

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(92, 9.994, 235.007)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(92, 9.994, 235.007) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(92, 9.800, 234.620)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4ECF7
RGB	212, 236, 247
RGB Percent	83%, 93%, 97%
CMY	0.1686, 0.0745, 0.0314
CMYK	0.14, 0.04, 0.00, 0.03
HSL	199°, 69%, 90%
HSV	199°, 14%, 97%
XYZ	73.9362, 80.7044, 99.6778
YIQ	230.0780, -17.8350, -1.6670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

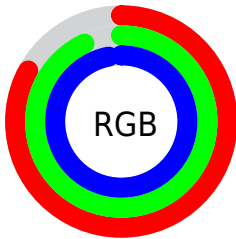
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	212, 226, 247
Decimal	13954295
CIE Lab	92.00, -5.67, -7.99
CIE LCh	92, 9.800, 234.620
Yxy	80.7044, 0.2907, 0.3173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292144375 (0xFFD4ECF7)
YUV	230.0780, 8.3425, -15.8544
Hunter-Lab	89.8356, -10.3039, -2.9007

# Details

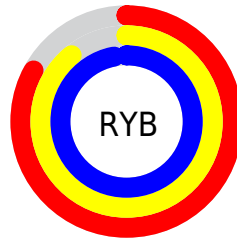
The CIELCh color `92, 9.800, 234.620` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCFFFF`. A complement of this color would be `90, 10.585, 52.266`, and the grayscale version is `91, 0.011, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 0.012, 296.813`, and `72, 9.925, 236.183` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `88, 16.322, 235.736`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `96, 2.944, 233.835`.

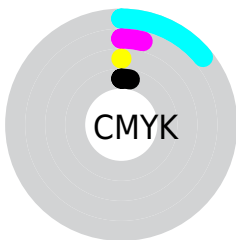
# Distribution



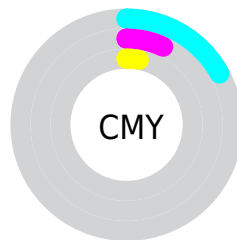
- Red (83%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (3%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (3%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 92, 9.800, 234.620 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 92, 9.800, 234.620 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 92, 9.800, 234.620

 92, 9.800, 234.620

 100, 9.800,  
234.620

 82, 9.800, 234.620

 72, 9.800, 234.620

 62, 9.800, 234.620

 52, 9.800, 234.620

 42, 9.800, 234.620

 32, 9.800, 234.620

 22, 9.800, 234.620

 12, 9.800, 234.620

 2, 9.800, 234.620

92, 9.800, 234.620

92, 9.800, 234.620

88, 16.322,  
235.736

96, 2.944, 233.835

85, 22.430,  
237.181

99, 2.585, 81.651

82, 28.044,  
239.011

100, 4.044,  
109.857

78, 33.095,  
241.311

75, 37.539,  
244.173

72, 41.386,  
247.682

70, 44.715,  
251.884

67, 47.692,  
256.740

■ 66, 49.396,  
259.733

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



92, 9.800, 234.620



90, 10.585, 52.266

# Rectangle

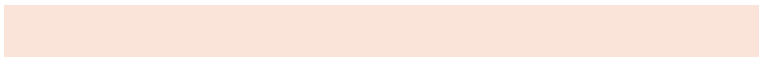
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



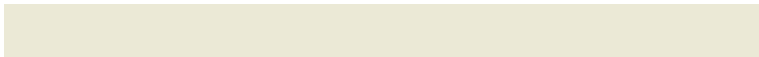
92, 9.800, 234.620



92, 9.800, 284.620



92, 9.800, 54.620



92, 9.800, 104.620

# Sweetspot

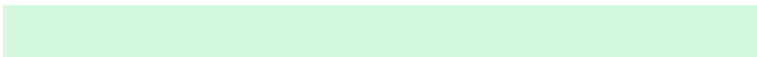
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



92, 9.800, 234.608



98, 2.899, 233.830



94, 17.772, 153.270



52, 2.057, 233.859



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



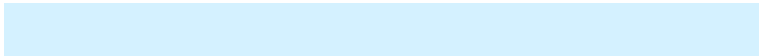


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



92, 9.800, 234.608



94, 11.988, 234.900



88, 14.778, 282.190



49, 3.941, 234.183



51, 39.572, 258.747



15, 16.514, 250.875



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88, 17.708, 335.846



89, 21.839, 336.063



95, 14.545, 98.761



48, 7.027, 335.493



41, 72.217, 345.957

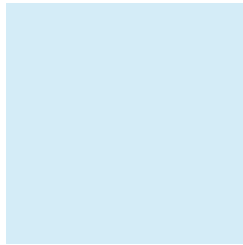


10, 32.981, 342.927



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 92, 9.800, 234.620 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

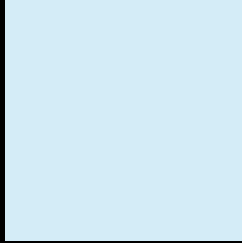
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 92, 9.800, 234.620 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

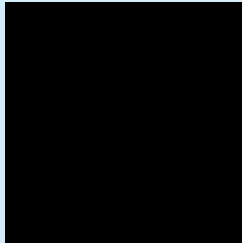
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 92, 9.800, 234.620

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 9.800, 234.620.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 92, 9.800, 234.620.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

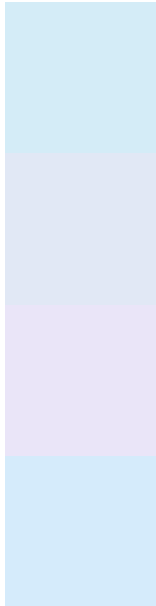






**Tritanopia**  
92, 12.116, 253.565

# Trichromacy



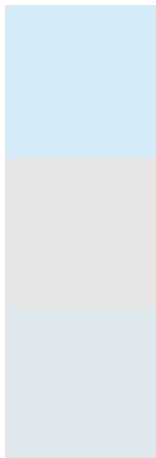
**Original Color**  
92, 9.800, 234.620

**Protanomaly**  
92, 7.106, 270.883

**Deuteranomaly**  
92, 10.023, 300.890

**Tritanomaly**  
92, 10.957, 248.353

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
92, 9.800, 234.620

**Achromatopsia**  
91, 0.011, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
91, 3.738, 233.076

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 92, 9.800, 234.620 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 236, 247)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 236, 247)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 236, 247) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 236, 247) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 92, 9.800, 234.620 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 236, 247) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 236, 247) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 236, 247)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 236, 247); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 236, 247);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 236,  
247) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 92, 9.800, 234.620 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 236, 247) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
236, 247) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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