

Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 9.975, 144.006)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(92, 9.975, 144.006) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(92, 9.471, 144.106)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDECDD
RGB	221, 236, 221
RGB Percent	87%, 93%, 87%
CMY	0.1327, 0.0739, 0.1327
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.06, 0.07
HSL	120°, 28%, 90%
HSV	120°, 6%, 93%
XYZ	72.9765, 80.7044, 80.2443
YIQ	229.8050, -4.1250, -7.8450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

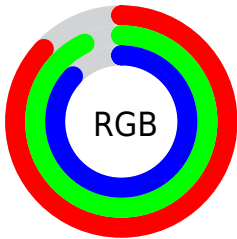
Format	Color
R_{YB}	221, 236, 236
Decimal	14544093
CIE _{Lab}	92.00, -7.67, 5.55
CIE _{LCh}	92, 9.471, 144.106
Y _{xy}	80.7044, 0.3120, 0.3450
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292734173 (0xFFDDECDD)
YUV	229.8050, -4.3409, -7.7220
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -12.2108, 9.9251

Details

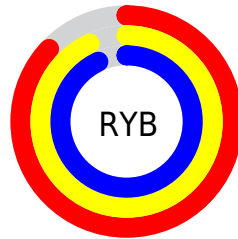
The CIELCh color **92, 9.471, 144.106** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **90, 9.493, 324.761**, and the grayscale version is **91, 0.011, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100, 0.012, 296.813**, and **72, 9.310, 144.021** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **90, 24.532, 143.426**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94, 5.403, 324.581**.

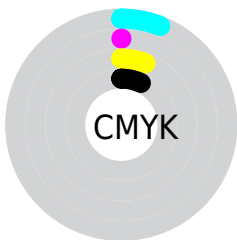
Distribution



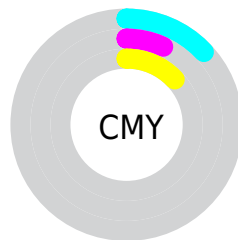
- Red (87%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 9.471, 144.106 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 9.471, 144.106 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 92, 9.471, 144.106

■ 92, 9.471, 144.106

■ 100, 9.471,
144.106

■ 82, 9.471, 144.106

■ 72, 9.471, 144.106

■ 62, 9.471, 144.106

■ 52, 9.471, 144.106

■ 42, 9.471, 144.106

■ 32, 9.471, 144.106

■ 22, 9.471, 144.106

■ 12, 9.471, 144.106

■ 2, 9.471, 144.106

92, 9.471, 144.106

92, 9.471, 144.106

90, 24.532,
143.426

94, 5.403, 324.581

88, 39.580,
142.644

95, 11.755,
324.824

86, 54.353,
141.740


85, 68.500,
140.716

84, 81.583,
139.599

83, 93.066,
138.455

82, 102.343,
137.399

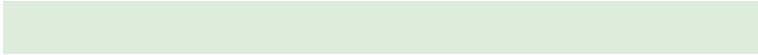
82, 108.831,
136.581

 82, 112.248,
136.122

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



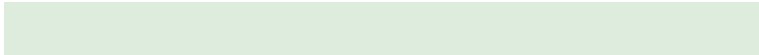
92, 9.471, 144.106



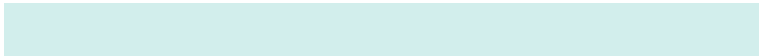
90, 9.493, 324.761

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



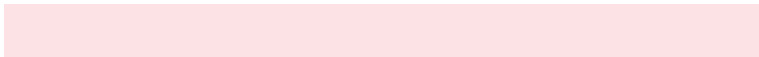
92, 9.471, 144.106



92, 9.471, 194.106



92, 9.471, 324.106



92, 9.471, 14.106

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 9.473, 144.106



100, 3.155, 144.429



93, 7.707, 109.557



53, 1.793, 144.439



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 9.473, 144.106



98, 12.711, 143.996



92, 6.613, 163.194



48, 8.445, 143.902



64, 92.620, 136.016



18, 38.236, 138.276

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90, 9.493, 324.761



95, 12.733, 324.860



90, 6.677, 344.109



46, 8.457, 324.943



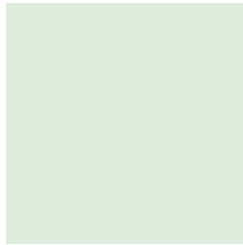
43, 89.362, 328.233



9, 38.267, 328.233

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 9.471, 144.106 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

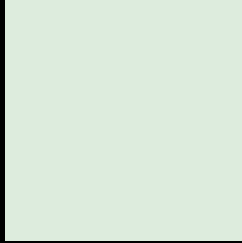
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 9.471, 144.106 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

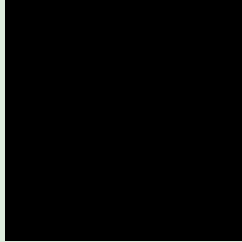
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

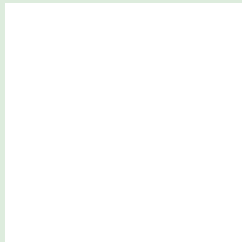
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 92, 9.471, 144.106

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 9.471, 144.106.

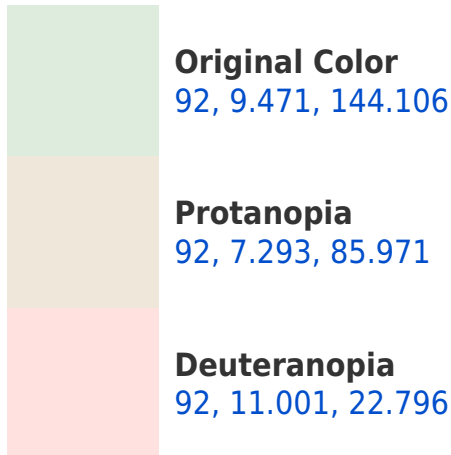


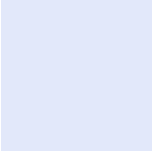
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 9.471, 144.106.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

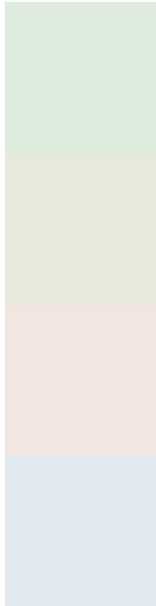
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
92, 9.498, 278.458

Trichromacy



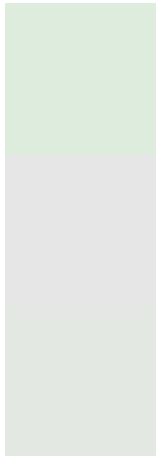
Original Color
92, 9.471, 144.106

Protanomaly
92, 7.209, 109.590

Deuteranomaly
92, 5.944, 50.920

Tritanomaly
92, 4.617, 241.638

Monochromacy



Original Color
92, 9.471, 144.106

Achromatopsia
91, 0.011, 296.813

Achromatomaly
92, 3.150, 144.413

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 9.471, 144.106 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 236, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 236, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 236, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 236, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 9.471, 144.106 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 236, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 236, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 236, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 236, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 236, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 236,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 9.471, 144.106 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 236, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
236, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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