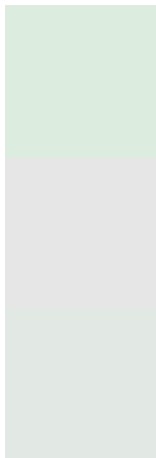
Original Color
92, 9.267, 147.664

Protanomaly
92, 6.708, 112.728

Deuteranomaly
92, 5.362, 48.285

Tritanomaly
92, 4.876, 238.908

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 9.267, 147.664

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
91, 3.368, 149.334

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 9.267, 147.664 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 236, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 236, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 236, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 236, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 9.267, 147.664 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 236, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 236, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 236, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 236, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 236, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 236,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 9.267, 147.664 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 236, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220,  
236, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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